FOREWORD

- Thank you very much for purchasing our tractor which will give you many years of reliable service.
- The introduction in this manual sets out the correct manner of operating, maintaining and checking the tractor to ensure long-term durability.
- Please ensure correct operation of the tractor as incorrect can cause substantial mechanical damage as well as cause accidents with the associated injuries.
- Please note that in some cases differences can exist between this manual and your tractor due to the manufacture's policy of constant product improvement.
- In the event that you encounter a problem not covered by this manual, please contact your nearest dealer who will assist you in resolving your problem.



CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING

The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

WARNING SIGNS IN THIS MANUAL

The following warning signs in this manual draw additional attention to items of importance for the safe and correct operation of the tractor.

SIGNS	MEANING OF THE SIGN
⚠ DANGER	This indicates that a condition may result in harm, serious injury or death to you or other persons if the warning is not heeded. Follow the advice provided with the warning signs.
A WARNING	Hazard or unsafe practice that can lead to severe injury or death.
(A CAUTION	Hazard or unsafe practice that can lead in injury or death.
[IMPORTANT	Instructions for the correct operation of the machine which, if followed, will ensure that it performs at its best.

All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on latest information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make change at any time without a notice.

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A. GENERAL INFORMATION

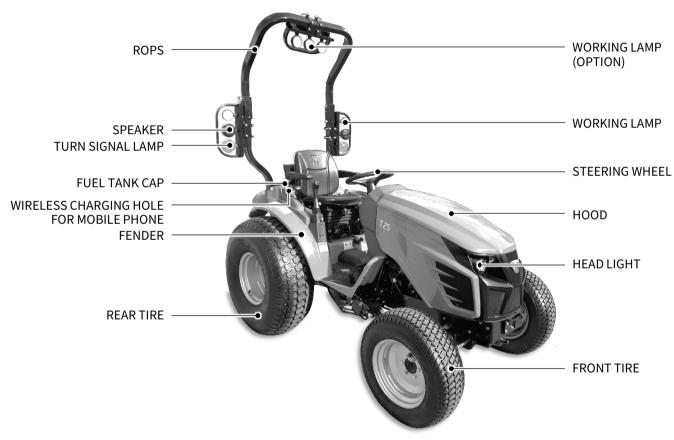
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GENERAL INFORMATION

1. EXTERIOR VIEW

► RIGHT SIDE OF TRACTOR



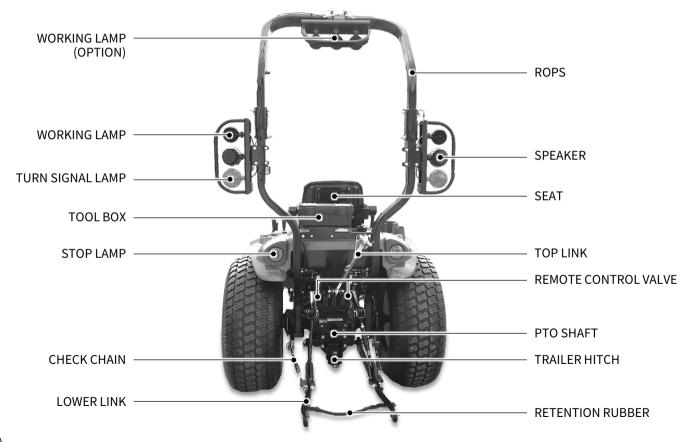


► LEFT SIDE OF TRACTOR



GENERAL INFORMATION

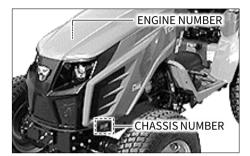
▶ BACK SIDE OF TRACTOR





2. TRACTOR IDENTIFICATION

► TYPE OR NUMBER OF ENGINE & CHASSIS



The engine and chassis number are stamped as shown in the drawing above.

▶ WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCT

The manufacturer warrants this product and full details of the warranty are provided on a separate warranty schedule.

▶ SERVICE & PARTS

SERVICE

Service is available from any TYM dealer in the country.

PARTS

To obtain spare parts please contact your nearest dealer and give him the details listed below.

- Tractor model
- Tractor serial number
- Tractor engine number
- Part number and description
- Quantity required

GENERAL INFORMATION

3. ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This manual has been prepared to assist you in following/adopting the correct procedure for running-in operation and maintenance of your new TYM CO., LTD tractor.

Your tractor has been designed and built to give maximum performance, with good fuel economy and ease of operation under a wide variety of operating conditions.

Prior to delivery, the tractor was carefully inspected, both at the factory and by your TYM Dealer/Distributor, to ensure that it reaches you in optimum conditions.

To maintain this condition and ensure trouble free performance, it is important that the routine services, as specified in this manual, are carried out at the recommended intervals.

Read this manual carefully and keep it in a convenient place for future reference.

If at any time you require advice concerning your tractor, do not hesitate to contact your authorized TYM dealer / distributor.

He has trained personnel, genuine parts and necessary equipment to undertake all your service requirements.

Manufacturer's policy is one of continuous improvement, and the right to change prices, specifications or equipment at any time without notice is reserved.

All data given in this book is subject to production variations.

Dimensions & weight are approximate only and the illustrations do not necessarily show tractors in standard condition.

For exact information about any particular tractor, please consult your TYM dealer / distributor.



4. INTRODUCTION & DESCRIPTION

▶ INTRODUCTION OF A TRACTOR

The word, 'tractor' has been derived from 'traction' which means pulling. A tractor is required to pull or haul an equipment, implement or trolley which are coupled to the tractor body through suitable linkage.

A tractor can also be used as a prime mover as it has a power outlet source which is also called Power Take or PTO shaft.

In this book the operating, maintenance and storage instructions for all models of TYM diesel tractors has been complied. This material has been prepared in detail to help you in the better understanding of maintenance and efficient operation of the machine.

If you need any information not given in this manual, or require the services of a trained mechanic, please get in touch with the TYM dealer / distributor in your locality. Dealer / distributors are kept informed of the latest methods of servicing tractors.

They stock genuine spare parts and are backed by the company's full support.

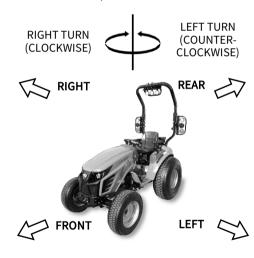
Through this manual, the use of the terms LEFT, RIGHT, FRONT and REAR must be understood, to avoid any confusion when following the introductions.

The LEFT and RIGHT means left and right sides of the tractor when facing forward in the driver's seat, reference to the FRONT indicates the radiator end of the tractor, while the REAR, indicates the drawbar end.

When spare parts are required, always specify the tractor and engine serial number when ordering these parts. This will facilitate faster delivery and help ensure that the correct parts for your particular tractor is received.

The tractor serial number is punched on a plate attached to the left hand side of the engine body.

For easy reference, we suggest you to write the number in the space provided in the owner's personal data.



GENERAL INFORMATION

▶ DESCRIPTION

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION

The transmission case, engine and front axle support are bolted together to form a rigid unit.

FRONT AXLE & WHEEL

The 4WD front axle is a center-pivot, reverse eliot type.

The front wheel drive mechanism is incorporated as a part of the axle. The front wheel drive power is taken off the rear transmission and transmitted to the differential in the front axle where the power is divided into right and left and to the respective final cases.

In the final cases, the transmitted revolution is reduced by the level gears to drive the front wheel.

The 4WD mechanism with level gears provides wider steering and greater durability.

ENGINE

The tractors are fitted with fuel efficient engines with 3 cylinders of designed by YANMAR engines.

TRANSMISSION

Tractor with IPTO (Independent Power Take Off) are fitted.

The transmission gear box has 2 forward & 2 reverse CVT speeds with sub shift lever.

Presently, TYM tractors are fitted with partial synchro mesh type gears.

BRAKES

TYM tractors are provided with independent disc brakes operated by two brake rods' movement.
Use parking brake lever in case of parking the tractor.

REAR AXLE & WHEELS

This is mounted on ball bearings and is enclosed in removable housing which are bolted to the transmission case. The rim & disc fitted with rear tires are bolted to the outer flange of rear axle.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM & LINKAGES

TYM tractors are fitted with live independent, very touch of hydraulic system.

Three point linkages can be used for category 1 type of implements.

STEERING

It consists of hydrostatic power steering system, which has a hydraulic cylinder and single type hydraulic pump.



5. OWNER ASSISTANCE

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

A 12 volt lead acid propylene battery is used to activate the engine through the starter motor and the electrical system comprising horn, head lamp.

Side indicator lamps, plough lamp, brake light, gauge lamp, hazard lamp.

Generator or alternator, fuse box also from part of the electrical system.

MARNING

 When operating the tractor at high speed, do not attempt to make sharp turns by using the brakes.
 This may result in overturning of the tractor causing serious injury or death. We at TYM CO., LTD and your TYM dealer / distributor wants you to be completely satisfied with your investment.

Normally any problems with your equipment will be handled by your dealer / distributor's service departments, however, misunderstanding can occur. If you feel that your problem has not been handled to your satisfaction, we suggest the following.

Contact the owner or general manager of the dealership, explain the problem, and request assistance.

When additional assistance is needed, your dealer / distributor has direct access to your office.

If you cannot obtain satisfaction by doing this, contact the TYM CO., LTD. office and provide them with;

- Your name, address and telephone number
- · Model and tractor serial number
- Dealer / distributor name & address
- Machine purchase date and Hours used
- · Nature of problem

Before contacting TYM CO., LTD office, be aware that your problem will likely to be resolved in the dealership using the dealer's / distributor's facilities, equipment and personnel.

So it is important that your initial contact be with the dealer / distributor.

GENERAL INFORMATION

6. ROPS (Roll Over Protective Structure)

▶ ROPS



TYM tractors are equipped with a frame for the protection of operators. In the case of cab tractors the frame is incorporated in the cab structure. The objective of the frame or cab structure is to protect the operator in the event of a roll over and they are designed to support the entire weight of the tractor in that event.

Each TYM ROPS frame or cab structure is designed and has been tested to meet industry and or government standards. Included in these tests were all mounting bases and bolts or other fasteners.

On some models the ROPS frame has a fold down feature, which can be used to enter low buildings etc.

Take care when lowering the upper section of the ROPS frame and take extreme care while driving the tractor with the ROPS frame lowered.

Do not wear the seat belt with the ROPS lowered and please remember that the fold down facility is for special circumstances only and must not be lowered for general use.

▲ DANGER

 For ROPS frames to be effective and protect the operator, the seat belt provided must be worn in order to keep operators within the ROPS protected area in the event of a roll over.

Failure to use the seat belt can still cause serious injury or death.

► USE OF TRACTOR WITH ROPS LOWERED CAN CAUSE FATAL INJURIES

As the ROPS frame or cab together with the seat belt was designed to meet certain standards, they must be maintained in good order and condition. To achieve this objective, both the structure and the seat belt should be inspected on a regular basis. (Every time the tractor is serviced)

In the event that the seat belt is damaged or frayed, it should be replaced and in the event that the ROPS frame or any part of the mounting structure is damaged or cracked, the faulty component must be replaced with a new unit.

Such a unit must meet all of the test criteria of the original unit.

Fitment of an inferior item or items

affects the certification of the entire ROPS structure and the effectiveness of the structure in the event of an accident. Drilling or welding of the ROPS is forbidden.

▶ DAMAGE OF ROPS

If the tractor has rolled over or the ROPS has damaged (such as striking an overhead object during transport), it must be replaced to provide the original protection.

After an accident, check for damages to

- ROPS
- SEAT
- SEAT BELT & SEAT MOUNTINGS

Before you operate a tractor, replace all damaged parts.

MARNING

 Do not weld, drill or straighten the ROPS.

M WARNING

 Always wear your seat belt if the tractor is equipped with ROPS.

M WARNING

 If the ROPS is removed or replaced, make certain that the proper hardware is used to replace the ROPS and the recommended torque values are applied to the attaching bolts.

WARNING

- Never attach chains, ropes to the ROPS for pulling purposes.
 This will cause the tractor to tip backwards. Always pull from the tractor drawbar.
- Be careful when driving through door opening or under low overhead objects. Make sure there is sufficient overhead clearance for the ROPS fatal injuries.



GENERAL INFORMATION

7. SEAT ADJUSTMENT

▶ SEAT SLIDING



Before operating a tractor it is important to adjust the seat to the most comfortable position & check whether it is properly locked in its position.

■ IMPORTANT

 Do not use solvents to clean the seat.

Use warm water with a little detergent added.

WARNING

 Do not put a hand between the seat and the slides when adjusting the seat position.

You can get injured unexpectedly.

To select seat position, move adjusting lever and slide seat closer to or away from dash panel and controls.

⚠ DANGER

- Check whether the seat properly locked in its position before driving the tractor.
- Always use the seat belt when the ROPS is installed.
- Do not use the seat belt if a foldable ROPS is down or there is no ROPS.

Check the seat belt regularly and replace if frayed or damaged.

CUSHION STRENGTH ADJUSTMENT



The seat cushion can be adjusted according to the weight of the driver.

Turning the cushion adjustment lever counterclockwise to the 50kg position makes the cushion lighter, and turning the lever clockwise to the 130kg position makes the cushion heavier.



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5	IINIVERSAL SYMBOLS



1. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

FNSURF SAFFTY INFORMATION



This symbol means

'Attention! Your safety is involved.'

The message that follows the symbol contains important information about safety.

Carefully read the message.

► SIGNAL SIGNS



The signal signs

'DANGER, WARNING or CAUTION'

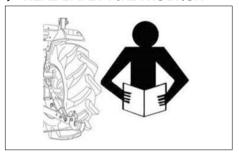
are used with safety alert symbol.

DANGER identifies the most serious hazards.

Safety symbols with signal signs 'DANGER or WARNING' are typically near specific hazards.

General precautions are listed on CAUTION safety signs.

READ SAFETY INSTRUCTION



Carefully read all safety instructions given in this manual for your safety. Tempering with any of the safety devices can cause serious injuries or death.

Keep all safety signs in good condition. Replace missing or damaged safety signs.

Keep your tractor in proper condition and do not allow any unauthorized modifications to be carried out on the tractor, which may impair the function / safety and affect tractor life.



PROTECT CHILDREN



Keep children and others away from the tractor while operating.

Before you reverse

- Look behind tractor for children.
- Do not let children to ride on tractor or any implement.

USE OF ROPS AND SEAT BELT



The Roll Over Protective Structure(ROPS) has been certified to industry and / or government standard.

Any damage or alternation to the ROPS, mounting hardware or seat belt voids the certification and will reduce or eliminate protection for the operator in the event of a roll-over.

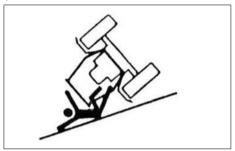
The ROPS, mounting hardware and seat belt should be checked after the first 100 hours of use and every 500 hours thereafter for any evidence of damage, wear or cracks.

In the event of damage or alternation, the ROPS must be replaced prior to further operation of the tractor.

The seat belt must be worn during machine operation when the machine is equipped with a certified ROPS.

Failure to do so will reduce or eliminate protection for the operator in the event of a roll-over.

▶ PRECAUTION TO AVOID TIPPING



Do not drive where the tractor could slip or tip.

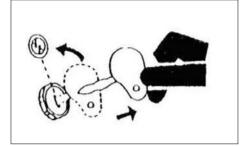
Stay alert for holes and rocks in the terrain and other hidden hazards.

Slow down before you make a sharp turn.

Driving forward out of a ditch or mired condition could cause tractor to tip over backward.

Back out of these situations if possible.

▶ PARK TRACTOR SAFELY



Before working on the tractor:

- Lower all equipment to the ground.
- Stop the engine and remove the key.

▶ KEEP RIDERS OFF TRACTOR



Do not allow riders on the tractor.

Riders on tractor are subject to injury such as being stuck by foreign objects and being thrown off of the tractor.



► HANDLE FUEL SAFELY AVODING FIRES



Handle fuel with care. It is highly flammable.

Do not refuel the tractor while smoking or near open flame or sparks.

Always stop engine before refueling tractor.

Always keep your tractor clean of accumulated grease and debris. Always clean up spilled fuel.

► STAY CLEAR OF ROTATING SHAFTS



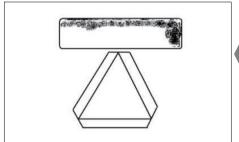
Entanglement in rotating shaft can cause serious injury or death.

Keep PTO shield in place at all the time.

Wear fitting clothing.

Stop the engine and be sure PTO drive is stopped before making adjustments, connections or cleaning out of PTO driven equipment.

► ALWAYS USE SAFETY LIGHTS AND DEVICES



Use of hazard warning lights and turn signals are recommended when towing equipment on public roads unless prohibited by state or local regulations.

Use slow moving vehicle(SMV) sign when driving on public road during both day& night time unless prohibited by law.



PRACTICE SAFE MAINTENANCE



Understand service procedure before doing work.

- Keep the surrounding area of the tractor clean and dry.
- Do not attempt to service tractor when it is in motion.
- Keep body and equipment to the ground.
- Stop the engine.
- Remove the key.
- Allow tractor to cool before any work repair is caused on it.
- Securely support any tractor elements that must be raised for service work.

- Keep all parts in good condition and properly installed.
- Replace worn or broken parts.
- Replace damaged / missing decals.
- Remove any build-up of grease or oil from the tractor
- Disconnect battery ground cable ⊖ before making adjustments on electrical systems or welding on tractor.

AVOID HIGH PRESSURE FLUIDS



Escaping fluid under high pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. Keep hands and body away from pin holes and nozzle which eject fluids under high pressure.

If any fluid is injected into the skin, consult your doctor immediately.



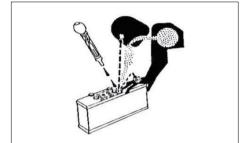
▶ PREVENT BATTERY EXPLOSION



Keep sparks, lighted matches and open flame away from the top of battery. Battery gas can explode.

Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the poles.

▶ PREVENT ACID BURNS



Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous.

It is strong enough to burn skin, cause holes in clothing and cause blindness if found entry into eyes.

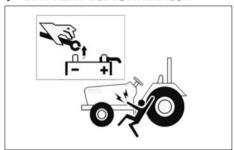
For adequate safety always:

- Fill batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- Wear eye protection and acid proof hand gloves.
- Avoid breathing direct fumes when electrolyte is added.
- Do not add water to electrolyte as it may splash off causing severe burns.

If you spill acid on yourself:

- Flush your skin or eyes with water for 10 ~ 15 minutes.
- 2. Get medical attention immediately.

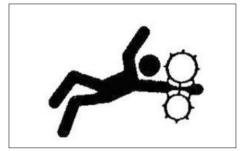
BATTERY DISCONNECTION



When working with your tractor electrical components, you must first disconnect the battery cables.

To ensure that there are no accidents from sparks, you must first disconnect the negative battery cable.

▶ SERVICE TRACTOR SAFELY



Do not wear a necktie, scarf or loose clothing when you work near moving parts.

If these items were to get caught, severe injury could result.

Remove rings and other jewelry to prevent electrical shorts and entanglement in moving parts.

▶ WORK IN VENTILATED AREA



Do not start the tractor in an enclosed building unless the doors & windows are open for proper ventilation as tractor fumes can cause sickness or death.

If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area remove the exhaust fumes by connecting exhaust pipe extension.



▶ TRACTOR RUNAWAY

Engine start with transmission engaged can cause tractor to runaway resulting serious injury to the people standing nearby the tractor.

For additional safety keep the pull to stop knob (Fuel shut off control) in fully pulled out position.

Transmission in neutral position, foot brake engaged and PTO lever in disengaged position while attending to Safety Starter Switch or any other work on tractor.

► SAFFTY START

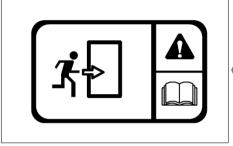
Safety Starter switch for starting is provided on transmission main or sub shift lever and in PTO shift lever

The tractor can be started only if main or sub shift lever is in neutral position.

A CAUTION

Safety Starter Switch is to be replaced after every 2,000 hours/4 years, whichever is earlier.

EMERGENCY EXITS

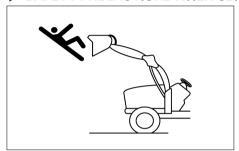


If exit from the cab side doors is blocked (following an accident or vehicle overturn) the alternative safety exits are indicated by decals.

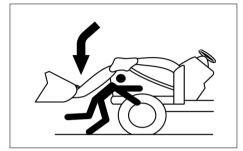
The possible safety exits are:

- Rear window hatch (All tractors)
- Front window (for versions with openable front window).

► SAFETY PRECAUTIONS WHEN USING LOADER

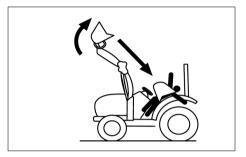


Never let anyone get in the loader and use the loader as a workbench.
Otherwise, it may lead to a fatal injury or even death.



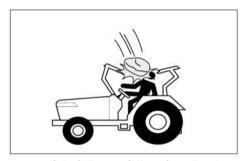
Do not stand under the lifted loader or get close to it.

Also, lower the loader arm onto the ground before leaving the tractor.
Otherwise, it may lead to a fatal injury or even death.



When attaching or detaching the loader, fix all parts which are connected to the bucket and boom.

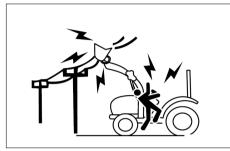
The bucket or boom can be accidentally dropped down, leading to an injury or even death.



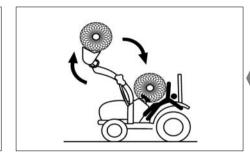
Be careful of objects falling from loader.

IMPORTANT

 ROPS (Roll Over Protective Structure), sun canopy or cabin are not a FOPS (Falling Object Protective Structure).
 It never can protect the riders against falling objects.
 Avoid driving the vehicle into a dangerous area such as falling rocks zone.



Do not allow loader arms or attachment to contact electrical power lines. Electrocution will cause serious injury or death.



Never carry a big object with the loader unless a proper implement is attached.

Keep a carried object low during driving.

Otherwise, it may lead to an injury or even death.

▶ TOWING SAFELY

For the maximum towable loads, refer to the 'TIRE AND MASS' section in appendix chapter if available.

- Maintain a suitable speed taking into account the weight of the trailed load and the gradient, remembering that braking distances will be greater than with just the tractor.
 Trailed loads with or without brakes that are too heavy for the tractor or that towed at too high speed may cause the operator to loose of control of the tractor.
- Always take into consideration the total weight of the implements and their loads.

A CAUTION

 Before you leave the driving seat when a trailers is hitched to the tractor, remember to put all the controls in neutral, apply the parking brake, switch off the engine, engage first gear (if the tractor has a mechanical transmission) and remove the key from the starter switch.
 If the tractor is not parked on level ground, always place chocks under the wheels of both the tractor and the trailer.

► TRANSPORT TRACTOR BY TRUCK

Always secure the tractor to the loader bed with chains.

Before transporting the tractor on a low loader or on a railway wagon, make sure that the engine hood, doors, openable roof (if present) and windows are all closed and securely fastened.

Never tow the tractor at speeds in excess of 10km/h.

An operator must stay in the operator position to steer and brake the tractor.



► FALLING OBJECT PROTECTIVE **STRUCTURE (FOPS)**

The term FOPS refers to structure installed on the tractor intended to reduce the risk to the operator of injury from falling objects during normal use of the vehicle.

IMPORTANT

- This tractor is not equipped with a FOPS
- The energy level of drop test is 1365.J.

▶ OPERATOR PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE (OPS)

The term OPS refers to a protective structure installed on a tractor in order to minimize risk of operator injury caused by objects penetrating into the operator position area.

DANGER

• This tractor is not equipped with an OPS

If work must be performed in areas subject to the risk of the penetration of objects into the operator position, consult your dealer before starting work so that the tractor can be equipped with an appropriate protective structure.

▶ USE OF HAZARDOUS **SUBSTANCES**

European standard EN 15695-1 is applicable to the cabs of agricultural or forestry tractors and self-propelled sprayers.

The purpose of the standard is to limit the exposure of the operator (driver) to hazardous substances when applying plant protection products and liquid fertilizers

In accordance with the stipulations of EN 15695-1 regarding cab classification, measurement of the internal positive pressure differential must be carried out in conformance with ISO 14269-5:

- The engine operating at nominal speed;
- The maximum quantity of air drawn from outside the cab (recirculation closed):
- Fan set to maximum speed.



The following terms and definitions are applied:

- Hazardous substances: substances such as dust, vapours and aerosols, with the exception of fumigants which can be dispersed during the application of plant protection products and liquid fertilizers, which may have a harmful effect on the operator.
- Dust general term identifying solid air-borne particles, finely divided and accumulated.
- Aerosol: suspension of solid, liquid or solid and liquid particulate in a gaseous medium with a negligible fall rate (generally less than 0.25 ms-1)
- Vapour: gaseous phase of a substance whose liquid or solid state is stable at 20°C and 1 bar (absolute).
 This cab, even when closed, does not protect against the inhalation of hazardous substances.

If the manufacturer's instructions for using these substances recommend personal protective equipment, wear the equipment even in the cab.

Cabs are classified as follows:

- Category 1: the cab does not provide protection against hazardous substances.
- Category 2: the cab provides protection exclusively from dust.
- Category 3: the cab provides protection from dust and aerosol.
- Category 4: the cab provides protection from dust, aerosol and chemical vapours.

The classification category, as stipulated by ISO 14269-5, of the cab installed on this range of tractors is given below:

- the engine operating at nominal speed
- the maximum quantity of air drawn from outside the cab (recirculation closed) with fan at maximum speed.

Table 2 - Technical data

ROPS / CABIN	CATEGORY
Hazardous substances protection category	1

⚠ DANGER

 Use all the personal protective equipment suitable for the tasks in hand and relative substances, in compliance with the requirements of statutory legislation in your country.



2. SAFE OPERATION OF YOUR TRACTOR

The manufacturer of your tractor has made every effort to make it as safe as is humanly possible.

Beyond this point it is the responsibility of the operator to avoid accidents and we ask that you read and implement our suggestions for your safety.

Ensure that only trained and competent operators use this tractor and ensure that they are fully conversant with the machine and aware of all its control and safety features.

Operators should not operate the tractor or associated machinery while tired or untrained.

To avoid accidents please ensure that the operator wears clothing which will not get entangled in the moving parts of the tractor or machine and protect him or her from the elements.

When spraying or using chemicals, please ensure that clothing and protective equipment is worn which prevents respiratory or skin problems.

For full details consult the manufacturer of the chemicals.

To avoid lengthy exposure to noise ensure that ear protection is worn.

If adjustment to the tractor or machinery need to be made ensure the tractor or machine are turned off beforehand

Use of certified Roll Over Protection Structure (ROPS) is a must while operating a tractor.

Use of seat belt is a must while operating a tractor.

In summary, ensure at all times that the safety of the operator and any other worker is paramount.

Ensure no one is between the tractor and a towed vehicle (trailer or implement).

▶ SAFETY TIPS DURING MAINTENANCE

- At least on a daily basis check all oil levels. Water level in the radiator and electrolyte level in the battery and perform services according to the service schedule.
- Ensure tire pressure are even and the correct pressure for the job being done is maintained.
- Check to ensure that the all controls and preventative mechanisms of the tractor and implement work correctly and effectively.
- 4. Ensure that an adequate set of the correct tools is available for maintenance and minor repairs.
- Ensure that all service work and repairs are carried out on a flat area with a concrete or similar floor.
 Do not carry out service work on a tractor until it is switched off, and the parking brake applied and

wheels choked.

Where a tractor is started in a confined area, ensure that the area is well ventilated as exhaust gases are very harmful, and can cause

6. Do not work under raised implements.

death

- When changing wheels or tires ensure that a suitable wheel stand is placed under the axle prior to removing the wheel and the wheels are chocked.
- Where guards or shields need to be removed to perform a service or repair, ensure that the guard or shield is correctly reinstalled before starting the tractor.
- Never refuel near a naked flame or with an overheated engine.

- Ensure to turn off Engine before refueling.
- 10. The cooling system operates under pressure, take care when removing the radiator cap on a hot engine to prevent being scalded by steam or hot water.
 Do not add water in the radiator when the engine is hot.
 Add water to the radiator only after the engine cools down completely.
- To prevent fires keep the tractor including the engine clean and free from inflammable material and well away from fuels and other inflammable material.



▶ MOUNTING AND DEMOUNTING IMPLEMENTS

- Ensure that all mounting and removal of implements is done on safe flat ground. Ensure no one is between the tractor and implement and do not get under the implement to avoid accidental injuries.
- After mounting the implement, ensure that all sway chains are correctly adjusted and, where PTO shafts are used that the shaft is fitted and secured correctly.
- Where heavy implements are used, ensure that the combination is well balanced or use proper ballast to achieve balance.
- Before leaving the tractor at any time, lower the implement, stop the PTO shaft where applicable, set the parking brake and switch off the engine.

- While operating the implements with the PTO keep all bystanders away from any moving parts and do not attempt to make adjustments while the machine is running.
- Only the driver should ride on the tractor with the ROPS frame fitted and with the seat belt properly fastened.
- Where young children are present, particular care should be taken and the tractor should not be moved until the whereabouts of all children is known.
- Only trained operators should operate the tractor and so taking care to ensure that other workers are not injured. In particular they should take care during dusty operations, which will reduce visibility substantially.

- Never start the tractor unless the transmission is out of gear, the operator is in the seat and all round safety has been checked.
- 10. Only operate the tractor seated in the driver's seat and never turn or brake suddenly at high speed as this can cause a roll-over and serious injury or death.
- 11. When traveling on a public road ensure that the tractor and driver both meet all laws relating to safety and licensing. When traveling with wide implements use red flags on the extremities and observe all legal including escort requirements.
- 12. When operating under adverse conditions, hilly terrain or on bad ground adjust the speed of the tractor to suit the conditions, safety



comes first.

Never drive down-hill at high speed or with the transmission in neutral Use of the braking capacity of the engine as well as the service brakes. Do not try to change gear going up or down a steep slope, select the correct gear before starting.

- 13. Take care when traveling uphill with a heavy implement to ensure that it does not overbalance and tip up the front end.
- 14. Never remove or modify the seat belt.
- 15. Never remove, modify or repair the ROPS frame.

Please remember that a little hit of extra care can prevent serious injury or death and avoid damage to your tractor.

THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS ARE SUGGESTED TO HELP PREVENT **ACCIDENTS**

A careful operator is the best operator. Most accidents can be avoided by observing certain precautions. Read and take the following precautions before operating the tractor to prevent accidents. Tractor should be operated only by those who are responsible and properly

<THE TRACTOR>

trained to do so

- Read the operator's manual carefully before using the tractor. Lack of operating knowledge can lead to accidents.
- Use an approved rollover bar and seat belt for safe operation. Overturning of a tractor without a rollover bar can result in death or injury.
- 3. Do not remove ROPS (Roll Over Protective Structure). Always use the seat belt.
- Fiberglass canopy does not give any

- protection.
- 5. To prevent falls, keep steps and platform clear of mud and oil.
- 6. Do not permit anyone but the operator to ride on the tractor. There is no safety place for extra riders.
- Replace all missing, illegible or damaged safety signs.
- Keep safety signs clean of dirt and grease.

<SFRVICING THE TRACTOR>

- keep the tractor in good operating condition for your safety. An improperly maintained tractor can be hazardous.
- 2. Stop the engine before performing any service on the tractor.
- 3. The cooling system operates under pressure, which is controlled by the radiator cap. It is dangerous to remove the cap while the system is hot.



- First turn the cap slowly to stop and allow the pressure to escape before removing the cap entirely.
- Do not smoke while the refueling the tractor.
 - Keep away any type of open flame.
- The fuel in the injection system is under high pressure and can penetrate the skin. Unqualified persons should not remove or attempt to adjust a pump, injector, nozzle or any part of the fuel injection system. Failure to follow these instructions can result in serious injury.
- Keep open flame away from battery or cold weather starting aids to prevent fire or explosions.
- Do not modify or alter or permit anyone else to modify or alter this tractor or any of its components or any tractor functions.

<OPERATING THE TRACTOR>

- Before starting the tractor apply the parking brake, place the PTO (Power Take Off) lever in the "OFF" position, the position control levers in the downward position, the hydraulic control levers in the neutral position(If fitted) and the transmission in neutral
- Do not start the engine or controls while standing beside the tractor. Always sit on the tractor seat when the engine or operating controls.
- Safety start: In order to prevent the accidental starting of the tractor, a safety switch has been provided. The starting system of the tractor is connected through this switch. On some models shuttle shifter lever and PTO button should also be in neutral position for completing the starting circuit. Do not bypass the safety switch. Consult your TYM tractor

- distributor / dealer if safety switch malfunctions
- 4 Avoid accidental contact with the gear shifter lever while the engine is running. Unexpected tractor movement can result from such contact.
- Do not get off or climb the tractor while it is in motion
- Shut off the engine, remove the key and apply the parking brake before getting off the tractor.
- Do not operate the tractor in an enclosed building without adequate ventilation. Exhaust fumes can cause death.
- Do not park the tractor on a steep slope.
- If power steering or Engine seizes to operate, stop the tractor immediately.
- 10. Pull only from the swinging draw bar or the lower link drawbar in the down position. Use only a drawbar pin that locks in place.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



- Pulling from the tractor rear axle carriers or any point above the rear axle may cause the tractor's front end to lift.
- If the front end of the tractor tends to rise when heavy implements are attached to the three point linkage, install front end or front wheel weights.
 - Do not operate the tractor with a light front end.
- Always use hydraulic position control lever when attaching equipment / implement and when transporting equipment.
 Be sure that the hydraulic couplers are properly mounted and will disconnect safely in case of accidental detachment of implement.
- 13. Do not leave equipment/implement in the raised position.
- Use the flasher / turn signal lights and Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV) signs when driving on public roads

- during both day and night time, unless prohibited by law.
- 15. Dim tractor lights when meeting a vehicle at night.Be sure the lights are adjusted to prevent the blinding on the eyes of coming vehicle operator.
- Emergency stopping instruction;
 If tractor fails to stop even after application of brakes.
 Pull the knob of fuel shut off control rod.

<DRIVING THE TRACTOR>

- Watch where you are going especially at row ends, on roads, around trees and low hanging obstacles.
- 2. To avoid upsets, drive the tractor with care and at speeds compatible with safety, especially when operating over rough ground, crossing ditches or slopes, and when turning at corners.

- Lock the tractor brake pedals together when transporting on roads to provide proper wheel braking.
- Keep the tractor in the same gear when going downhill as used when going uphill.
 Do not coast or free wheel down hills
- Any towed vehicle and/or trailer whose total weight exceeds that of the towing tractor, must be equipped with its own brakes for safe operation.
- 6. When the tractor is stuck or tires are frozen to the ground, back out to prevent upset.
- 7. Always check overhead clearance, especially when transporting the tractor.



<OPERATING THE PTO>

- When operating PTO driven equipment, shut off the engine and wait until the PTO stops before getting off the tractor and disconnecting the equipment.
- Do not wear loose clothing when operating the power take-off or near rotating equipment.
- When operating stationery PTO driven equipment, always apply the tractor parking brake and block the rear wheels from front and rear side.
- To avoid injury, always move down flip part of PTO. Do not clean, adjust or service PTO driven equipment when the tractor engine is running.
- Make sure the PTO master shield is installed at all times and always replace the PTO shield cap when the PTO is not in use.

<DIESEL FUEL>

- Keep the equipment clean and properly maintained.
- Under no circumstances should gasoline, alcohol or blended fuels be added to diesel fire or explosive hazard. Such blends are more explosive than pure gasoline. In a closed container, such as a fuel tank. DO NOT USE THESE BLENDS.
- Never remove the fuel cap or refuel the tractor with the engine running.
- Do not smoke while refueling or when standing near fuel.
- Maintain control of the fuel filler pipe when filling the tank.
- Do not fill the fuel tank to capacity. Allow room for expansion.
- Wipe up spilled fuel immediately.
- Always tighten the fuel cap securely.
- If the original fuel tank cap is lost, replace it with genuine cap. A none approved cap may not be safe.

- 10. Do not drive equipment near open fire
- 11. Never use fuel for cleaning purpose.
- 12. Arrange fuel purchases so that winter grade fuel are not held over and used in the spring.
- 13. Use ultra-low sulfur fuel only.

IMPORTANT

It is suggested that after repairs if any of the safety decals or signs are peeled or defaced, the same may be replaced immediately in interest of your safety.



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

3. DOs & DON'Ts

▶ DOs – FOR BETTER PERFORMANCE

- **DO** Ensure that safety shields are in place and in good condition.
- **DO** Read all operating instructions before commencing to operate tractor.
- **DO** Carry out all maintenance tasks without fail.
- **DO** Keep the air cleaner clean.
- **DO** Ensure that the correct grade of lubricating oils is used and that they are replenished and changed at the recommended intervals.
- **DO** Fit new sealing rings when the filter elements are changed.
- **DO** Watch the oil pressure gauge or warning light and investigate any abnormality immediately.

- DO Keep the radiator filled with clean water and in cold weather use antifreeze mixture.
 Drain the system only in an emergency and fill before starting the engine.
- **DO** Ensure that the transmission is in neutral before starting the engine.
- **DO** Keep all fuel in clean storage and use a filter when filling the tank.
- **DO** Attend to minor adjustments and repairs as soon as necessity is apparent.
- DO Allow the engine to cool before removing the radiator filler cap and adding water, remove the radiator cap slowly.
- **DO** Shift into low gear when driving down steeps hills.

- **DO** Latch the brake pedals together when driving on a highway.
- **DO** Keep draft control lever fully down when not in use.



▶ DON'Ts - FOR SAFE OPERATION

- **DON'T -** Run the engine with the air cleaner disconnected.
- **DON'T** Start the tractor in an enclosed building unless the doors and windows are open for proper ventilation.
- **DON'T -** Operate the tractor or engine while lubricating or cleaning.
- **DON'T** Allow the tractor to run out of diesel fuel otherwise it will be necessary to vent the system.
- **DON'T** Temper the fuel injection pump, If seal is broken the warranty becomes void.
- **DON'T** Allow the engine to run idle for a long period.
- **DON'T -** Run the engine if it is not firing on all cylinders.

- DON'T Ride the brake.

 This will result in excessive wear of the brake lining.
- **DON'T** Use the independent brakes for making turns on the highway or at high speeds.
- **DON'T -** Refuel the tractor with the engine running.
- **DON'T** Mount or dismount from the right side of the tractor.
- **DON'T -** Temper the hydraulic control levers' upper limit stops.
- **DON'T -** Use draft control lever for lifting of implements.
- **DON'T -** Start the engine with the PTO engaged.
- **DON'T -** Use the throttle lever while driving on roads.

DON'T - Move the hydraulic levers rearward.



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

4. SAFETY DECALS

▶ GENERAL INFORMATION OF DECALS

- In order to work with the machine safely, safety decals should be placed on the machine.
 - Make sure to read and follow the following directions.
 - **KEEP THE WARNING LABELS CLEAN AND NOT DAMAGED AT ALL TIMES.**

If a decal on the machine is dirty, wash it with soapy water and wipe it off with a soft cloth. Never use solution such as thinner or acetone because these can erase characters or pictures.

IF WASHED WITH HIGH PRESSURED WATER, A DECAL MAY BE PEELED OFF.

Do not apply high pressured water directly onto decals.

IF A SAFETY DECAL IS DAMAGED OR LOST, ORDER A NEW ONE IMMEDIATELY AND PLACE IT ON THE MACHINE.

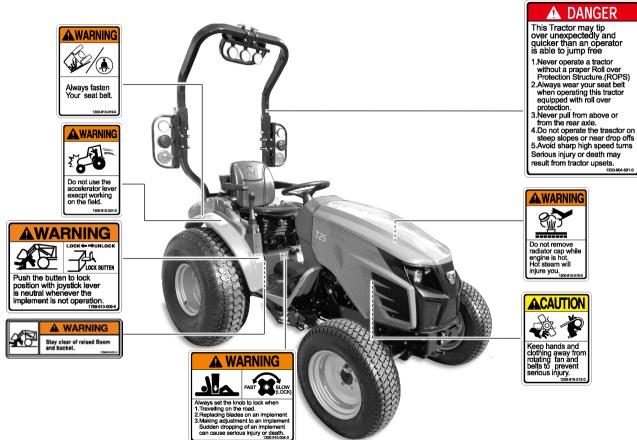
When putting a new decal, wipe off the place to post the decal thoroughly and wait till it is dried. Then post the decal.

Each decal has a part number on the bottom.

■ WHEN REPLACING A PART ATTACHED WITH A DECAL WITH A NEW PART, REPLACE THE DECAL AS WELL.



▶ DECALS ON CHASSIS











Additions, alterations, cracking, damage or corrosion to this structure may adversely affect the performance of the ROPS.

WARNING





Always apply the park brake when parking. Failure to do so can cause accidents and damages.

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A CAUTION

Do not touch while the system is hot. It cause serious

burns

WARNING





Brake pedals must always be locked together when travelling on the highway. This will ensure uniform braking and provide maximum stopping ability sharp turns must only be made at slow speeds.

WARNING

Death or injury may result if this tractor over turns with the ROPS in the folded down position.

Operate this tractor with the ROPS folded down only when necessary.

Do not wear seat belt if operated with ROPS folded down

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Do not ride except operator.



▲WARNING





Never use the diff-lock at high speed or on the road as this can cause rollover and injury.

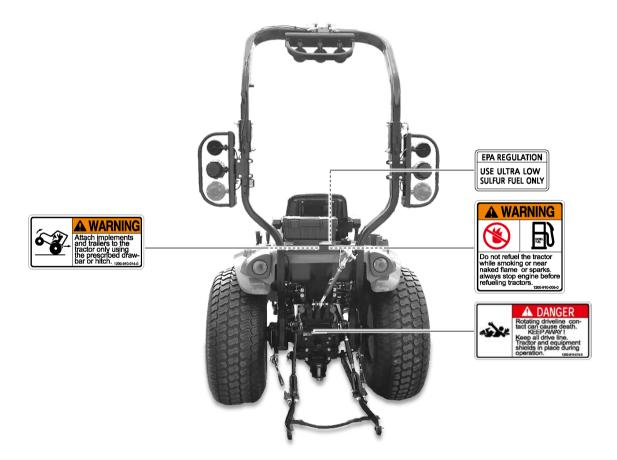








► DECALS ON BACK SIDE





SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

5. UNIVERSAL SYMBOLS

Some of the universal symbols have been shown below with an indication of their meaning.

DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL
ENGINE SPEED (REV/MIN X 100)		PRESSURED, OPEN SLOWLY		CORROSIVE SUBSTANCE	1
HOURS, RECORED		CONTINUOUS VARIABLE	\bowtie	SLOW OR MINIMUM SETTING	-
ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE		DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION	A	FAST OR MAXIMUM SETTING	4
FUEL LEVEL		HAZARD WARNING		TRANSMISSION OIL PRESSURE	₽
ENGINE STOP CONTROL		NEUTRAL	N	TURN SIGNAL	⇔ ⇔
LIGHTS	\$	FAN	Ş	TRANSMISSION OIL TEMPERATURE	
HORN	 	POWER TAKE OFF ENGAGED	•	PARKING BRAKE	(P)
ENGINE OIL PRESSURE	⇒∳	POWER TAKE OFF DISENGAGED	•	WORKING LAMP	= 0
AIR FILTER CONTAMINATED	<u> </u>	RAISE LIFT ARM	85	DIFFERENTIAL LOCK	40)
BATTERY CHARGE		LOWER LIFT ARM	7	REFER TO OPERATOR'S MANUAL	Ф



C. TRACTOR INSTRUMENTS

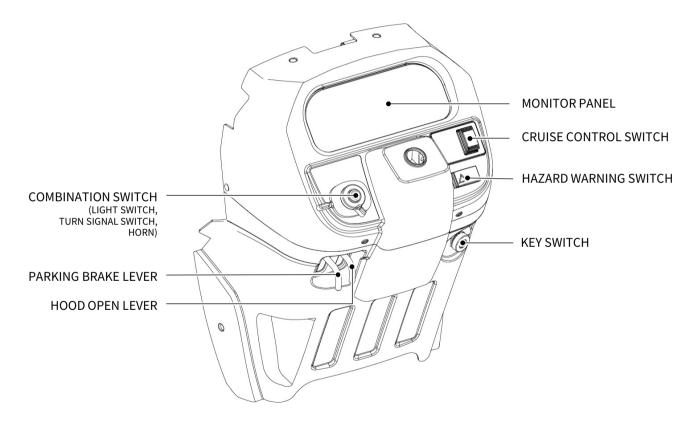
1.	SWITCHES ····································
2.	MONITOR PANEL & GAUGES
3.	CONTROL INSTRUMENTSC – 1
4.	THREE POINT LINKAGE



TRACTOR INSTRUMENTS =

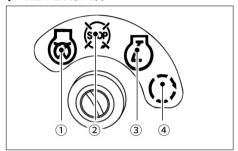
1. SWITCHES

▶ FIGURE OF DASHBOARD





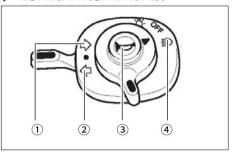
KEY SWITCH



This switch is used to operate engine.

- ① GLOW The engine's combustion chamber is pre-heated in this position.
- ② OFF The ignition key can be inserted and removed in this position.
- ③ ON The engine is kept running and switches are energized in this position.
- START The engine can be started in this positon. When releasing the key, the switch is returned to 「ON」 position.

▶ COMBINATION SWITCH



Turn signal lights, head light and horn can be operated with this switch.

- Right turn signal light
- ② Left turn signal light
- (3) Horn switch
- 4 Head light (low beam)

► HAZARD WARNING SWITCH



This switch can be used to warn other vehicles when malfunction occurs in the tractor while driving on public road. When pressing the switch once, left and right signal lights blink.

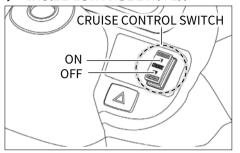
To turn off, press the switch once again.

IMPORTANT

 Use it only when necessary as it can discharge battery and obstruct other drivers.

TRACTOR INSTRUMENTS

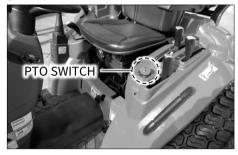
CRUISE CONTROL SWITCH



This maintains travelling speed of the tractor without depressing speed control pedal.

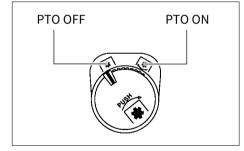
To deactivate, press bottom of switch or depress brake pedal.

▶ PTO SWITCH



■ IMPORTANT

 PTO shaft can be used with a combination of PTO switch and PTO lever.



PTO switch is used for rotating PTO shaft with PTO shift lever.

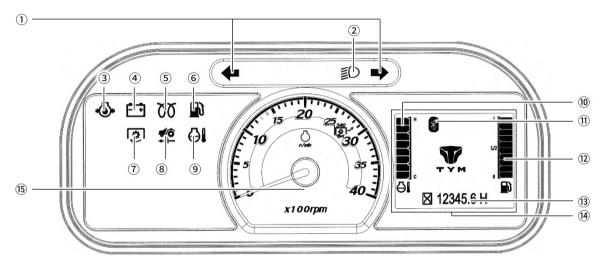
To turn on, turn it right while depressing the switch.

Refer to 「OPERATION OF PTO」 section in 「OPERATION」 chapter for more details.



2. MONITOR PANEL & GAUGES

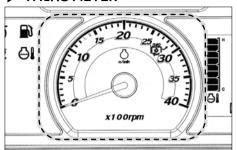
► FIGURE OF MONITOR PANEL



1. TURN SIGNAL LAMPS	2. LIGHT LAMP (LOW BEAM)	3. OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP	4. CHARGE WARNING LAMP
5. GLOW LAMP	6. FUEL WARNING LAMP	7. PTO LAMP	8. CRUISE LAMP
9. COOLANT WARNING LAMP	10. COOLANT TEMPERATURE GAUGE	11. BLUETOOTH INDICATOR	12. FUEL GAUGE
13. HOUR METER	14. MONITOR LCD	15. TACHO METER	



TACHO METER

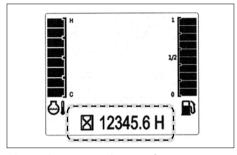


This meter shows the revolution of the engine and PTO shaft as well as travel speed.

IMPORTANT

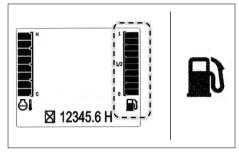
• The engine can be damaged if increasing its speed too fast.

▶ HOUR METER



This indicates total time of use. The last digit indicates 1/10th of an hour. Hourglass mark blinks during the operation.

► FUFL GAUGE & WARNING LAMP



FUEL GAUGE

This indicates amount of fuel while the key switch is 「ON」 position.

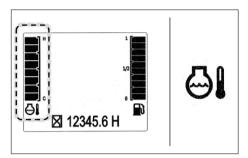
FUEL WARNING LAMP

When fuel in the tank is almost empty, both of fuel warning lamps in LED section and monitor LCD will blink.

IMPORTANT

• Poor quality of fuel can damage the engine. Make sure to use only the specified genuine diesel fuel.

▶ COOLANT TEMPERATURE **GAUGE & WARNING LAMP**

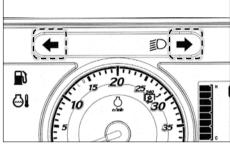


COOLANT TEMPERATURE GAUGE This indicates temperature of coolant while key switch is 「ON」 position. If gauge bar is up to 「H」 section, stop the tractor and take a necessary action.

COOLANT WARNING LAMP

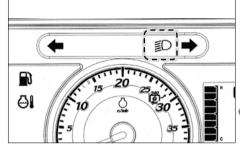
When coolant is overheated, both of coolant warning lamps in LED section and monitor LCD will blink.

TURN SIGNAL LAMPS



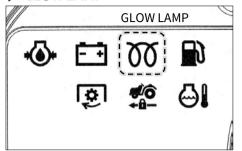
When turning turn signal light with combination switch, this lamps will blink with corresponding turn signal light of left or right.

► LIGHT LAMP



When turning head light with light switch in combination switch, this turns on simultaneously.

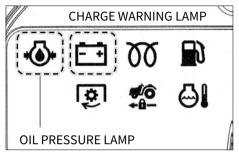
► GLOW LAMP



This comes on while engine preheating function is activated.

This will turn off as preheating is done.

► OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP, CHARGE WARNING LAMP



OIL PRESSURE WARNING LAMP

This comes on when the engine oil lubrication problem occurs.

Stop the engine and check engine oil level or get help from a workshop.

This will comes on at engine starting and will go off soon.

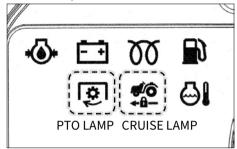
CHARGE WARNING LAMP

This comes on when battery charging is not working normally.

Please get a help from workshop as soon as possible.

This will comes on at engine starting and will go off soon.

► CRUISE, PTO LAMP



CRUISE LAMP

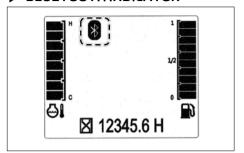
This comes on when cruise control switch is on.

PTO LAMP

This indicates state of PTO shaft.

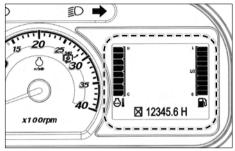
This comes on while PTO switch is 「ON」 position.

▶ BLUETOOTH INDICATOR

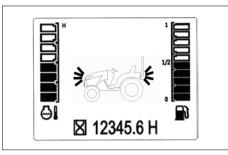


This indicates state of Bluetooth connection.

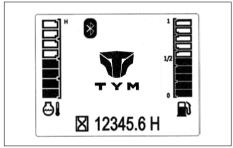
MONITOR LCD



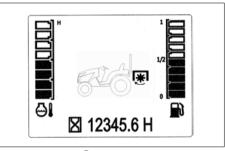
This shows state of the tractor.



「HEAD LAMP ON」

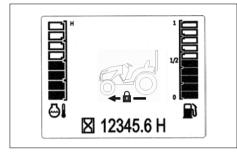


「START-UP SCREEN」

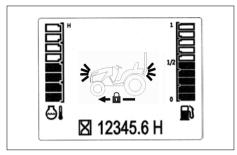


「PTO ON」

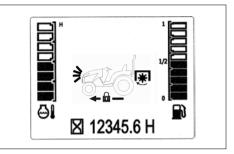




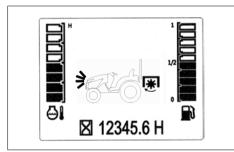
「CRUISE ON」



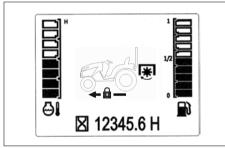
「HEAD LAMP, CRUISE ON」



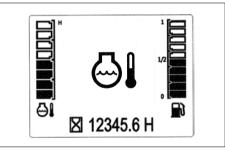
「HEAD LAMP, PTO, CRUISE ON」



「HEAD LAMP, PTO ON」



「PTO, CRUISE ON」



COOLANT TEMPERATURE WARNING LAMP ON J



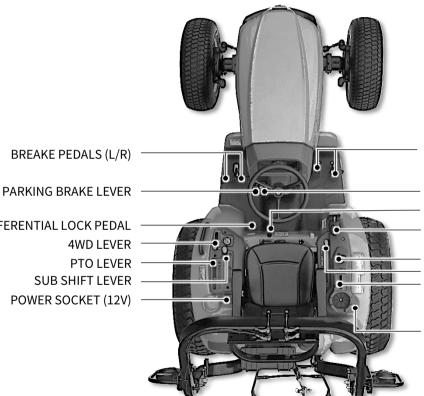
3. CONTROL INSTRUMENTS

BREAKE PEDALS (L/R)

POWER SOCKET (12V)

DIFFERENTIAL LOCK PEDAL

► FIGURE OF TRACTOR CONTROLS



SPEED CONTROL PEDALS (F/R)

HOOD OPEN LEVER LOWERING SPEED CONTROL KNOB JOYSTICK LEVER

THROTTLE LEVER **POSITION LEVER** WIRELESS CHARGING HOLE FOR MOBILE PHONE

USB POWER SOCKETS (2 SOCKETS)



BRAKE PEDALS



The brake is to stop the tractor forcibly. Unlike general automobiles, this tractor is equipped with left and right brake pedals.

Each brake pedal brakes only one side wheel on the corresponding side.

IMPORTANT

- One side braking function can be used for making sharp turn.
- Never use turn using brake pedal on public road.

▶ BRAKE CONNECTING HOOK



There is engaging hook for connecting the left and right brake pedals.

MARNING

- Connect the left and right brake pedals while driving on a road, loading/unloading tractor to avoid rollover and collision.
- Inspect brake pedal free play periodically so that they can be operated simultaneously.

► PARKING BRAKE I EVER



Pull the parking brake lever to apply parking brake while depressing brake pedals fully.

► SPEED CONTROL PEDALS



These are used to move the tractor forward or backward.

Travelling speed can be adjusted by amount of depressing pedal.

WARNING

• Always be careful during driving a road.

THROTTLE LEVER



This is used to control engine speed.

Push: Increase engine speed. Pull: Decrease engine speed.

SUB SHIFT LEVER



Sub shift lever can be changed to L, N

L: Low speed N: Neutral H: High speed

and H.

WARNING

• Be careful when driving backward as forward and backward travelling speed is almost same. Use \(\scale \) shift when driving backward.

TRACTOR INSTRUMENTS

▶ 4WD LEVER



This is used to engage front wheel. Front wheel drive increase traction performance greatly.

■ IMPORTANT

- Before operating the 4WD lever, make sure to stop the tractor.
- If it is hard to engage 4WD lever, do not apply excessive force. Instead drive tractor forward or backward slightly and to engage the lever again.
- Avoid using 4WD on public road to reduce wear on tires.

POSITION LEVER



This lever is used to lift or lower an implement to a certain working height.

▲ WARNING

 After finishing the work, always lower the implement to the ground to avoid injuries and accidents.

▶ PTO LEVER



This lever can engage PTO shift to rotate PTO shaft.

PTO switch should be turn on first to use PTO shaft rotating.

WARNING

- Always be extra careful when using PTO shaft.
- Move PTO lever to OFF position after the work.



DIFFERENTIAL LOCK PEDAL



In case of wheel slippage, use the differential lock pedal by pushing down on the pedal.

To release it, remove foot from the pedal.

M WARNING

Release the pedal during turning. Otherwise it can lead accident.

IMPORTANT

If differential lock is still not disengaged after releasing the pedal, gently depress left and right brake pedals alternately.

I OWERING SPEED CONTROL KNOB



This knob controls the downward speed of the hydraulics three point linkage and is positioned at the front of the driver's seat.

- Turn clockwise: Slow downward speed.
- Turn counter-clockwise: Fast downward speed.
- To lock the knob, turn clockwise to its end.

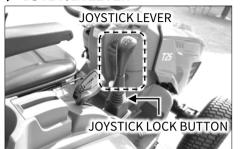
WARNING

- Set it to the lock position under following conditions to prevent falling of the implement:
- When driving on a public road.
- When replacing the rotavator blade or removing straws and grass.
- When servicing the implement.



TRACTOR INSTRUMENTS

▶ JOYSTICK LEVER

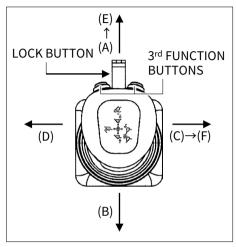


This lever is used to control a loader.

IMPORTANT

 Do not operate the boom cylinder and bucket cylinder at the same time.

A loader may malfunction due to insufficient oil flow.



1. Joystick lever operating directions

- (A) Boom Down
- (E) Floating Mode
- (B) Boom Up
- (C) Bucket Down
- (F) Bucket Down Fast
- (D) Bucket Up

2. Joystick lever lock button

There is a button to lock the operation of the joystick lever.

Pulling it forwards unlocks the lever while pushing it backwards locks the lever.

% 3rd function buttons are installed for specific loaders.

MARNING

 Make sure to set joystick lever in the neutral position and lock the lever when the lever is not in use.
 Otherwise, an implement may fall accidentally by unintended operation of the lever.

REMOTE CONTROL LEVER



Remote control valve and lever are provided for implements which use hydraulic system for extra functions.

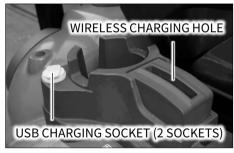
Please refer to [IMPLEMENTS] in 「OPERATION」 chapter for attaching or detaching implements.



1 set of remote control valve is installed for this tractor.

▶ POWER SOCKET (12V). **USB CHARGING SOCKETS, WIRELESS CHARGING HOLE**





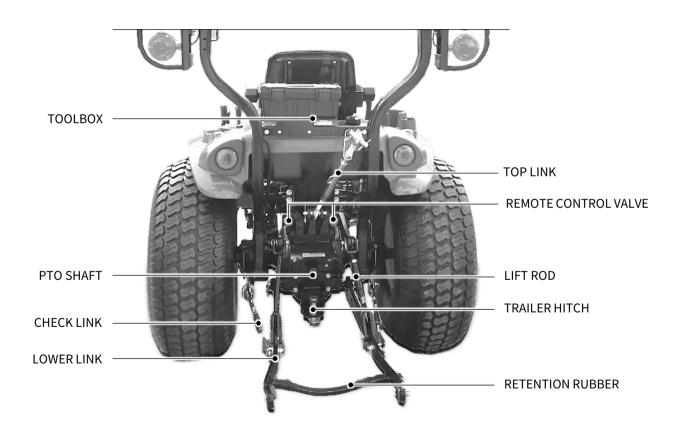
Power socket(12V), USB charging sockets and wireless charging hole are installed for convenience.



TRACTOR INSTRUMENTS

4. THREE POINT LINKAGE

► FIGURE OF THREE POINT LINKAGE





TOP LINK ADJUSTMENT



The angle of an implement can be adjusted by extending or retracting the top link.

After adjustment, fix the adjusting lever with its mounting net.

► CHECK LINK



The check link can be adjusted to relieve vibration and shock of an implement.

► LOWER LINK



An implement can be attached to this.

■ IMPORTANT

• When no implement is attached, fix lower links with left and right check links so that they do not touch the rear wheels.



TRAIL FR HITCH



Install only an implement applicable to this tractor.

MARNING

- Make sure to use the trailer hitch for towing to avoid rollover. Never tow anything by connecting a rope to the top link bracket, axle or safety frame.
- When using a rotavator that draws power through the universal joint from the PTO shaft, remove the trailer hitch from the tractor. Otherwise, the universal joint hits and damages the trailer hitch, leading to an accident.

▶ PTO SHAFT CAP



When the PTO shaft is not in use, apply grease and place its cap to it.

A CAUTION

- It is dangerous to use implements at a high speed if it is designed to be operated at a low speed.
- Before using implements, make sure to read its owner's manual.

DANGER

- Stay out of PTO shaft while it is rotating.
- If caught by PTO shaft, a severe injury or even death can occur.
- Do not remove PTO safety cover.

RETENTION RUBBER



When not using implements on the three point linkage, use the rubber as shown to prevent tire damage.



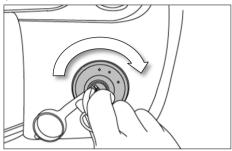
D. OPERATION

1.	START & STOP OF ENGINE · · · · · · · D – 2
2.	OPERATING TRACTOR · · · · · · · · · D – 4
3.	OPERATION OF PTO
4.	IMPLEMENTS · · · · · · · D – 8
5.	TOWING THE TRACTORD - 9
6.	CHECKS DURING DRIVINGD – 11
7.	WORK PROCEDURES D – 13
8.	OPERATION TIPS

OPERATION

1. START & STOP OF ENGINE

▶ HOW TO START ENGINE



- 1. Make sure that there is no obstacle around the tractor.
- 2. Seat on driver's seat and confirm that parking brake is applied.
- Check that each shift lever and PTO switch are in the neutral position.
- Insert the key into key switch and turn it to 「ON」 position.
 Check that warning lights are working and come off.
- Turn the key switch to the 「START」
 position.
 When engine is started, release the
 switch
- 6. Ensure that all warning lamps go off.

■ IMPORTANT

- Never turn the key to 「start」
 position while engine is running as
 this can cause serious damage to
 starter and engine flywheel.
- Avoiding running the start motor over 10 second.

It consumes lots of current.

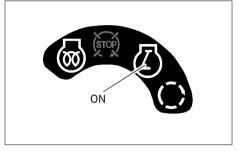
- If engine cannot be started within 10 second, wait for 30 second and try it again.
- Especially in cold weather, always allow the tractor to idle for a while to warm up and build up sufficient oil pressure to ensure normal operating temperature for longer engine life.

WARNING

 Never start engine by connecting start motor terminal or safety switch directly.

The tractor may move suddenly and cause an accident.

▶ PRINCIPLE OF AUTO PREHEATING SYSTEM



When key switch is in 「ON」 position, engine is automatically preheated as necessary.

Glow lamp is on as well.

As soon as preheating operation is completed, the lamp also goes off.

Engine can be started while the preheating operation is in progress.



STOPPING ENGINE



- Idle engine before stopping it.
- Turn the key switch to 「OFF」 position.
- Remove the key from the switch.

ENGINE IDLING



After starting engine, idle engine for 5~10 minute so that oil is delivered to each part of engine.

▶ IDLING IN COLD WEATHER

Hydraulic oil in this vehicle is also used as transmission fluid.

If the temperature drops in winter so oil gets cold, its viscosity rises and the hydraulic pump cannot suck oil in, causing malfunction.

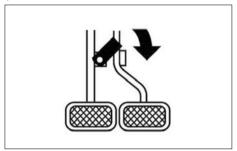
Make sure to idle the engine in winter according to the following instructions.

TEMPERATURE		TIME	
	TEIVIPERATURE	IIIVIE	
	32°F or higher (0°C or higher)	more than 10 min.	
	32°F ~ 14°F (- 0°C ~ - 10°C)	10 ~ 20 min.	
	14°F ~ - 4°F (- 10°C ~ -20°C)	20 ~ 30 min.	
	- 4°F or less (- 20°C or less)	more than 30 min.	

OPERATION

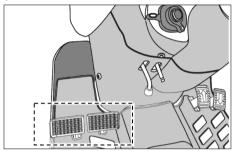
2. OPERATING TRACTOR

STARTING OFF



- Confirm that left and right brake pedals are interlocked. Make sure to interlock left and right brake pedals unless working in a field.
- Lift an implement.
- Place main and sub shift lever into the desired position.
- Depress brake pedal to release parking brake.
- Use throttle lever or pedal to increase engine speed.

SHIFTING AND DRIVING

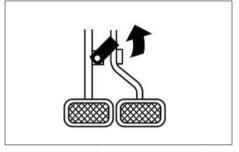


To shift during driving, depress the brake pedal to stop the vehicle in advance.

MARNING

- The driving speed in the reverse direction is almost the same to the speed in the forward direction. Make sure to check the surroundings carefully when driving backward.
- Especially, never drive backwards with the sub shift lever in the position high speed. The driving speed becomes faster and it can cause an accident.

► TURNING IN FIFI D



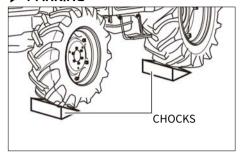
- To turn in a field, release hook for left and right brake pedals.
- 2. Turn steering wheel and depress brake pedal for desired direction.
- While turning, keep engine speed low and turn slowly.

MARNING

- Avoid turning at a high speed. The tractor can fall on its side.
- When the tractor is installed with an implement, its overall length becomes large. Be extra care with other people and
 - objects around when turning.
- Connect the left and right brake pedals when it is about to drive.



▶ PARKING



- Stop tractor completely in level ground.
- 2. If an implement is attached to vehicle, lower it.
- 3. Set levers in neutral position.
- 4. Apply parking brake.
- 5. Remove the key from key switch.

WARNING

- After parking, make sure to apply the parking brake.
- Avoid parking on a slope if possible.
 If it is absolutely necessary to park on a slope, chock the rear wheels.

▶ START ON STEEP SLOPE

- 1. Depress the brake pedals.
- 2. Place sub shift lever in the low speed position.
- Set engine at the mid speed with the throttle lever.
- 4. Depress the throttle pedal or use throttle lever to increase engine revolution.
- 5. Release the brake pedal at the same time.

▶ TIPS FOR DRIVING ON SLOPE

- 1. Set sub shift lever in low speed position on a slope to prevent engine from stopping.
- Keep driving speed low on a downhill road.
- 3. Do not set sub shift lever in neutral position on a downhill road.

■ IMPORTANT

MARNING

• On a downhill road, use the engine brake.

Otherwise, it can cause an accident.



CAUTIONS FOR DRIVING INTO OR OUT OF FIFI D

- Check that left and right brake pedals are connected.
- It is dangerous to drive into/out of a field if the field is deep from its bank. Use ramps.
- Move in the perpendicular direction to the bank.
- 4. When driving out of the field, lower the implement so that the front wheels cannot be lifted
- It is recommended to drive into a field backward to utilize full power.

MARNING

- Be careful to keep the tractor's balance when working on a slope. The tractor may become out of balance and roll over.
- It is very dangerous to ride a person as a front weight.

▶ LOADING TO OR UNLOAD FROM **TRUCK**

- 1. When loading the tractor onto a truck, drive backward.
- Be extra careful when using ramps.
- If the engine stops on ramps, depress the brake pedals immediately and release them slowly to move onto the ground. Then, start the engine again to climb the ramps again.

► CAUTIONS FOR DRIVING ON ROAD

- 1. When changing the direction on a road, use the turn signal lamp to inform other drivers
- 2. Use the low beam when there is any vehicle coming on the other side at nighttime.
- 3. Check that the left and right brake pedals are connected.
- 4. Keep the work lamps off when driving at night.
- 5. Follow any applicable laws and keep safe driving.
- 6. Never let anyone ride the tractor, except yourself as a driver.

▲ WARNING

If driving on a road with an implement attached, the front side of the tractor tends to be lifted and vehicle may not be steered properly.

3. OPERATION OF PTO

PTO is provided for variable utility.

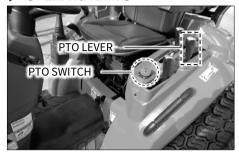
REAR PTO SPEED

540RPM

A CAUTION

 To avoid damage of transmission and implement, do not engage PTO with the engine running at high speed.

▶ OPERATING PTO



The tractor has one speed of rear PTO.
Use the PTO lever to engage.
The PTO switch must be OFF before PTO

is engaged.

- 1. Decrease engine speed to near idle.
- 2. Make sure that PTO switch is OFF.
- 3. Engage rear PTO using the PTO lever.
- 4. Turn on the PTO switch.
- 5. Increase engine speed to desired speed.

WARNING

- To avoid damage of transmission and implement, do not engage PTO with the engine running at high speed.
- Do not operate any implement at a high speed than is specified for it.
- When making adjustments to the implement, stop the engine to avoid serious injury.
- When leaving the tractor stop the engine and remove the key.
 Apply parking brake.

OPERATION

4. IMPLEMENTS

▶ CONNECTION TO IMPLEMENTS

- 1. Make sure to stop the engine before connecting the implements.
- 2. Move the double acting valve lever forward and backward for 4 to 5 times to release pressure in the hydraulic line of tractor. Otherwise, it is hard to connect the couplers, and hydraulic fluid can be sprayed from the line and get in to your eyes while connecting them.
- Remove any foreign material around male and female couplers.
 If foreign material enters the hydraulic components, it can lead to malfunction of the system.
- Open dust-proof cover of female coupler of the tractor and insert the male coupler of the implement.
 A clicking sound is heard when the couplers are engaged.
- Pull the hydraulic hose of the implement to check that the couplers are properly connected.
- ※ Remote control valves may not exist depending on tractor model.

▶ DISCONNECTION FROM IMPLEMENTS

- 1. Make sure to stop the engine before disconnecting it.
- 2. Release any residual pressure in the hydraulic hoses of the implement and tractor by operating the double acting valve lever 4 to 5 times.
- 3. Remove any foreign material around the couplers.
- removing any load applied (lowering it onto the ground, for example).

 If disconnecting the hose while outer load is applied to the implement, it is hard to connect the implement in the future.

Keep the implement balanced by

- 5. Remove the male coupler by pushing the female coupler boss of the tractor backward.
- Close the dust-proof cover of the female coupler of the tractor.
 Wrap the male coupler of the implement with a plastic bag to prevent contamination.

▶ MOUNTING IMPLEMENTS

If the PTO is used, remove the safety cover off the PTO shaft.

Adjust the yoke rod on the lower links to suit the implement in use.

Attach the left lower link, then attach the right lower link using the adjusting handle on the leveling box if required. Attach the top link.

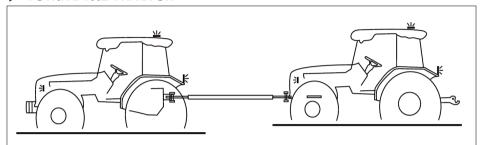
Attach PTO shaft to the tractor if used, making sure that it is locked in place. Adjust the check chains to suit the implement and tighten the locknuts.

M WARNING

- Never connect or disconnect the implement hydraulic hose while the pressure in it is not released or the engine is running.
 It's hard to connect and disconnect the hose and hydraulic fluid can be sprayed from the hose, and get into your eyes or skin.
- stop engine and wear protective glasses and gloves before work.

5. TOWING THE TRACTOR

TOWING THE TRACTOR



The tractor can be towed only for short distances, such as, for example, from inside to outside a building.

A broken down tractor should be towed for the minimum indispensable distance to remove it from potentially dangerous conditions

Observe all legal provisions as envisaged in the highway code relative to national legislation regarding towing manoeuvres.

DANGER

NEVER permit other persons to access the tractor operator position during towing.

WARNING

We recommend transporting the tractor on a low loader in the case of longer transport distances. Comply with the maximum width and height regulations for road transport.

Check that the loader is suitable for the weight of the tractor to be transported.

A CAUTION

An operator must always be at the tractor's controls when the tractor is being towed.

TOWING WITH FNGINF RUNNING

Towing with the engine running can be performed if forced gearbox lubrication is ensured:

- Engine speed between 1,200 ~ 1,300 rpm.
- Maximum towing speed 8km/h
- Maximum towing distance 1km

For towing the tractor use only a standard bar applied to the front towing hitch approved by the manufacturer. Make sure to use the correct pin for the towing hitch and that it is secured with

Clean all lights required for road use, front and rear, and make sure they are in working order.

Before starting towing check the following conditions:

its locking pin.

- Unhitch any implement from the tractor;
- Lock the two brake pedals together with the connecting latch;
- Disengage the power take-off and differential locks;

- Set the shuttle control lever and gear lever to neutral:
- Move the range lever to the 「FAST」 position;
- Move the creeper lever to neutral;
- Display the SMV (Slow Moving Vehicle) sign and turn on the rotating beacon and hazard lights

During road transfers observe the following instructions:

- Wait until traffic thins before joining the road.
 Exert caution in the proximity of unregulated intersections.
 Slow down until you have a clear view in both directions
- Keep in your lane and drive as close as possible to the kerb.
- If a tailback builds up behind you pull into a lay-by as soon as possible to allow the traffic to pass
- When stopping the tractor (in any circumstances) apply the parking brake.

 Travel speed must always be such as to allow complete control and stability of the tractor in all conditions.

⚠ DANGER

 Never attempt to tow the tractor with ropes (including steel ropes) because rope breakage can cause serious injury.

MARNING

 Switch on the hazard warning lights and revolving warning lights.
 Affix suitable notices indicating that the tractor is being towed.
 Observe and follow the relevant national regulations.
 Observe local safety regulations.

▶ TOWING WITH ENGINE OFF

With engine stopped and with forced gearbox lubrication system inoperative the tractor should not be towed except when safety is at risk.

IMPORTANT

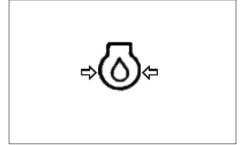
 With engine stopped and with forced gearbox lubrication system inoperative the tractor can be transferred to a service centre only when loaded onto a transporter.

6. CHECKS DURING DRIVING

► CHECK DURING DRIVING

Constantly monitor the warning lamps on the monitor panel and if any comes on, stop the tractor to determine the cause.

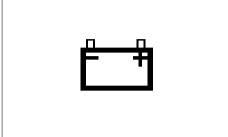
▶ OIL PRESSURE



If the oil pressure lamp comes on check the oil level first of all.

If the oil level is OK, ask a qualified dealer to check the reason for the light coming on.

BATTERY CHARGING



If the alternator warning lamp comes on check all connections and ensure that the fan belt is not broken.

If all connections and the fan belt are intact consult your dealer to determine the cause of the problem.

FUFI GAUGE



To avoid excessive condensation in the fuel tank refill at the end of each day's work and ensure during the day that it does not drop to a low level where the fuel system will require bleeding to expel air in the system after refilling the tank.

COOLANT TEMPERATURE



If the coolant warning lamp comes on, the engine is over-heated. Stop the tractor and check followings:

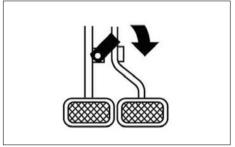
- Radiator coolant
- Radiator fin for clogging
- Fan belt for looseness

If necessary, have your tractor checked by workshop.

DANGER

 Allow the engine to cool down before opening radiator cap as serious burns may result due to hot steam and boiling water.

► BRAKE PEDAL



When traveling on public or farm road, connect both brake pedals to prevent sudden turning on driving when brake pedal is depressed.



7. WORK PROCEDURES

▶ PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING IMPLEMENTS

- When driving the tractor to attach or detach an implement, make sure that there is no one in between or around the tractor and implement.
- 2. Install and remove the implement only on safe and level ground.
- When installing a heavy implement, install weight on the front to keep balance.
- When adjusting an implement, apply the parking brake, stop the engine and set the PTO switch in the OFF position in advance.
- 5. To tow anything, use the towing hitch only.
- When working with a front loader, install an implement to the back to keep balance (if necessary).

WARNING

- Read instructions on warning decals on each implement thoroughly before work.
- To avoid an injury due to mishandling of an implement, read the user's manual of the implement thoroughly and work safely and precisely with caution.
- Installation of an improper implement can lead to an injury.
 Install only implements specified by the manufacturer.

▶ GENERAL IMPLEMENT

<Safety precautions for rotavator>

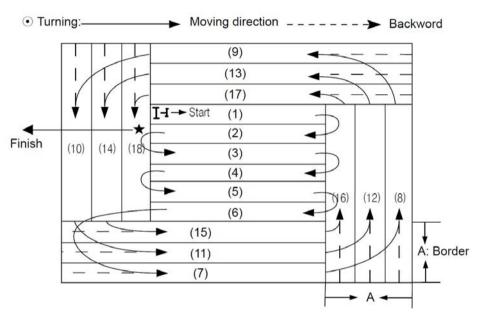
Never remove the safety cover of the rotavator.

Do not remove the PTO shaft cover and safety cover on the universal joint. When adjusting each part, disengage the PTO and stop the engine in advance. When driving on a road, keep the PTO disengaged.

Also, keep the rotavator lowered on a road as long as it does not hit the ground.

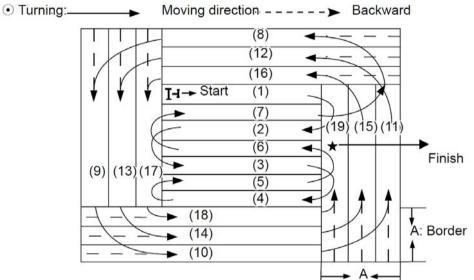
For the universal joint, its inner shaft and outer shaft should be overlapped at least 15 cm.

Check that the universal joint is firmly fixed to the tractor and rotavator shaft.



1. Sequential returning plowing pattern

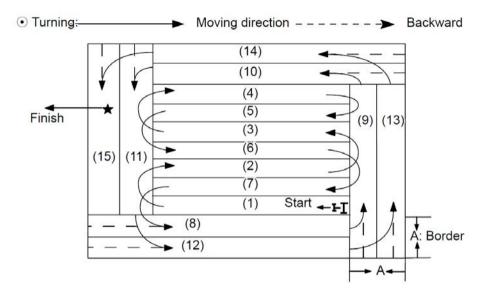
- This pattern can be useful in a wellplanned field in a good condition.
- The border shown in the figure is the effective plowing width of the rotavator and should be set a little narrower than three times of one plowing width.
- · The starting point is the ending point.
- Plow in a sequential pattern from (1) to (6) and in a circular pattern from (7) to (18).
- When driving forward to plow, have the bank on the right side.
- Be careful not to press already plowed soil with the wheels.



Alternating returning plowing pattern

- This pattern is useful for narrow or short fields or poorly planned fields in which are not easy to turn.
- In the figure, the plowing width for (1), (2), (3) and (4) should be overlapped with the one for (5), (6) and (7) for approx. 10 cm.
- For the sections (1) to (7), perform plowing in an alternating pattern. For the sections (8) to (19), plow in a circular pattern.
- Refer to the sequential returning pattern for other details.

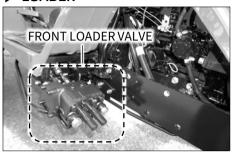




3. Land leveling pattern

- The land leveling work may be performed after crushing soil or not.
- The vehicle speed can be set faster when performing the land leveling work with soil crushed already.
- When working in a wet field, fill the field with a sufficient amount of water so that the trace of plowing cannot be seen.
- The border shown in the figure should be set a little narrower than two times of one plowing width.
- Refer to the alternating returning pattern for other details.

▶ LOADER



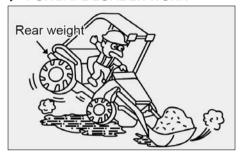
WARNING

- When connecting the hydraulic pipes, set them according to the operating directions specified on the label attached to the side of the joystick lever.
- Abnormal operation of a loader can lead to an accident.

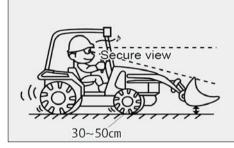
■ IMPORTANT

 If it is hard to steer the tractor for plowing as the front wheels are lifted, install additional weight to the front. (if no loader is installed.)

► FOR SAFE LOADER WORK



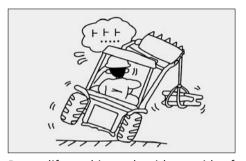
Keep the balance between the front and rear by installing a weight to the back of the tractor or attaching a weight or implement using the 3-point link.



When transporting things with a loader, lower the loader and keep the driving speed slow.

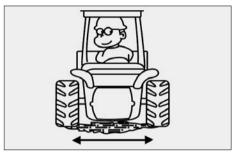
Keep the loader 30 to 50 cm off the ground and the driving speed below 5 km/h.

When going onto a slope or unpaved area, lower the speed and drive with care.



Do not lift anything only with one side of the tractor. If so, the tractor may fall on its side.

Make sure to distribute the load evenly.



Keep the clearance between the rear wheels as large as possible for safety of the tractor.



WARNING

- Do not let anyone ride a loader for work, such as spreading fertilizer. He/she may fall off the loader, leading to an injury or even death.
- Always lower the loader to the ground before leaving the tractor.

IMPORTANT

• This chapter only provides brief descriptions and instructions for a rotavator and loader. Therefore, for detailed operational instructions and other descriptions, refer to the user's manual of each implement.

8. OPERATION TIPS

To save fuel & oil in your tractor, following things should always be kept in mind

► AIR CLEANING SYSTEM

- Clean the air cleaner regularly so that dust does not settle down
- For every 50 hours & everyday in sandy/dusty conditions.
- Clean the air cleaner filter element with compressed air.
- If the rubber ring is cut or expanded then change it with an appropriate one.
 - Fix the rubber at the proper location & check for leakages if any.
- If air is leaking through the hose connection, check & rectify other leakages, too.

IMPORTANT

• If air cleaning system is not properly maintained, it will lead to early wear of piston rings & sleeves. This will lead to problems like loss of engine power, excessive oil consumption fuel consumption.

► FNGINF

- Put the engine oil on load after the engine is heated & the water temperature gauge indicates the needle to be in the green zone.
- If excessive black smoke is visible, then the paper element of air cleaner, Fuel injection pump or nozzles should be checked.
- Do not run the engine without load for more than 2 minutes It is better to stop the engine rather than run it idle. This will help in saving of fuel.

OPERATION

BRAKES

- 1. If the tractor has to be stopped for a long period, it is advisable to bring the transmission in neutral position.
- 2. Do not override the brake pedals.
- While coming down from a slope, reduce the engine throttle & use low gear.
 Do not depend only on the brakes for stoppage.

▶ OIL SYSTEM

- 1. Always use recommended grade of oil.
- Every day before starting the engine, check the oil level with a dipstick & refill between the minimum & maximum level.
- Charge the engine oil.
 Replace filter & O-ring, as & when required.

▶ LUBRICATING OIL

GENERAL

Modern diesel engines place very high demands on the lubricating oil to be used. The specific engine performances which have increased constantly over the last few years lead to an increased thermal load on the lubricating oil. The lubricating oil is also more exposed to contamination due to reduced oil consumption and longer oil change intervals. For this reason it is necessary to observe requirements and recommendations described in this operating manual in order not to shorten the life of the engine. Lubricating oils always consist of a base oil and an additive package. The most important tasks of a lubricating oil (e.g. wear protection, corrosion protection, neutralization of acids from combustion products, prevention of coke and soot deposits on the engine parts) are assumed by the additives. The properties of the base oil are also decisive for the quality of the

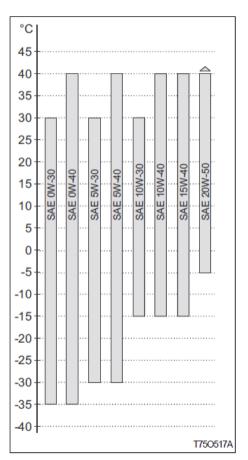
product, e.g. with regard to thermal load capacity. In principle, all engine oils of the same specification can be mixed. However, mixing of engine oils should be avoided because the worst properties of the mixture are always dominant.

VISCOSITY

The ambient temperature at the installation site or in the application area of the engine is decisive for choosing the right viscosity class. Too high a viscosity can lead to starting difficulties, too low a viscosity can endanger the lubrication effect and cause high lubricating oil consumption. The viscosity is classified according to SAE. Multipurpose lubricating oils should be used basically.

IMPORTANT

• The prescribed lubricating oil quality must be observed when selecting the viscosity class.



▶ FUFI SYSTEM

- Always use filtered diesel for the fuel system.
- 2. At the end of the day's working, it is preferable to fill the diesel tank so that it may prevent condensation.
- Change the filter, if the system gets choked.

Do not change both the filters at the same time.

If the above directives are not adhered to, the fuel injection pump & injection nozzle will lose its life early.

Also, it will lead to excessive black smoke & excessive diesel consumption.

※ Please refer to 「APPENDIX」 chapter for more details of diesel fuel.

OPERATION

WINTER OPERATION WITH **DIESEL FUEL**

Special demands are placed on the cold behavior (temperature limit value of the filterability) for winter operation. Suitable fuels are available at filling stations in winter.

At low ambient temperatures paraffin discharges can lead to blockages in the fuel system and cause operating faults.

IMPORTANT

For engines with common rail injection, the mixing of petroleum and adding of extra low additives is not permissible.

COOLING SYSTEM

- Check the fan belt tension regularly. Adjust, If required.
- Check the coolant level in the radiator fins always clean.
- Replace the radiator cap with a genuine cap only, if required.
- Do not remove the thermostat but replace with a new one, if required.
- Do not change the radiator water often.
 - ※ Please refer to 「APPENDIX」 chapter for more details of coolant.

▶ OTHERS

In liquid-cooled engines, the coolant must be conditioned and monitored. otherwise the engine could be damaged by:

- Corrosion
- Cavitation
- Freezing
- Overheating



E. MAINTENANCE

1.	MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE · · · · · · E – 2
2.	OPENING COVERS E – 4
3.	CHECKS & SERVICING EACH PARTE – 5
4.	GREASING EACH PART · · · · · · E – 15
5.	STORING THE TRACTOR · · · · · · · · · E = 16



MAINTENANCE

1. MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

▶ PERIODICAL CHECK AND SERVICE TABLE

Check or adjust each part only when engine is stopped.

When any hot part should be serviced, wait until it is cooled down.

○ : Check · Add · Adjust

●: Replace

★ : Replace at first time only

 \triangle : Clean

	INSPECTION PART					TIM	IE OF I	JSE					YE	AR	REPLACE/REMARK
INSPECTION PART			100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550	1	2	REPLACE/REMARK
	ENGINE OIL LEVEL														
	ENGINE OIL & FILTER	*					•					•	•		EVERY 250HR OR 1 YEAR
	FUEL FILTER										•				
	FULE HOSE & BAND										0			•	EVERY 2 YEAR
E	AIR CLEANER ELEMENT		Δ		Δ		Δ		Δ		•				EVERY 500HR
N	AIR CLEANER HOSE & BAND										0			•	EVERY 2 YEAR
G I	INLET HOSE & BAND										0			•	EVERY 2 YEAR
N	COOLANT													•	EVERY 2 YEAR
Е	COOLANT LEVEL				CHECK BEFORE WORK										
	RADIATOR & RADIATOR NET			CLE	CLEAN BEFORE WORK										
	RADIATOR HOSE & BAND										0			•	EVERY 2 YEAR
	FAN BELT & A/C BELT					0					0				REPLACE IF IT IS NEEDED
	BATTERY		0		0		0		0		0				REPLACE IF IT IS NEEDED

- Check or adjust each part only when engine is stopped.
- When any hot part should be serviced, wait until it is cooled down.

 \bigcirc : Check · Add · Adjust

●: Replace

★ : Replace at first time only

 \triangle : Clean

	INSPECTION PART	TIME OF USAGE														DEDI ACE/DEMADY				
	INSPECTION PART	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550	600	1	2	REPLACE/REMARK				
	TRANSMISSION OIL	*										•				EVERY 500 HOURS				
	HYDRAULIC OIL FILTER	*										•				11				
	FRONT AXLE OIL ★															п				
C H	TOE-IN		GET SERVICED BY WORKSHOP EVERY 300HR													2 ~ 6mm (0.078 in. ~ 0.236 in.)				
Α	GREASING EACH PART		AD	D EVE	RY 50	HOUR	, DAIL													
S S	BRAKE PEDAL PLAY	(CHE	CK SIN		HECK NEOUS			ALS)			PLAY: 30 ~ 40mm (1.18 in. ~ 1.57 in.)									
S	TIGHTNESS OF FRONT & REAR WHEELS			(CHECK	FREQ	UENTI	LY BEF	ORED	RIVIN	G									
	ADJUSTING THROTTLE SYSTEM						0						0							
	RUBBER HOSES					0					0									
	CHECKING ELECTRIC WIRING	0			0			0			0			0		EVERY YEAR				



MAINTENANCE

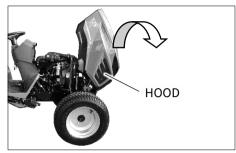
2. OPENING COVERS

▶ OPENING HOOD



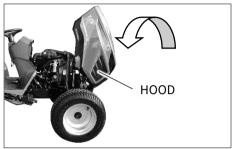
To open the hood, follow the steps below.

1. Pull the hood open lever to release hood locking.



2. Lift the hood up enough to be opened stable.

► CLOSING HOOD



Grab the hood, and lower the hood enough to lock firmly.



3. CHECKS & SERVICING EACH PART

▶ COOLANT CHECK



Open the radiator cap and check that radiator is filled up with coolant up to its filter inlet.

If amount of coolant is insufficient, add more coolant.

A WARNING

- If coolant gets on your skin, it can irritate the skin and cause a skin condition.
 - Make sure to clean your skin with soap and water or hand cleaner.
- Please refer to 「APPENDIX」 chapter for coolant specification and capacity.

▶ COOLANT CHANGE



Follow steps below to change coolant.

- Drain old coolant.
 To drain coolant rapidly, open drain plug and remove radiator cap at same time.
- Flush the inside of radiator with clean water thoroughly.
- 3. Fit the drain cock
- Add the coolant.
- Start the engine and idle it for approx. 5 min.
- Check coolant level in reservoir tank.
 If it is not sufficient, add more coolant.
- 7. Check coolant level after filling it.

▶ ANTIFREEZE

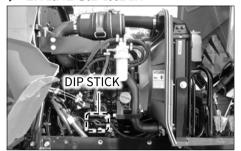
If coolant freeze, the engine can be damaged.

Please ensure followings.

- Clean the radiator before adding antifreeze.
- Mixture ratio of antifreeze is different by manufactures and temperature.
 Follow the guide of manufacture's manual.
- Adding antifreeze in case of;
 If evaporated Add water for
 reduced amount.
 If leaked Add mixture of antifreeze
 and water with same mixture ratio.



FNGINF OIL CHECK



Follow the steps below to check engine oil.

- Pull out the dipstick, wipe its tip and insert it again.
- Check that oil level is between the upper and lower limits.
- If insufficient, add more oil.



<DIP STICK>

FNGINF OIL CHANGE



Follow the steps below to change engine oil.

- Ensure that engine is cool enough not to get burnt.
- Unscrew the drain plug on lower section of the engine to drain contaminated engine oil.
- 3. After draining engine oil, tighten the drain plug.
- 4. Remove the cap of engine oil, add specified amount of engine oil through engine oil filling hole.

IMPORTANT

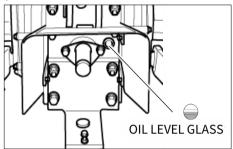
- Do not add engine oil over upper limit level.
- When trying to use new oil from a different manufacture or oil with different viscosity, drain used oil completely before adding new oil.
- Please refer to **APPENDIX** I chapter for engine oil specification and capacity.

A CAUTION

- If engine oil gets on your skin, it can irritate the skin and cause a skin condition.
 - Make sure to clean your skin with soap and water or hand cleaner.
- Make sure to cool down the engine sufficiently before draining oil. Oil is very hot and can cause a burn if changing oil right after the engine is stopped.
- Check engine oil level after filling it.



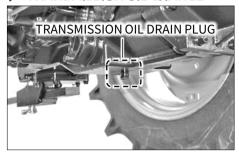
▶ TRANSMISSION OIL CHECK



Follow the steps below to check transmission oil.

- 1. Ensure the engine is stopped.
- Check transmission oil level through the sight glass to see whether the oil level is between upper and lower limits.
- 3. If insufficient, add transmission oil.

▶ TRANSMISSION OIL CHANGE



Follow the steps below to change transmission oil.

- Unscrew the drain plug on the lower section of the transmission to drain contaminated transmission oil.
 - Since hot oil flows out of the engine first, be careful not to get burnt.
- After draining oil, tighten the drain plug.
- Add specified amount of transmission oil through the filling hole.
 - Filling hole is located under the seat.
- Check transmission oil level after filling it.

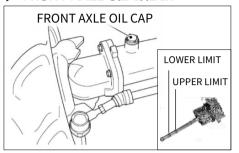
IMPORTANT

- Do not add transmission oil over upper limit level.
- Check the transmission oil before start the engine or at least 5 min after the engine is stopped.
- When trying to use new oil from a different manufacture or oil with different viscosity, drain used oil completely before adding new oil.
- Please refer to 「APPENDIX」 chapter for transmission oil specification and capacity.

A CAUTION

- If transmission oil gets on your skin, it can irritate the skin and cause a skin condition.
 - Make sure to clean your skin with soap and water or hand cleaner.
- Make sure to cool down the engine sufficiently before draining oil.
 Oil is very hot and can cause a burn if changing oil right after the engine is stopped.

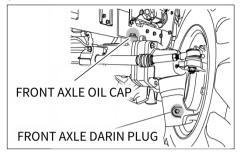
FRONT AXI F OIL CHECK



Follow the steps below to check front axle oil.

- Park the tractor on level surface.
- Lower the implements and shut off the engine.
- Remove front axle oil cap.
- Wipe the dip stick on oil cap, dip and screw oil cap into front axle oil filling hole.
- Unscrew oil cap and pull out
- Check the level with dip stick.
- If the level is low, add more oil through filling hole.

► FRONT AXI F OIL CHANGE



Follow the steps below to change front axle oil.

- Park the tractor on level surface
- Lower the implements and shut off the engine.
- Remove front axle oil cap.
- Remove front axle drain plug at bottom of front axle case and front of both spindles.
- Drain front axle oil completely.
- Reinstall drain plugs.
- Fill with new front axle oil to correct level through filling hole.
- Reinstall front axle oil cap.

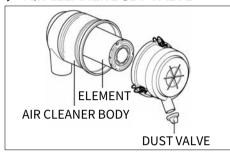
IMPORTANT

Please refer to FAPPENDIX chapter for front axle oil specification and capacity.

A CAUTION

- Always ensure that you use the correct oil for topping up or oil changes.
- Check front axle oil level after filling it.

▶ AIR CI FANER DUST VAI VE



Pull out the valve with a hand and remove dust from its inside. If it is dirty or watery, wipe it with a dry rag thoroughly before fitting it again.

▶ AIR CI FANER FI EMENT

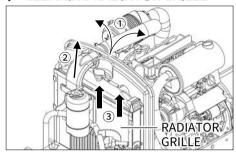


Follow the steps below to clean or change air cleaner element.

- Remove the locking band and clamps to separate air cleaner from the tractor.
- Remove dust by blowing compressed air from the inside toward the outside of the element.
- Keep proper distance between the air nozzle and element.

* After cleaning the element 5 times or if it is damaged, replace with new element.

CLEANING RADIATOR GRILLE



Follow the steps below to clean radiator grille.

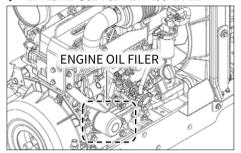
- Split and raise up rubber holder.
- Raise up air cleaner hose.
- Pull out radiator grille.
- Gently clean radiator grille with air blower or tap water.

■ IMPORTANT

Do not clean the radiator fin with water jet. It can deform the fin.



▶ ENGINE OIL FILTER CHANGE



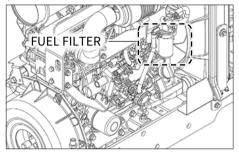
Follow the steps below to change engine oil filter.

- 1. Remove the oil filter using a filter wrench.
- 2. Smear lightly the rubber seal on the new filter with oil to ensure.
- Turn the filter clockwise until the seal contacts the base and then turn it another 2/3 turn to tighten it.

IMPORTANT

- Always use the same oil, as using different oils or specifications can cause damage.
- Dispose off the old oil as per local regulations.

▶ FUEL FILTER CLEANING



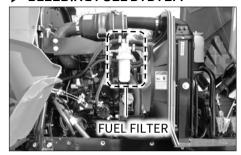
Follow the steps below to change fuel filter.

- Close the fuel cock.
- 2. Remove the filter.
- 3. Wash it or replace the filter element.
- 4. Bleed the air from the filter.

IMPORTANT

- Never use petrol (gasoline) thinner or similar inflammable material to wash the primary fuel filter.
- After replacing the filter always bleed the system.

▶ BLEEDING FUEL SYSTEM

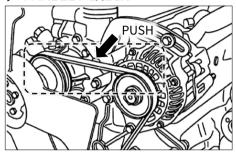


The fuel system is to be bled whenever the tractor has run out of fuel or when filters, pipes or other components have been replaced.

- Fill the tank with fuel.
- 2. Open fuel filter cock.
- 3. Turn the key 「ON」 position for a while.
- 4. Start the engine and allow it to run for a while.
- 5. Stop the engine.
- The bleeding of the system is now finished.



► FANBELT CHECK



Check the fan belt tension regularly and adjust if required.

The correct tension is, if the center of the belt is pushed with a finger, that it moves in approx. 10 to 12 mm (0.4 to 0.5 in) under 10Kgf [98N].

To adjust the fan belt, loosen the top bolt on the alternator, move the alternator to the desired position and tighten the bolt.

Also ensure that the bolts at the bottom of the alternator are tight.

► HOSES AND CLAMPS

The fuel lines, radiator, hydraulic, air cleaner and rubber hoses are consumables, which deteriorate by age and use.

Check them regularly and replace if they are damaged.

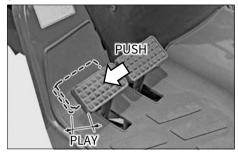
A CAUTION

- Damaged fuel lines leak and cause fires.
- Damaged radiator hoses can cause hot water burns and in severe cases seize the engine.

IMPORTANT

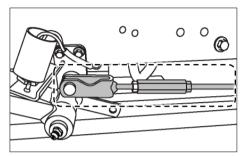
- Fuel pipes and wiring age with use.
- Ask your dealer to check it at least once every 2 years and replace as required.

▶ BRAKE PEDAL FREE PLAY



Use of the brakes will change the pedal free play and the balance between the right and left pedals.

The correct pedal free play is $3 \sim 4$ cm. $(1.18 \sim 1.56 \text{ in.})$



- Adjustment
- 1. Loosen the locknuts at each end and turn the rod to adjust the brake.
- Turning it anticlockwise increases the free play, clockwise decreases it.
- 3. Tighten the locknuts.
- 4. Check that the free play is correct and the same on both pedals to ensure even braking.

► ADJUSTING THROTTLE LEVER, TOE-IN

THROTTLE LEVER

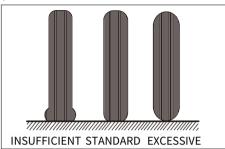
If this lever is either loose or difficult to move, please consult your workshop for rectification of the problem.

TOE-IN

If the toe-in adjustment is incorrect it can cause severe shaking of both the steering wheel and the entire tractor. The correct toe-in is $2 \sim 6$ mm. $(0.78 \sim 0.23$ in.)

We recommend that the adjustment is made by the workshop.

TIRE PRESSURE



The air pressure used in the tires has a direct bearing on the life of the tire and its performance in the field. Ensure that the tire pressures are correct and in accordance with the table. To make a visual judgment see drawing on top.

⚠ DANGER

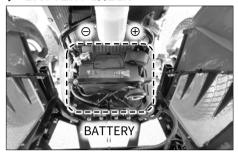
Excess tire pressure can cause accidents!

■ IMPORTANT

 It is strongly recommended that tire pressures are checked with a proper gauge only & visual inspections are relied upon.



BATTERY CHECK



The original battery is maintenance free. But the water in the electrolyte can evaporate during use. So it needs to service for longer life.

The electrolyte level of the battery can evaporate during use thus lowering the level. Where it does so replace it with distilled water. Where a spillage has reduced the level, replace it with electrolyte.

A CAUTION

- Electrolyte contains acid and can cause serious burns.
- Any spillage on skin should be washed off by water immediately.

BATTERY MAINTENANCE

- Low temperatures will affect the performance of batteries so take particular care of it in winter.
- For long-term storage of the tractor, remove the battery and keep it in a cool dry room. If it is on the tractor while stored.
- disconnect the negative terminal. Batteries will self-discharge if left for a period of without use time.
- To keep them in good condition charge them once a month in summer and every second month in winter.
- When replacing the original battery, ensure that the replacement battery is the same size. Failure to do so can cause problems with the electrical circuit.

IMPORTANT

Low electrolyte levels can cause premature battery failure and corrosion.

BATTERY JUMP START

- Turn off all electric devices
- Connect positive terminal of normal battery to the positive terminal of discharged battery with jump cable.
- Connect the negative terminal of the normal battery to the engine body of the tractor for discharged battery with the jump cable.
- Firstly, start the engine of the vehicle with the normal battery. Then, start the engine of the tractor with the discharged battery.
- After the engine is started, disconnect the negative cable first. Then, disconnect the positive cable.
- Charge the discharged battery for approx. 30 minutes after the engine is started.

▲ CAUTION

Make sure to connect positive terminal first and connect negative terminal to the engine body of the tractor with the discharged battery.

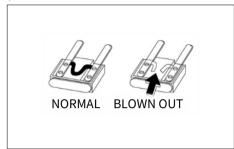
► HARNESS AND FUSES CHECK

Loose wires make inferior connections and damaged wires can cause short circuits, fires burnt wiring or reduce efficiency of components. Replace or repair any faulty wiring or insulation. If a fuse burns out again after it has been replaced, do not replace it with wire or a high capacity fuse, find the cause and rectify it or get auto electrician to do so. Where insulation is chafed or peeled off, recover the area with a good quality insulation tape. Where wiring comes out of it's fitting replace it correctly with the standard fitting.

■ IMPORTANT

- Incorrect wiring or fuses can cause fires to both the tractor and surrounding area so get the dealer to check it annually.
 Likewise fuel pipes and wiring age with use.
- Ask your dealer to check it at least once every 2 years and replace as required.

▶ FUSE REPLACING



The circuit has blade type fuses in its wiring circuit.

When a fuse has blown replace it with one of the same value.

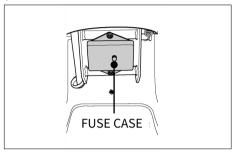
Using a large capacity fuse or wire burn out the wiring system.

Use fuse tongs to replace fuses.

■ IMPORTANT

- Always check the reason for a blown fuse otherwise the new fuse is also likely to blow.
- NEVER EVER USE A WIRE in place of correct grade fuse.

MAIN FUSES



The wiring harness is equipped with main fuses whose function is to preserve the wiring.

However when a main fuse blows the entire circuit is dead.

Always check the reason & rectify before replacing the fuse of the same value.

To indicate that the fuse is blown it will

4. GREASING EACH PART

▶ GREASING THE TRACTOR

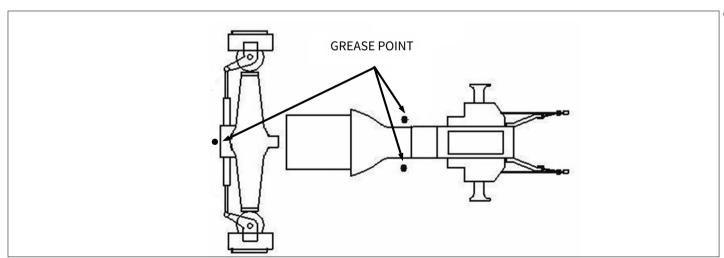
Grease the tractor according to the service schedule.

Ensure that grease nipples are cleaned well before any attempt is made to grease them.









MAINTENANCE

5. STORING THE TRACTOR

► SERVICE PRIOR TO DAILY AND SHORT TERM STORAGE

Wash the tractor and keep it clean. Fill the tank to avoid condensation and rust.

Lower any attached implement to the ground before parking the tractor. For long-term storage consult your dealer.

► FOR DAILY OR SHORT TERM STORAGE

Clean the tractor and remove all dirt from field work.

Fill the fuel tank to avoid condensation and rust.

Lower the implement to the ground. Keep it in a machinery shed or, if not available cover the unit if left outside.

In very cold conditions it is advisable to remove the battery and keep it inside in a warm environment.

This will ensure effective starting when the tractor is required.

When the outside temperature is below 0°C (32°F), replace the antifreeze completely or drain the coolant to protect the engine from damage from frozen coolant.

■ IMPORTANT

- When washing the tractor ensure that water does not get near electrical components or the oil filter points.
- To prevent short circuits remove the ignition key.
- Do not wash the tractor when the engine is running.

When the tractor will not be used for a long time carry out the cleaning as for short term storage.

Drain the oil and replace with new oil. Run the engine for approx. 5 min. to ensure that it has new oil throughout the engine.

Drain the coolant from the radiator and remove the ignition key.

Attach a tag both the key and the steering wheel saying 「No coolant」. Lubricate all grease and oil points on the tractor.

Check the pressures and add a small amount of extra pressure.

Lower any implement to the ground or store in a shady dry place.

Place a piece of wood under each tire to preserve the tire.

IMPORTANT

- After refilling the engine with the coolant run the engine for approx. 5
 10 min. at 1,500 ~ 2,000rpm every month as a corrosion prevention measure.
- Either removes the battery or the negative terminal as mouse damage to wiring can cause short circuits and fires.
- Remove the ignition key and store in a safe place.

▶ REUSE AFTER LONG TERM STORAGE

Carry out a full check of all oils and coolant.

Refit the battery and run the engine at idle for 30 min. to ensure optimum engine life.

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F. TROUBLESHOOTING

1. ENGINEF – 2
2. BRAKEF – 5
3. STEERING WHEEL & HYDRAULIC SYSTEM ······F – 6
4. ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTSF = 7



TROUBLESHOOTING =

1. ENGINE

► ENGINE

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
	The start motor does not rotate when the key switch is turned	 PTO switch is on 「ON」 position Defective safety switch Battery discharged Loose terminal Faulty key switch Defective start motor 	 Set PTO switch into 「OFF」 position Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Charge battery Check for looseness and corrosion Clean, tighten and apply grease Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop
	The start motor runs, but its speed cannot be increased	Weak batteryPoor groundIncorrect viscosity of engine oil	Charge battery.Clean contact and connect ground firmlyChange engine oil with proper viscosity
E N G I N F	The start motor runs, but engine cannot be started	 Air in fuel system Clogged fuel filter No fuel supply Defective engine Defective key stop unit 	 Bleed the system Clean or replace the filter Open the cock and add fuel Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop
L	Engine runs irregularly	 Air in fuel system Clogged fuel filter Clogged injection nozzle Fuel leak from pipe Poor fuel injection 	 Bleed the system Clean or replace the filter Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Tighten clamp, replace pipe or machine surface of copper washer before installation Have it repaired or replaced by workshop
	Engine stops at low speed	 Defective injection pump Incorrect engine valve clearance Low idle speed Faulty nozzle 	 Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Adjust speed to the rated speed Have it repaired or replaced by workshop

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
	The engine overruns	Clogged governor by foreign material or dustOil increased	 Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop
	The engine stalls suddenly	 Insufficient fuel Faulty nozzle Engine seizure by insufficient oil or poor lubrication 	 Add more fuel and bleed the system Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Pull the fan belt. If crank pulley is moved, it may indicate insufficient fuel and faulty nozzle
E N G I N	The engine is overheated	 Insufficient coolant amount Loose or damaged fan belt Clogged radiator Insufficient engine oil 	 Add coolant Adjust fan belt tension or replace it Clean radiator Inspect and replenish
	The engine produces white or black smoke	White smoke Clogged air cleaner Excessive engine oil amount Insufficient fuel delivery amount Black smoke Low quality fuel Excessive fuel amount delivery Insufficient nozzle pressure	White smoke Clean air cleaner element Check and set the proper amount Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Black smoke Add specified fuel Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Have it repaired or replaced by workshop

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
	The engine power is insufficient	 Clogged or carbon on nozzle tip Insufficient compression or gas leak from valve seat Incorrectly adjusted valve clearance Incorrect injection timing Insufficient fuel Clogged air cleaner Urea supply shortage 	 Have it repaired or replaced by workshop Add more fuel Clean the air cleaner element Add more urea
E N G I N E	The oil warning lamp comes on during driving	 Low engine oil level Low viscosity of engine oil Faulty pressure switch Defective oil pump Oil filter element clogged 	 Add engine oil to specified level Change oil with proper viscosity Replace the switch Have it repaired by workshop Replace the element
	The charge warning lamp comes on during driving	 Defective wiring Defective alternator Defective battery or insufficient distilled water Loose or damaged fan belt 	 Check for loose or missing terminal, short circuit and poor ground and repair as necessary Have it repaired by workshop Replace the battery or add distilled water Adjust the tension or replace the belt



2. BRAKE

▶ BRAKE

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
B R A	Brake does not operate or brake on one side operates only	 Excessive brake pedal free play Worn or seized liner Different play of left and right pedals 	 Adjust the free play Have it repaired by workshop Set the left and right free play to the same
K E	The brake pedal does not return to is original position properly	 Damaged brake return spring No grease on sliding part 	 Replace the spring Remove rust and apply grease



TROUBLESHOOTING =

3. STEERING WHEEL & HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

▶ STEERING WHEEL

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
S T E	The steering wheel feels heavy or The steering wheel vibrates	Improper toe-inIncorrect tire inflation pressureVibration from each connection	 Adjust toe-in Set left and right tires to same specified pressure Tighten or replace connection
R I N G	The free movement of steering wheel is excessive	 Worn steering wheel shaft Worn metal parts Free play from each connection 	 Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop Tighten free play of each connection

► HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
H Y D	Oil leaks from the pipe or hose	Loose clampsCracked pipes	Tighten clampsHave it replaced by workshop
R A U L	Hydraulic pressure won't be decreased	 Lowering speed control lever fixed Defective valve Damaged cylinder Damaged and seized lift shaft rotating part 	 Set it to the lowering position Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop
S Y S T E M	The hydraulic pressure won't be increased	 Insufficient engine RPM Insufficient transmission fluid Air sucked into suction pipe Clogged oil filter Defective hydraulic pump Defective valve Damaged cylinder 	 Set the speed to 1,000 to 1,500 RPM Add to the specified level Tighten the connection. If any pipe or hose is cracked or O-ring is damaged, replace them. Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop Have it repaired by workshop

4. ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTS

▶ ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTS

	ISSUE	CAUSE	ACTION
ELECT	The battery won't be charged	 Blown fusible link Defective wiring Defective alternator Loose or damaged fan belt Defective battery function 	 Check the wiring and replace the fusible link Check for loose or missing terminal, short circuit and poor ground and repair as necessary Have it repaired by workshop Adjust the tension or replace the belt Check for loose or corroded terminal and insufficient electrolyte and take any necessary action
R I C	The headlamp does not produce enough light	Low charging level of batteryContact failure in wiring	Charge Check, clean and re-tighten the ground and terminal
S Y S T	The headlamp does not come on	Blown bulbBlown fuseContact failure	 Replace the bulb Check the wiring and replace the fuse Check and clean the ground and terminal
E M	The horn does not operate	Defective horn switchDefective wiringDamaged horn	ReplaceRepairRepair or replace
	The turn signal lamp does not blink	Blown bulbDefective flasher unitPoor contact	Replace the bulbReplaceCheck and clean the ground and terminal
	The work lamp does not come on	Blown bulbContact failure	Replace the bulbCheck and clean the ground and terminal

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G. STANDARD FOR FARMWORK

TO ENSURE SAFE AGRICULTURAL WORK, SAFETY
PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY
ARE SET BY THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURAL
ENGINEERING.

READ THIS INFORMATION THOROUGHLY ALONG WITH THE USER MANUAL TO ENSURE SAFE WORK.



STANDARD FOR FARMWORK

1. STANDARD FOR FARMWORK

▶ SAFETY MARK

Always make sure to check the operating condition of the safety lamp (such as turn signal lamp) before operating the machine.

※ If any lighting system is removed
※ It may lead to an unexpected accident because it is not possible to give signals to people or machine nearby.

▶ INSTRUCTION BEFORE USE

Operator must attend his/her health and should get enough rest.

Before using the machine, check it and repair if there is a malfunction.

- Check if the assembly of front and rear wheels is okay.
- Check the tightening of bolts and nuts in each unit.

Do not drive if you are mentally unstable, drunk, pregnant, under the age of 16, not trained, overworked, sick, under the influence of drugs, and any other reason that may affect normal operation of the machine.

Please wear the appropriate working clothing.

- Put on a hard hat to protect your head.
- Put on a hat and a working clothes, to prevent an injury such as being twined into the machine.

- Protective measures to prevent any injury on foot or slipping - Put on an appropriate non-slippery shoes to prevent a fall from the machine, scattering soil, and slippery surface.
- · Measures against dust and toxic gas.
- · Wear an appropriate protective gear.
- Measures against the herbicide: wear protective gear to protect respiratory system, eyes and skin.
- Measures against noise: wear a protective gear to protect your ears.
- Handling protective gear: do neither let children get on the machine nor get close to the machine.

If it is not possible to park the agricultural machine on a road either due to a breakdown or any other reason, operator must take an action such as moving the equipment to a place other than a road.

Also, put a signal that there is a broken car, 100m behind and 200m at night in accordance with Automobile Regulation Article 23.

When starting to drive, make sure to check around carefully.

Do not let anyone such as a child get close to the machine, keep them away and then drive the machine.

Do not load flammable, explosive material (diesel, gasoline, etc) on the machine.

When getting on and off a truck, have a helper give you signal and follow his/her lead.

Refer to chapter B in user's manual regarding the decals on the machine.

▶ CHECKUP LIST FOR OPERATION

Before using the machine, check it and repair if there is a malfunction.

Check engine oil.

Pull out level gauge, wipe off any fuel leak, put it back in, and pull it out again to see if the oil level is between 「upper limit」 and 「lower limit」.

Before any operation, check for any foreign materials caught on the engine, muffler, battery, and the fuel tank. Remove them immediately.

Covers that are removed during the maintenance work should be reinstalled to their original positions.

Attach the cover correctly and firmly.

► CAUTIONS DURING THE WORK

Do not load anything that can interfere driving.

• Always keep the driver's seat clean.

Always buckle up when driving.

Opening radiator cap when heated can spring out the steam to have the operator burned.

Open the cap after it is sufficiently cooled down.

Do not drive with depressing the differential gear pedal.

Prohibit anyone to get on the machine.

- Prohibit anyone to get on the machine other than the designated place.
- Even though there are some designated place, do not let people more than capacity get on the machine.

STANDARD FOR FARMWORK

- Never let any passenger mount on the machine.
 - Also, do not put any object on the machine.
 - Keep people away from the machine.
- Do not jump on/off the operating machine except for emergency.

Be cautious not to let anyone touch the belt.

Always check the connected area of belt. When two people are working collaboratively, exchange signals each other.

Prevent injury.

- Do not touch power transmission gear, rotating unit, and other dangerous parts.
- Pay special attention if you are working with the machine with blade or sharp projection.
- Be careful not to injure from the work where soils and stones are scattered around.

Safety in inspection, adjustment, etc.

- Make sure to stop the motor and carry out the work in a safe environment.
- When leaving the machine for a break, or other reason, leave the machine in a safe place and descend the working unit to keep them in a safe stopped state.

Removing and installing should be carried out in a safe place and with a safe method.

Do neither stay nor insert foot under the working units.

► CAUTIONS WHEN DRIVING ON FARM ROAD

Driving on roads

- Drive safely observing the relevant regulation.
- · Drive at safe speed.
- Be careful not to disturb other drivers
- When driving a machine with sharp blade or bump, put on a warning sign or detach in advance to prevent any injury.
- Do not drive fast particularly on winding roads with projecting rocks.
- When driving at night, do not detach lighting device. (headlight, turn indicator, work light, brake light, etc.)
- Do not drive fast, abrupt starting, abrupt acceleration, sudden stop, and quick turning.
- When driving at high speed, do not slam on the brake. Never slam on the brake especially when turning at high speed.

When loading/unloading the machine

- Choose a place with a leveled and safe ground.
- Drive at low speed.
- Use a ramp with anti-slippery.

When entering paved road

- Use a ramp to cross a ditch or a bank.
- Make sure to use a ramp to enter/exit a high footpath. Be careful with fall and not to overturn.
- Check the safety around the surrounding before starting to drive.

When driving on a slope

Drive at the minimum speed, lower the operating machine as low as possible and low the center position.

▶ INSTRUCTION AFTER USE

When the work is completed, stop the engine on a leveled ground, check the machine to clean. (remove any foreign materials)

Remove straws, dirt, etc. and clean around the engine, silencer, and fuel tank.

Lay a cover on the transplanter (equipment) after the muffler and engine cool down.

Get a regular inspection after the season is over.

When discarding a part (battery, oil, etc.) or scrap a machine, consult to a dealer and proceed accordingly.

For long-term storage, remove the battery from the machine and store it or disconnect the negative battery cable.

► CAUTIONS FOR INSPECTION & **MAINTENANCE**

Do not refuel either when the engine is still hot or while driving.

Measures against a fire: Every working place with a risk of fire should be provided with a fire extinguisher. Prevent a fire by taking measures such as making a smoking area.

Always wipe off the leaked fuel.

Be seated in the cab when starting the engine.

After refueling, tighten the fuel cap and check if there is any fuel leakage from tank or pipe.

When opening a cap to supply water to radiator, be careful because steam or boiling water may spray due to overheating.

When getting off the cab, turn off the engine, lock the parking brake and remove the ignition key.

If it is inevitable to park on a slope, choke the wheels

Park on a leveled and safe ground safely.

Check if the wiring code is in contact with other parts, peeled, loose or having spacing.

▶ TRACTOR

Manage PTO

- Stop PTO before stopping the engine.
- Do not remove the PTO protective cover or protective panel for operating machine.
- Do not use PTO adaptor in order to extend the PTO coupler or universal joint to outside of PTO protective cover.

To repair, secure the wheel width, or changing the wheel under either tractor or trailer, with the tractor or trailer raised, choke the wheels that are on the ground.

Do not use hydraulic jack for operating machine or tractor. Instead, use block or stand.

Safety frame

- Do neither weld nor drill a hole on the attached safety frame. Also do not modify it.
- Replace the damaged safety frame with a new one.

If the safety frame was removed for specialized work, restore it immediately.

Be careful to touch dangerous area such as power transmission gear, rotating unit, etc. Put on a protective cover.

Do neither modify nor remove the safety device.

When checking and replacing the blade to plow the ground

- Stop the engine.
- Prevent the rotary from falling by turning the fall adjusting handle to stop hydraulic pressure.
- Apply the parking brake.
- Do not stand between tractor and rotary.

When working with rotary

Do not put your hands near the rotating part such as blade axle and universal joint.



- Do not ride on the rotary.
- When driving backward or turning quickly with the rotary raised up, make sure to check behind the machine.
- Adjust the rear cover.

▶ OTHER PRECAUTIONS

The following items can affect the tractor performance and safety. Therefore, Repair of these items should be done by your workshop.

• Injection pump, nozzle, engine valve clearance, hydraulic valve, hydraulic pump and evaporator.

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H. APPENDIX

1.	SPECIFICATION ····································
2.	STANDARD PARTS ····································
3.	TIRE & MASS H – 5
4.	DIESEL FUEL H – 6
5.	ENGINE COOLANT
6.	ENGINE EMISSION WARRANTY · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



1. SPECIFICATION

	SPECIFICATION		DETAIL
	MANUFACTURE		YANMAR
	MODEL		3TNV80F
	TYPE		NATURAL ASPIRATION
ENGINE	CYLINDERS		3
	DISPLACEMENT	Сm³	1,267cc (77.3 cu. in.)
	HORSE POWER	kW (HP)	18.4 (24.7)
	ROTATION SPEED	RPM	3,000
ELECTRIC	BATTERY		12V 45AH
INSTRUMENT	ALTERNATOR		12V 40A
	TRANSMISSION TYPE		HST
	SPEED STEP		FORWARD 2 / REVERSE 2 (CONTINUOUSLY VARIABLE TRANSMISSION)
TRANSMISSION ,BRAKE, CLUTCH	BRAKE SYSTEM		WET DISC
,	STEERING SYSTEM		HYDROSTATIC
	CLUTCH SYSTEM		N/A
	PUMP CAPACITY(MAIN)	GPM (L/min)	4.18 (15.82)
HYDRAULIC SYSTEM	PUMP CAPACITY(STEERING)	GPM (L/min)	2.77 (10.49)
	TOTAL REMOTE CONTROL VA	LVES	1 SET (IN/OUT)
	TYPE		CATEGORY 1
3 POINT LINKAGE	MAX	kg (lbs.)	696 (1,534)
3 FOINT LINNAGE	нітсн	kg (lbs.)	500 (1,102)
	CONTROL TYPE		POSITION

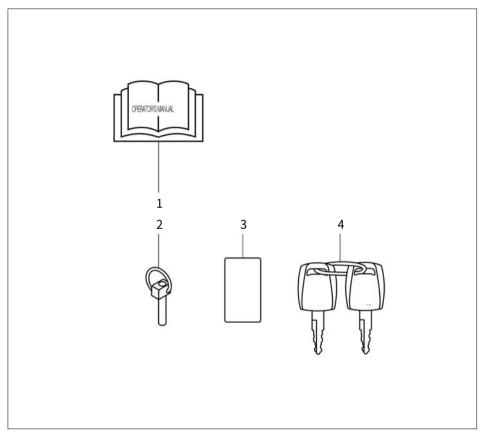


	SPECIFICATION		DETAIL
	TYPE		INDEPENDENT
PTO	CONTROL TYPE		ELECTRIC/HYDRO
PIO	MID PTO	RPM	N/A
	REAR PTO	RPM	540
	FUEL TANK & (U	JS gal.)	25 (6.6) (DIESEL)
OIL	ENGIN COOLANT & (U	JS gal.)	3.6 (0.92) (WITH ANTI-FREEZE)
SPECIFICATION	ENGINE OIL & (U	JS gal.)	2.0 (0.52) (API CJ-4 GRADE OR HIGHER)
& CAPACITY	TRANSMISSION OIL & (U	JS gal.)	14 (3.69) (API GL-4 GRADE, BELOW -20°C(-4°F) ISO VG32, ABOVE -20°C(-4°F) ISO VG46)
	FRONT AXLE OIL & (U	JS gal.)	4.5 (1.18) (API GL-4 GRADE SAE80W/90)
	LENGTH mm	ı (inch)	2,740 (107.8)
	WIDTH mm	ı (inch)	1,342 (52.8)
	HEIGHT mm	ı (inch)	2,280 (89.8)
DIMENSION	TRACK DISTANCE mm	ı (inch)	1,550 (61)
	MIN. GROUND CLEARANCE mm	ı (inch)	196 (7.71)
	MIN. TURNING RADIUS (WITHOUT BREAKE)	ı (inch)	2,782 (109.5)
	WEIGHT kg	g (lbs.)	853 (1,881)
	FRONT: AGRI. TURF. IND. IND.		6-12 25x8.5-14 23x8.5-12 25x8.5-14
TIRES	REAR : AGRI. TURF. IND. IND.		9.5-20 36x13.5-15 12-16.5 14-17.5
	MAX TRAVELING SPEED km/h	h(m/h)	22.1 (13.7)

- Consult your TYM dealer to purchase recommended oils and coolant. Check oil levels after changing or filling them.



2. STANDARD PARTS



NO	ITEM	SPEC.	Q.
1	OPERATOR'S MANUAL		1
2	PIN, LINK		1
3	REAR REFLECTOR		2
4	KEY SET		2

3. TIRE & MASS

NI-	Axle	Tyre dimension including	Rolling	Tyre Load	Maximum permissible	Maximum permissible	Permissible vertical load on	Track w	idth(mm)
No.	No	load capacity index and speed category symbol	radius (mm)	rating per tire [kg]	mass per axle [kg](*)	mass of the vehicle [kg](*)	the coupling point [kg](*)(**)(***)	Min.	Max.
1	F	6-12, 4PR 62 A6 R-1	298	325	650			1,	051
1	R	9.5-20, 6PR, R1 101 A6 R-2	447	825	1,680			1,	020
2	F	25X8.5-14 6PR, 97 A6 R-3	283	730	1,490			1,	111
2	R	36X13.5-15 4PR, 114 A6 R-3	409	1,180	2,360	1,694	300	1,	064
3	F	23X8.5-12, 4PR, R4 93 A2 R-4	258	650	1,334	1,094	300	1,	113
3	R	12-16.5, 6PR, R4 130 A2 R-4	359	1,900	3,830			1,	072
4	F	25X8.5-14, R-4	304.5	507	1,014			1,	111
4	R	14-17.5, R-4	425.5	1,730	3,460			1,	064



4. DIESEL FUEL

▶ DIESEL FUEL SPECIFICATIONS

Diesel fuel should comply with the following specifications. The table list several worldwide specifications for diesel fuels.

DIESEL FUEL SPECIFICATION	LOCATION
ASTM D975 NO. 1D S15 NO. 2D S15	USA
EN590:96	EU
ISO 8217 DMX	INTERNATIONAL
BS 2869-A1 OR A2	UK
JIS K2204 GRADE NO.2	JAPAN
KSM 2610	KOREA
GB252	CHINA

▶ ADDITIONAL TECHNICAL FUEL REQUIREMENTS

- The fuel cetane number should be equal to 45 or higher.
- The sulfur content must not exceed 0.5% by volume. Less must not exceed 0.5% is preferred. For electronically controlled EGR engine, use fuel with sulfur content of less than 0.1%. A higher sulfur content fuel may cause sulfuric acid corrosion in the cylinders of the engines. Especially in U.S.A. and Canada, Ultra Low Sulfur fuel must be used.
- Bio-Diesel fuels. See Bio-diesel fuels on next page.
- Never mix kerosene, used engine oil or residual fuels with the diesel fuel.
- Water and sediment in the fuel should not exceed 0.05% by volume.
- Keep the fuel tank and fuel-handling equipment clean at all times.
- Poor quality fuel can reduce engine performance and/or cause engine damage.

- Fuel additives are not recommended.
 Some fuel additives may cause poor engine performance. Consult your YANMAR representative for more information.
- Ash content not to exceed 0.01% by volume.
- Carbon residue content not to exceed 0.35% by volume. Less than 30% is preferred.
- PAH(polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons) content should be below 10% by volume.
- Metal content of Na, Mg, Si and Al should be equal to or lower than 1 mass ppm. (Test analysis method JPI-5S-44-95)
- Lubricity: Wear mark of WS 1.4 should be Max. 0.018 in. (460 μm) at HFRR test.

► BIO-DEISEL EUELS

- Bio-diesel is a renewable, oxygenated fuel made from agricultural and renewable resources such as soybeans or rapeseeds. Bio-diesel is a fuel comprised of methyl or ethyl esterbased oxygenates of long chain fatty acids derived from the transesterification of vegetable oils, animal fats, and cooking oils. It contains no petroleum-based diesel fuel but can be blended at any level with petroleum-based diesel fuel. In case it is not blended with petroleum-based diesel fuel such bio-diesel is referred to as "B 100", which means that it consists of 100%(pure) bio-diesel. However, most common bio-diesel is blended with conventional (petroleumbased) diesel fuel. The percentage of the blend can be identified by its name. The most common blends are "B7" (consisting of 7% biodiesel and 93% conventional
- petroleum-based diesel fuel) and "B 20" (a blend of 20% bio-diesel fuel) and "B 20" (a blend of 20% bio-diesel and 80% conventional diesel). Raw pressed vegetable oils are not considered to be bio-diesel
- 2. Advantages of bio-diesel.
- Bio-diesel produces less visible smoke and a lower amount of particulate matter.
- Bio-diesel is biodegradable and non-toxic.
- Bio-diesel is safer than
 conventional diesel fuel because of
 its higher flash point.
 Following the increased interest in
 the reduction of emissions and the
 reduction of the use of petroleum
 distillate based fuels; many
 governments and regulating bodies
 encourage the use of bio-diesel.
- 3. Disadvantages of bio-diesel:
 Concentrations that are higher than 7% of bio-diesel(higher than B 7)
 can have an adverse effect on the engine's performance, its integrity and/or durability. The risk of problems occurring in the engine increases as the level of bio-diesel blend increases. The following negative affects are exemplary and typical for the usage of high concentrated bio-diesel blends:
- Bio-diesel can accelerate the oxidation of Aluminum, Brass, Bronze, Copper and Zinc.
- Bio-diesel damages, and finally seeps through certain seals, gaskets, hoses, glues and plastics.
- Certain natural rubbers, nitride and butyl rubbers will become harder and more brittle as degradation proceeds when used with bio-diesel.
- Bio-diesel typically creates deposits in the engine.



- Due to tis natural characteristic, biodiesel will decrease the engine output by approximately 2 percent(in case of B 20) comparing to conventional(petroleum-based)
- The fuel consumption ration will increase by approximately 3 percent (in case of B 20) comparing to conventional diesel fuel.

▶ APPROVED ENGINES

All of the following engine series of YANMAR can be operated with bio-diesel with concentrations up to B 20. In case of using bio-diesel fuel up to B 7 concentrations, no special preparations etc. have to be made and the original operating conditions and service intervals as stated in the operating manuals apply. In case of running below indicated engine with bio-diesel concentrations above B 8 up to B 20, the required operating conditions (see below Conditions for the operation with biodiesel (B 8 through B 20)) have to be observed.

Other than the following listed engines cannot be run with bio-diesel:

 3TNM74F, 3TNV74F, 3TNV80F and 3TNV88F Tier 4

▶ APPROVED FUEL

In case of using bio-diesel (only concentrations up to B 20) such fuel should comply with the below recommended standards.

However, raw pressed vegetable oils are not considered to be bio-diesel and are not acceptable for use as fuel in any concentration in YANMAR engines.

- 1. EN14214 (European standard) and/or ASTM D-6751 (American standard).
- 2. All applicable engines can be operated with bio-diesel fuel up to B 20 (20 % bio-fuel blend) as a maximum concentration. (For your information: In Japan, the legally allowed maximum concentration for on-road applications is B 5.)

► CONDITIONS FOR THE OPERATION WITH BIO-DIESEL B 8 THROUGH B 20

When operating your applicable YANMAR engine with bio-diesel blends concentrated above B 5, we seriously recommend observing the following operation, service and maintenance conditions:

- The original service interval of the below stated services as indicated in the respective YANMAR engine standard operation manual, the application manual and the service manual should be halved (please refer to your own manuals for the each service interval):
- Replacement interval of engine oil filter, engine oil and the fuel filter.
- Cleaning interval of the water separator
- · Drain interval of the fuel tank.
- It is required to inspect, clean and adjust the fuel injector every 1000 operating hours.
- Replacement of the following parts before using the recommended biodiesel:

- Fuel hose
- Fuel feed pump (diaphragm type)
- If not already installed, a water separator needs to be built in
- · 0-ring of fuel filter
- 0-ring of water separator
 Please refer to the attached list of exchange parts for details.
- 4. Please use only bio-diesel fuel that is appropriate to the intended operation environment of the engines. This especially applies if the operating ambient temperature falls below 0 degree centigrade.
- 5. Operation with bio-diesel requires daily maintenance as follows:
- Please daily check the engine oil level.
 - If the oil level rises above the oil level of the previous day, the engine oil needs to be immediately replaced.
- Please daily check the water level of the water separator.
 If the water level rises above the "max" indicator, an immediate drain

- of the water separator is required.
- 6. Bio-diesel blends up to B 20 can only be used for a limited time of up to 3 months of the date of bio-diesel manufacture.
 - Therefore bio-diesel needs to be used at latest within 2 months from the time of filling the tank or within 3 months from the time of production by the fuel supplier, whichever comes first.
- 7. Before a long-term storage without operating the engine, the bio-diesel needs to be drained out completely and the engine has to be run for 5 hours with conventional diesel fuel as indicated in your operation manual.



5. ENGINE COOLANT

► FNGINF COOLANT

The heat generated by combustion process radiates to neighboring engine components.

If the cooling system is inadequate, the

cylinder head, combustion chamber, pistons and exhaust valves overheat and their materials lose strength, leading to component failures and shorter engine service life. Inadequate cooling also causes the engine oil to degrade prematurely which reduces its lubrication efficiency. This may result in abnormal component wear and seizure.

If the engine coolant temperature is too low, the engine's thermal efficiency is lowered, causing poor combustion. This may also cause cylinder bores to rust or corrode.

Corrosion results from reaction between carbon monoxide and sulfur dioxide generated in the combustion process and the water which condenses out of the exhaust gases.

► CHARACTERISTICS OF WATER

The following discussion does not imply that plain water can be used as an engine coolant. It is for illustrative purposes only.

Always use an engine coolant that is specified by YANMAR.

Without any measures to increase its boiling point or reduce its freezing point, water boils at 100 °C (212 °F) and freezes at 0°C (32 °F). To expand its temperature range, the following measures are taken:

- To increase boiling point of water, the cooling system is pressurized. A radiator cap helps to maintain the cooling system pressure. For example, if the cooling system pressure is 0.9 kg/cm2, the boiling point can be raised to approximately 118 °C (244 °F).
- To lower the freezing point, antifreeze, also called Long Life Coolant "LLC", is used. The specific freezing point depends on the concentration of anti-freeze used.

Note: Plain water is not suitable as an engine coolant. Pure water leaves deposits and rust that have very low thermal conductivity. This results in the lack of cooling performance and causes damage to internal engine components.

A YANMAR standard engine coolant switch is activated at 110 \pm 3°C (230 \pm 37 °F) as an overheat alarm.

Therefore the engine coolant needs to be within the specified limits under all working conditions.

Water quality needed to prepare engine coolant.



▶ RECOMMENDED WATER QUALITY STADARDS AND MAJOR TROUBLES FROM PRRO WATER QUALITY

NO	ITEM	RECOMMENDED	DESCRIPTION	MAJOR T	ROUBLE
NO	HEM	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	CORROSION	SCALE
1	Ph 25°C(77°F)	6.3 ~ 8.5	Expresses hydrogen ion concentration in an aqueous solulion Used as the measure of neutrality (pH = 7), acidity (pH < 7) or alkalinity (pH > 7). Acidity increases corrosion and alkalinity increases scale generation. Generally, pH of natural water is between 6 and 8.	√	√
2	Electrical conductivity 25°C (77°F)	< 0.04 S/m	Indicates micro-mho per cm. High electrical conductivity means a high content of electrolytic ions and solids in the water, which increase corrosion and scale generation.	√	√
3	Total hardness (CaCO ₃)*	< 100 ppm	Indicates the quantity of Ca ions and Mg ions in the water by the corresponding calcium carbonate in ppm. High total hardness increases scale generation.	-	\checkmark
4	M alkalinity (MaCO₃)	< 150 ppm	Indicates whole alkaline content in the form of hydroxides, carbonates and bicarbonates by the corresponding calcium carbonate in ppm. High M alkalinity means dissolution of alkaline content, which increases scale generation.	-	√
5	Chlorine ion content (Cl ⁻)	< 100 ppm	Indicates chlorine ion content. High chlorine ion content increases corrosiveness. The water supply of Japan contains approximately 10 to 40 ppm of chlorine ions	✓	-
6	Sulfate ion content (SO ₄ ²⁻)	< 100 ppm	Indicates the sulfate ion content in water. High sulfate ion content causes copper corrosion. If Ca ion content is also high, CaSO₄ is generated by the reaction with Ca²+, which increases scale generation.	√	√
7	Total iron (Fe)	< 1.0 ppm	Indicates the iron content. When 0.3 ppm is exceeded, coloring by precipitation occurs. High iron content causes scale generation.	✓	\checkmark
8	Silica (SiO ₂)	< 50 ppm	Indicates Silicon Dioxide content. Hard scale is generated by combination with Ca and M2. This is not a serious problem if the water hardness is low.	-	√
9	Evaporation residue	< 400 ppm	Quantity of non-soluble substances obtained by evaporation. Large amounts of suspended solids increase electrical conductivity, which increases corrosion.	-	√
10	Nitrate ion	< 5 ppm		✓	
11	Ammonium ion	< 0.05 ppm		✓	
12	Sulfur ion (S ²⁻)	< 1 ppm		√	

Note: use soft water instead of hard water.

Water softness or hardness is determined by the amount of Ca (calcium) ion and Mg (magnesium) ion in the water.



► REQUIRED ENGINE COOLANT CHARACTERISTICS

mixture of LLC and water is commonly used as an engine coolant. The most commonly used LLC is made of Ethylene Glycol.

Engine coolant concentrate must provide adequate corrosion protection, lower the freezing point, and raise the boiling temperature of the engine coolant.

VOL% ANTI-FREEZE	FREEZING POINT	BOILING POINT
40	-24°C(-11°F)	106°C(223°F)
50	-37°C(-35°F)	108°C(226°F)
60	-52°C(-62°F)	111°C(232°F)

Note: Boiling point can be raised if the cooling system is pressurized.
A radiator pressure cap helps to maintain system pressure.
Commercially available premixed LLC and water is recommended to ensure good water quality.

► TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF LLC (YANMAR STANDARD)

1	Density 20 °C (68 °F), g/cm3 (undilute	ed):	1.136
2	Boiling point, °C (° F), (undiluted):		171 (340)
3	Flash point, 0c (°F), (undiluted):		-
4	Foaming characteristics, ml, (30 %, so	olution):	0
5	Water, wt%, (undiluted):		-
6	Freezing point, °C (°F)	(50 vol %, solution): (30 vol %, solution):	-37.1 (-34.8) -
7	Reserve Alkalinity (undiluted):		8.2
8	pH (30 vol %, solution):		7.8
9	Corrosion, mg/cm2 (20 vol % solution Aluminum: Iron: Steel: Brass: Solder: Copper:	n, 88 °c (190 °F) x 336 hrs)	-0.02 -0.10 0.00 -0.03 -0.05 0.00

If YANMAR standard LLC is not available, YANMAR recommends using a LLC that conforms to the following specifications.

- JIS K-2234 (Japanese Industrial Standard)
- SAE J814 (Engine Coolants)
- SAE J1 034 (Automotive and Light Truck Engine Coolant Concentrate)
- ASTM D3306 (Specification for Ethylene Glycol Base Engine Coolant)

6. ENGINE EMISSION WARRANTY

▶ YOUR WARRANTY RIGHT AND OBLIGATIONS

The California Air Resources Board (CARB), the United State Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and YANMAR POWER TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. hereafter referred to as YANMAR, are pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your 2020, 2021, or 2022 model year industrial compression-ignition engine. Californiacertified, new non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. In the remaining forty nine (49) states, new non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the United States FPA emissions standards.

YANMAR must warrant the emission control system on your engine for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine.

Your emission control system may include parts such as the fuel injection system, the air induction system, the electronic control system, EGR (Exhaust Gas Recirculation) system and the exhaust gas after treatment (diesel particulate filter system, urea SCR system). Also included may be hoses, belts, connectors and other emission-related assemblies.

Where a warrantable condition exists, YANMAR will repair your non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engine at no charge to you including diagnosis, parts and labor.



► MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY PERIOD

EPA and ARB certified and labeled non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engines are warranted for the period shown below.

If any emission-related part on your engine is found to be defective during the applicable warranty period, the part will be repaired or replaced by YANMAR.

If your engine is certified as	And its maximum Power is	And its rated speed is	Then its warranty period is
Variable speed or Constant speed	kW<19	Any speed	2,000 hours or two (2) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, The engine has a warranty period of two(2) years.
Constant speed	19 ≤ kW < 37	3,000rpm or higher	2,000 hours or two (2) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, The engine has a warranty period of two(2) years
Constant speed	19 ≤ kW < 37	Less than 3,000rpm	3,000 hours of five (5) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, the Engine has a warranty period of five(5) years.
Variable speed	19 ≤ kW < 37	Any speed	3,000 hours or five (5) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, the engine has a warranty period of five (5) years
Variable speed or Constant speed	kW ≥ 37	Any speed	3,000 hours or (5) years whichever comes first. In the absence of a device to measure the hours of use, The engine has a warranty period of five (5) years.

▶ WARRANTY COVERAGE

This warranty is transferable to each subsequent purchaser for the duration of the warranty period. YANMAR recommends that repair or replacement of any warranted part will be performed at an authorized YANMAR dealer.

Warranted parts not scheduled for replacement as required maintenance in the owner's manual shall be warranted for the warranty period. Warranted parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance in the owner's manual are warranted for the period of time prior to the first scheduled replacement.

Any warranted parts scheduled for replacement as required maintenance that are repaired or replaced under warranty shall be warranted for the remaining period of time prior to the first scheduled replacement.

Any part not scheduled for replacement that is repaired or replaced under

warranty shall be warranted for the remaining warranty period.

During the warranty period, YANMAR is liable for damages to other engine components caused by the failure of any warranted part during the warranty period.

Any replacement part which is functionally identical to the original equipment part in all respects may be used in the maintenance or repair of your engine, and shall not reduce YANMAR's warranty obligations.

Add-on or modified parts that are not exempted may not be used. The use of any non-exempted add-on or modified parts shall be grounds for disallowing a warranty.

▶ WARRANTED PARTS

This warranty covers engine components that are a part of the emission control system of the engine as delivered by YANMAR to the original retail purchaser. Such components may include the following:

- (A) Fuel injection system (including Altitude compensation system)
- (B) Cold start enrichment system
- (C) Intake manifold and Air intake throttle valve
- (D) Turbocharger systems
- (E) Exhaust manifold and exhaust throttle valve
- (F) Positive crankcase ventilation system
- (G) Charge Air Cooling systems
- (H) Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) systems
- (I) Exhaust gas after treatment (Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF) system)
- (J) Electronic Control units, sensors, solenoids and wiring harnesses used in above systems
- (K) Hoses, belts, connectors and



assemblies used in above systems
(L) Emission Control Information
Labels

Since emissions related parts may vary slightly between models, certain models may not contain all of these parts and other models may contain the functional equivalents.

▶ EXCLUSION

Failures other than those arising from defects in material or workmanship are not covered by this warranty.

The warranty does not extend to the following: malfunctions caused by abuse, misuse, improper adjustment, modification, alteration, tampering, disconnection, improper or inadequate maintenance, or use of non-recommended fuels and lubricating oils; accident-caused damage and replacement of expendable items made in connection with scheduled maintenance.

YANMAR disclaims any responsibility for incidental or consequential such as loss of time, inconvenience, loss of use of equipment/engine or commercial loss.

► OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPONSIBILITIES

As the engine owner, you are responsible for carrying out the required maintenance listed in this operation manual.

YANMAR recommends that you retain all documentation, including receipts, covering maintenance on your non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engine, but YANMAR cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts, or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.

YANMAR may deny your warranty coverage if your non-road (off-road) compression-ignition engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.

Your engine is designed to operate on diesel fuel only. Use of any other fuel may result in your engine no longer operating in compliance with CARB and EPA emissions requirements.

You are responsible for initiating the warranty process. You are responsible for presenting your engine to an

for presenting your engine to an authorized YANMAR dealer or distributor as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed by the dealer as expeditiously as possible.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities, or would like information on the nearest YANMAR dealer or authorized service center, you should contact YANMAR America Corporation.

Website: https://www.yanmar.com
E-mail: CS_support@yanmar.com
Toll free telephone number: 1-800-872-

2867, 1-855-416-7091

▶ WHAT THE EMERGENCY STATIONARY TYPE ENGINE OWNER MUST DO

The engines for emergency stationary type generators certified by Federal Law (40 CFR Part60) are limited to emergency use only, and the operation for maintenance checks and verification test for functions is required.

The total operating hours for maintenance and verification test for functions should not exceed 100 hours per year.

However, there is no limitation on the operating hours for emergency use. Keep a log of the number of hours the engine is operated for both emergency use and non-emergency use.

Also, note the reason for the operation.

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OPERATOR'S MANUAL FOR TYM TRACTORS

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