FOREWORD

Thank you very much for purchasing our tractor, which, we feel sure, will give you many years of trouble free service.

The introduction in this manual sets out the correct manner of operating, maintaining and checking the tractor to ensure long-term durability.

Please ensure correct operation of the tractor as incorrect operation can cause substantial mechanical damage as well as cause accidents with the associated injuries.

Please note that in some cases differences can exist between this manual and your tractor due to the manufacture's policy of constant product improvement.

In the event that you encounter a problem not covered by this manual please contact your nearest dealer who will assist you in resolving your problem.



CALIFORNIA Proposition 65 Warning

The Engine Exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

WARNING SIGNS IN THIS MANUAL

The following warning signs in this manual draw additional attention to items of importance for the safe and correct operation of the tractor.

| SIGN | MEANING OF THE SIGN |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DANGER | This indicates that a condition may result in harm, serious injury or death to you or other persons if the warning is not heeded. Follow the advice provided with the warning. |
| WARNING | Hazard or unsafe practice that can lead to severe injury or death. |
| CAUTION | Hazard or unsafe practice that can lead in injury or death. |
| IMPORTANT | Instructions for the correct operation of the machine which, if followed, will ensure that it performs at it's best. |

All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on latest information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.

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GENERAL INFORMATION

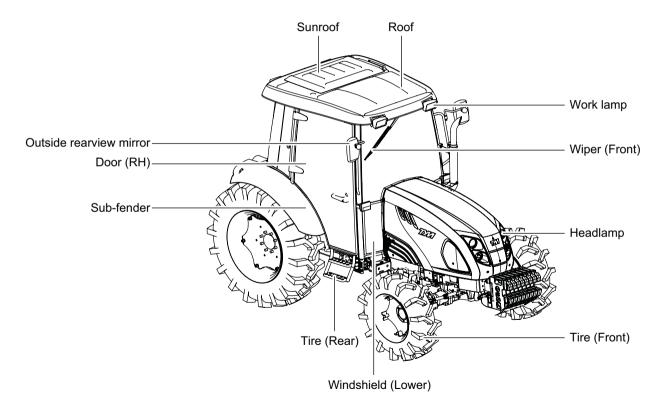
| 1. EXTERIOR VIEW1 | I-2 |
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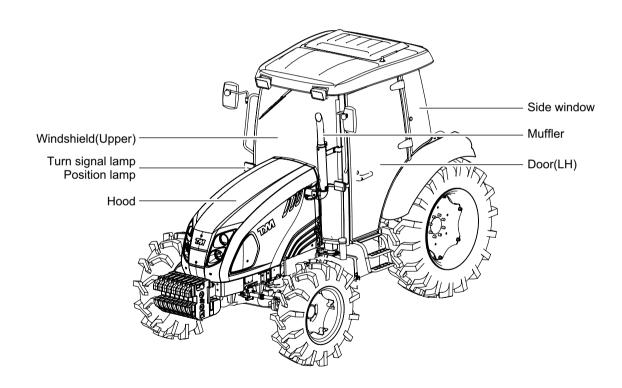


GENERAL INFORMATION

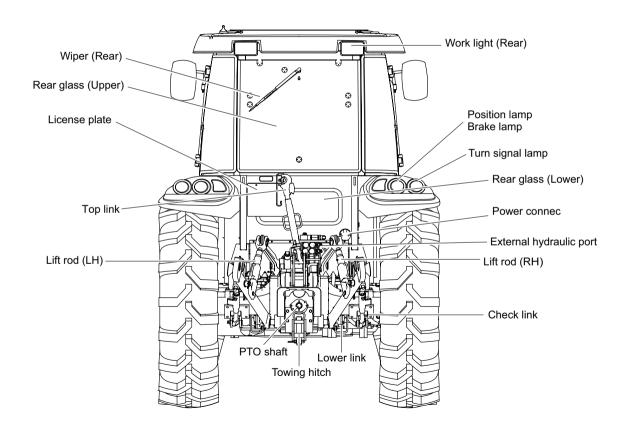
1. EXTERIOR VIEW

% Figures in this manual are based on the model 654SM.



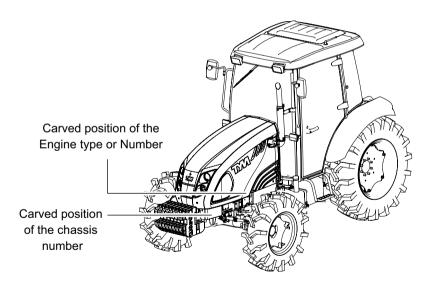


T65O106A



2. TRACTOR IDENTIFICATION

The engine number is stamped on the left hand side of the engine block. The chassis number is shown on the left hand side of the tractor as shown in the drawing.



T65O107A

▶ WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCT

The manufacturer warrants this product and full details of the warranty are provided on a separate warranty schedule.

▶ SERVICE

Service is available from any **TYM** dealer in the country.

▶ PARTS

To obtain spare parts please contact your nearest dealer and give him the details listed below.

- Tractor model
- Tractor serial number
- Tractor engine number
- Part number and description
- Quantity required



3. ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This manual has been prepared to assist you in following/adopting the correct procedure for running-in operation and maintenance of your new Tong Yang Moolsan CO., LTD (Here in after refer to TYM) tractor.

Your tractor has been designed and built to give maximum performance. with good fuel economy and ease of operation under a wide variety of operating conditions. Prior to delivery, The tractor was carefully inspected, both at the factory and by your TYM Dealer/Distributor, to ensure that it reaches you in optimum conditions. To maintain this condition and ensure trouble free performance. it is important that the routine services, as specified in this manual, are carried out at the recommended intervals.

Read this Manual carefully and keep it in a convenient place for future reference. If at any time you require advice concerning your tractor, do not hesitate to contact your Authorized **TYM** dealer/Distributor. He has trained personnel, genuine parts and necessary equipments to undertake all your service requirements.

Manufacturer's policy is one of continuous improvement, and the right to change prices, specifications or equipments at any time without notice is reserved

All data given in this book is subject to production variations. Dimensions & weight are approximate only and the illustrations do not necessarily show tractors in standard condition. For exact information about any particular tractor, please consult your TYM dealer/Distributor.



4. INTRODUCTION & DESCRIPTION

► TRACTOR AN INTRODUCTION

The word, 'tractor' has been derived from 'traction' which means pulling.

A tractor is required to pull or haul an equipment, implement or trolley which are coupled to the tractor body through suitable linkage. A tractor can also be used as a prime mover as it has a power outlet source which is also called Power Take or PTO shaft.

In this book the operating, maintenance and storage instructions for all models of **TYM** Diesel tractors has been complied. This material has been prepared in detail to help you in the better understanding of maintenance and efficient operation of the machine.

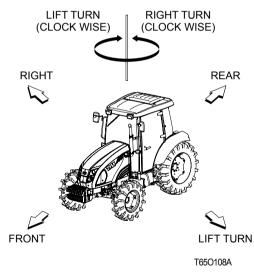
If you need any information not given in this manual, or require the services of a trained mechanic, please get in touch with the **TYM** Dealer/ Distributor in your locality. Dealer/

Distributors are kept informed of the latest methods of servicing tractors. They stock genuine spare parts and are backed by the Company's full support.

Through this manual. The use of the terms LEFT, RIGHT, FRONT and REAR must be understood, to avoid any confusion when following the introductions. The LEFT and RIGHT means left and right sides of the tractor when facing forward in the driver's seat, Reference to the FRONT indicates the radiator end of the tractor, while the REAR, indicates the drawbar end.

When spare parts are required, always specify the tractor and engine serial number when ordering these parts. (See illustration A). This will facilitate faster delivery and help ensure that the correct parts for your particular tractor is received. The tractor serial number is punched on a plate attached to the left hand side

of the engine body (Illust. A), For easy reference, we suggest you to write the number in the space provided in the owner's personal data.



▶ DESCRIPTION

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION

The transmission case, Clutch, Clutch housing, Engine and Front Axle Support are bolted together to form a rigid unit.

FRONT AXLE & WHEELS

The 4WD front axle is a center-pivot, reverse Eliot type. The front wheel drive mechanism is incorporated as a part of the axle.

The front wheel drive power is taken off the rear transmission and transmitted to the differential in the front axle where the power is divided into right and left and to the respective final cases.

In the final cases, the transmitted revolution is reduced by the level gears to drive the front wheel. The 4WD mechanism with level gears provides wider steering and greater durability.

ENGINE

The tractors are fitted with fuel efficient Turbo charged engines with 4 cylinders of T654 designed by DEUTZ Engines Company.

CLUTCH AND TRANSMISSION

A single plate dry clutch (11.81"diameter) is used on these tractors. Tractor with IPTO (Independent Power Take Off) are fitted with hydraulic Clutch Assy. The transmission Gear box has Twenty four forward & Twenty four reverse speeds of T654 with high-low selector lever, Presently, **TYM** tractors are fitted with partial synchro mesh type gears.

BRAKES

TYM tractors are provided with independent disc brakes operated by two road travel. Hand brake lever is fitted for parking.

REAR AXLE & WHEELS

This is mounted on ball bearings and is enclosed in removable housing which are bolted to the transmission case. The rim & Disc fitted with Rear tires are bolted to the outer flange of Rear Axle.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM & LINKAGES

TYM tractors are fitted with Live (i.e. system is in operation even when clutch is disengaged.) independent, very touch of hydraulic System. Three point Linkages can be used for category 2 type of implements.

STEERING

It consists of Hydrostatic Power steering system, which has a hydraulic cylinder and tandem type hydraulic pump.



5. OWNER ASSISTANCE

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

A 12 Volt Lead Acid Propylene Battery is used to activate the Engine through the Starter Motor and the Electrical system comprising Horn, Head Lamp. Side indicator Lamps, Plough Lamp, Brake Light, Gauge lamp, Hazard Lamp. Generator or Alternator, Fuse box also from part of the Electrical system.

WARNING

 When operating the tractor at High speed, Do not attempt to make sharp turns by using the brakes. This may result in overturning of the tractor causing serious injury or DEATH. We at **TYM CO.,LTD** and your **TYM** Dealer/Distributor wants you to be completely satisfied with your investment. Normally any problems with your equipment will be handled by your Dealer/Distributor's Service Departments, however, misunderstanding can occur. If you feel that your problem has not been handled to your satisfaction, we suggest the following.

Contact the owner or General Manager of the Dealership, explain the problem, and request assistance. When additional assistance is needed, Your Dealer/Distributor has direct access to your office. If you cannot obtain satisfaction by doing this, contact the **TYM CO.,LTD**. Office and provide them with;

- Your name, address and telephone number
- Model and tractor serial number
- Dealer/Distributor Name & Address
- Machine purchase date and Hours used
- · Nature of problem

Before contacting **TYM CO.,LTD** office, be aware that your problem will likely to be resolved in the Dealership using the Dealer's/Distributor's facilities, equipment and personnel. So it is important that your initial contact be with the Dealer/Distributor.

6. ROPS (ROLL OVER PROTECTIVE STRUCTURES)

► ROLL OVER PROTECTIVE STRUCTURES (ROPS)

TYM tractors are equipped with a frame for the protection of operators.

In the case of cab tractors the frame is incorporated in the cab structure.

The objective of the frame or cab structure is to protect the operator in the event of a roll over

and they are designed to support the entire weight of the tractor in that event.

Each **TYM** ROPS frame or cab structure is designed and has been tested to meet industry and or government standards.

Included in these tests were all mounting bases and bolts or other fasteners.

DANGER

 For ROPS frames to be effective and protect the operator, the seat belt provided must be worn in order to keep operators within the ROPS protected area in the event of a roll over. Failure to use the seat belt can still cause serious injury or death.

On some models the ROPS frame has a fold down feature, which can be used to enter low buildings etc.

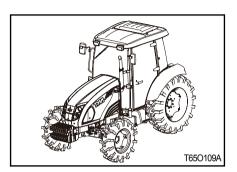
Take care when lowering the upper section of the ROPS frame and take extreme care while driving the tractor with the ROPS frame lowered.

Do not wear the seat belt with the ROPS lowered and please remember that the fold down facility is for special circumstances only and must not be lowered for general use.

► USE OF THE TRACTOR WITH THE ROPS LOWERED CAN CAUSE FATAL INJURIES

As the ROPS frame or cab together with the seat belt was designed to meet certain standards, they must be maintained in good order and condition. To achieve this objective, both the structure and the seat belt should be inspected on a regular basis. (Every time the tractor is serviced)

In the event that the seat belt is damaged or frayed, it should be replaced and in the event that the ROPS frame or any part of the mounting structure is damaged or cracked, the faulty component must be replaced with a new unit. Such a unit must meet all of the test criteria of the original unit. Fitment of an inferior item or items affects the certification of the entire ROPS structure and the effectiveness of the structure in the event of an accident. Drilling or welding of the ROPS structure is forbidden.



▶ DAMAGE OF THE ROPS

If the tractor has rolled over or the ROPS has damaged (such as striking an overhead object during transport), It must be replaced to provide the original protection. After an accident, check for damages to the 1.ROPS. 2.Seat. 3.seat belt & seat mountings. Before you operate a tractor, replace all damaged parts.

WARNING

• Do not weld, drill or straighten the ROPS.

WARNING

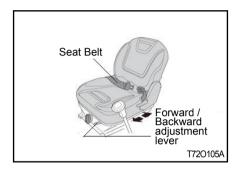
 Never attach chains, ropes to the ROPS for pulling purposes; this will cause the tractor to tip backwards. Always pull from the tractor drawbar. Be careful when driving through door opening or under low overhead objects. Make sure there is sufficient overhead clearance for the ROPS fatal injuries.

WARNING

 If the ROPS is removed or replaced, make certain that the proper hardware is used to replace the ROPS and the recommended torque values are applied to the attaching bolts.

WARNING

 Always wear your seat belt if the tractor is equipped with ROPS.



▶ SEAT SLIDING

Before operating a tractor it is important to adjust the seat to the most comfortable position & check whether it is properly locked in its position.

NOTE

 Do not use solvents to clean the seat. Use warm water with a little detergent added.

A CAUTION

 Do not put a hand between the seat and the slides when adjusting the seat position. You can get injured unexpectedly.

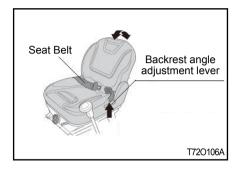
To select Seat position, move Adjusting lever and slide Seat closer to or away from Dash panel and controls.

DANGER

 Check whether the seat properly locked in its position before driving the tractor.

DANGER

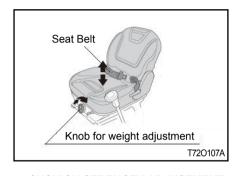
 Always use the seat belt when the ROPS is installed. Do not use the seat belt if a foldable ROPS is down or there is no ROPS. Check the seat belt regularly and replace if frayed or damaged.



► SEAT BACK RECLINING

To change the seatback angle, raise The lever on the left of the seat.

Then, adjust the seatback angle with The lever pulled. Release the lever After adjustment. Make sure that the Lever is returned and the seat is firmly fixed after adjustment.



► CUSHION STRENGTH ADJUSTMENT

The seat cushion can be adjusted According to the weight of the driver.

Turning the cushion adjustment lever Counterclockwise to the 50kg position Makes the cushion lighter, and turning the lever clockwise to the 130kg position makes the cushion heavier.

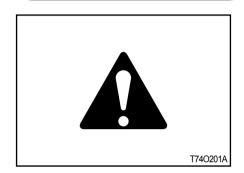


SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

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| 4. UNIVERSAL SYMBOLS | 2-2 |



I. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



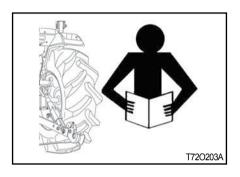
► RECOGNIZE SAFETY INFOR-**MATION**

This symbol means ATTENTION! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED. The message that follows the symbol contains important information about safety. Carefully read the message.



► SIGNAL WORDS

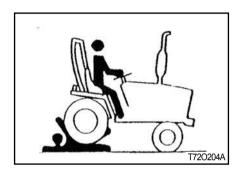
A signal word "DANGER, WARN-ING OR CAUTION" is used with safety alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards. Safety signs with signal Word "DANGER OR WARNING" are typically near specific hazards. General precautions are listed on CAUTION safety signs.



▶ READ SAFETY INSTRUCTION

Carefully read all safety instructions given in this manual for your safety. Tempering with any of the safety devices can cause serious injuries or death. Keep all safety signs in good condition. Replace missing or damaged safety signs.

Keep your tractor in proper condition and do not allow any unauthorized modifications to be carried out on the tractor, which may impair the function/safety and affect tractor life.

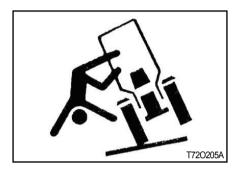


▶ PROTECTION CHILDREN

Keep children and others away from the tractor while operating.

BEFORE YOU REVERSE:

- Look behind tractor for children.
- Do not let children to ride on tractor or any implement.



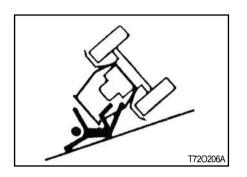
▶ USE OF ROPS AND SEAT BELT

The Roll Over Protective Structure (ROPS) has been certified to industry and/or government standards. Any damage or alternation to the ROPS, mounting hard-ware, or seat belt voids the certification and will reduce or eliminate protection for the operator in the event of a roll-over. The ROPS, mounting hardware, and seat belt should be checked after the first 100 hours of tractor and every 500 hours thereafter for any evidence of damage,

wear or cracks. In the event of damage or alteration, the ROPS must be replaced prior to further operation of the tractor.

The seat belt must be worn during machine operation when the machine is equipped with a certified ROPS.

Failure to do so will reduce or eliminate protection for the operator in the event of a roll over

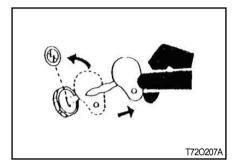


▶ PRECAUTION TO AVOID TIPPING

Do not drive where the tractor could slip or tip.

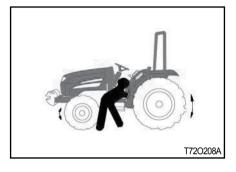
Stay alert for holes and rocks in the terrain, and other hidden hazards. Slow down before you make a sharp turn.

Driving forward out of a ditch or mired condition could cause tractor to tip over backward. Back out of these situations if possible.



► PARK TRACTOR SAFELY

Before working on the tractor; Lower all equipment to the ground. Stop the engine and remove the key.



► KEEP RIDERS OFF TRACTOR Do not allow riders on the tractor.

Riders on tractor are subject to injury such as being stuck by foreign objects and being thrown off of the tractor.





Handle fuel with care; it is highly flammable. Do not refuel the tractor while smoking or near open flame or sparks.

Always stop engine before refueling tractors.

Always keep your tractor clean of accumulated grease, and debris. Always clean up spilled fuel.

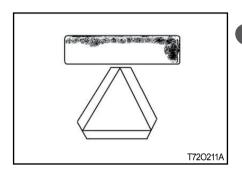


► STAY CLEAR OF ROTATING SHAFTS

Entanglement in rotating shaft can cause serious injury or death.

Keep PTO shield in place at all times.

Wear close fitting clothing. Stop the engine and be sure PTO drive is stopped before making adjustments, connections, or cleaning out PTO driven equipment.



► ALWAYS USE SAFETY LIGHTS AND DEVICES

Use of hazard warning lights and turn signals are recommended when towing equipment on public roads unless prohibited by state or local regulations.

Use slow moving vehicle (SMV) sign when driving on public road during both day & night time, unless prohibited by law.



▶ PRACTICE SAFE MAINTENANCE

Understand service procedure before doing work.

Keep the surrounding area of the tractor clean and dry.

Do not attempt to service tractor when it is in motion.

Keep body and clothing away from rotating shafts.

Always lower equipment to the ground. Stop the engine.

Remove the key. Allow tractor to cool before any work repair is caused on it.

Securely support any tractor elements that must be raised for service work

Keep all parts in good condition and properly installed.

Replace worn or broken parts. Replace damage/missing decals.

Remove any buildup of grease or oil from the tractor.

Disconnect battery ground cable(-) before making adjustments on electrical systems or welding on tractor.



► AVOID HIGH-PRESSURE FLUIDS

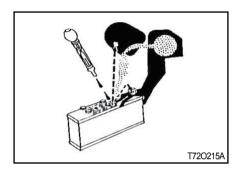
Escaping fluid under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury. Keep hands and body away from pinholes and nozzles, which eject fluids under high pressure. If any fluid is injected into the skin. Consult your doctor immediately.



► PREVENT BATTERY EXPLOSIONS

Keep sparks, lighted matches, and open flame away from the top of battery. Battery gas can explode.

Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the poles.



▶ PREVENT ACID BURNS

Sulfuric acid in battery electrolyte is poisonous. It is strong enough to burn skin, cause holes in clothing and cause blindness if found entry into eyes.

For adequate safety always;

- Fill batteries in a well-ventilated area.
- 2. Wear eye protection and acid proof hand gloves.
- 3. Avoid breathing direct fumes when electrolyte is added.

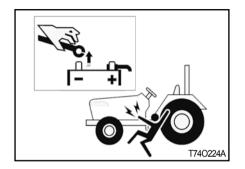
4. Do not add water to electrolyte as it may splash off causing severe burns.

If you spill acid on yourself;

- 1. Flush your skin with water.
- 2. Flush your eyes with water for 10-15 minutes.

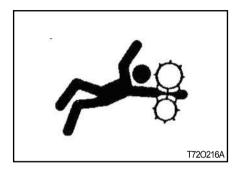
Get medical attention immediately.





▶ BATTERY DISCONNECT

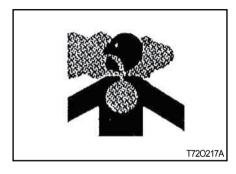
- 1. When working with your tractors electrical components you must first disconnect the battery cables.
- 2. To ensure that there are no accidents from sparks you must first disconnect the negative battery cable.



► SERVICE TRACTOR SAFELY

Do not wear a necktie, scarf or loose clothing when you work near moving parts. If these items were to get caught, severe injury could result.

Remove rings and other jeweler to prevent electrical shorts and entanglement in moving parts.



► WORK IN VENTILATED AREA

Do not start the tractor in an enclosed building unless the doors & windows are open for proper ventilation, as tractor fumes can cause sickness or death. If it is necessary to run an engine in an enclosed area remove the exhaust fumes by connecting exhaust pipe extension.

► TRACTOR RUNAWAY

- The tractor can start even if the transmission is engaged position causing tractor to runaway and serious injury to the people standing nearby the tractor.
- For additional safety keep the pull to stop knob (Fuel shut off control) in fully pulled out position.
 Transmission in neutral position, Foot brake engaged and PTO le-
 - Transmission in neutral position, Foot brake engaged and PTO lever in disengaged position while attending to Safety Starter Switch or any other work on tractor.

► SAFETY STARTER SWITCH

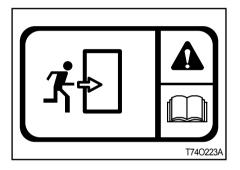
- Clutch operated safety switch is provided on all tractors which allow the starting system to become operational only when the Clutch pedal is fully pressed.
- Do not By-pass this safety starter switch or work on it. Only Authorized Dealers are recommended to work on safety starter switch.
- On some models Safety Starter switch is provided on transmission High-low shifter lever and in PTO shifter lever. The tractor can be started only if High-low shifter lever is in neutral position.

A CAUTION

 Safety Starter Switch is to be replaced after every 2,000 hours/4 years, whichever is earlier.

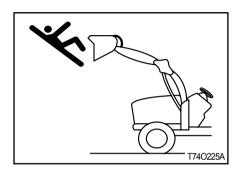
▶ EMERGENCY EXITS

If exit from the cab side doors is blocked (following an accident or vehicle overturn) the alternative safety exits are indicated by decals.



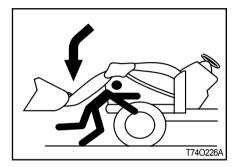
The possible safety exits are:

- Rear window hatch (All tractors)
- Front window (for versions with openable front window).

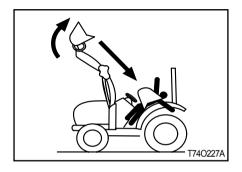




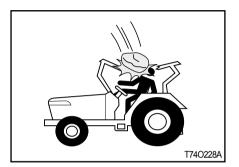
Never let anyone get in the loader and use the loader as a workbench. Otherwise, it may lead to a fatal injury or even death.

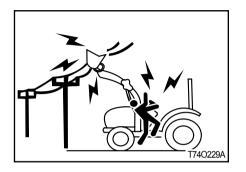


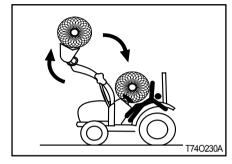
Do not stand under the lifted loader or get close to it. Also, lower the loader arm onto the ground before leaving the tractor. Otherwise, it may lead to a fatal injury or even death.



When attaching or detaching the loader, fix all parts which are connected to the bucket and boom. The bucket or boom can be accidentally dropped down, leading to an injury or even death.







IMPORTANT

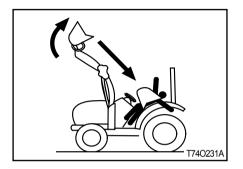
• ROPS (Roll Over Protective Structure), sun canopy or cabin are not a FOPS (Falling Object Protective Structure).

It never can protect the riders against falling objects.

Avoid driving the vehicle into a dangerous area such as falling rocks zone.

Do not allow loader arms or attachment to contact electrical power lines. Electrocution will cause serious injury or death.

Never carry a big object with the loader unless a proper implement is attached. Keep a carried object low during driving. Otherwise, it may lead to an injury or even death.



When attaching or detaching the loader, fix all parts which are connected to the bucket and boom. The bucket or boom can be accidentally dropped down, leading to an injury or even death.

► TOWING SAFFLY

For the maximum towable loads. refer to the paragraph " Maximum towable loads in the Technical Data Section

- Maintain a suitable speed taking into account the weight of the trailed load and the gradient, remembering that braking distances will be greater than with just the tractor. Trailed loads with or without brakes that are too heavy for the tractor or that towed at too high speed may cause the operator to loose of control of the tractor.
- Always take into consideration the total weight of the implements and their loads.

A CAUTION

 When a trailers is hitched to the tractor, before you leave the driving seat remember to put all the controls in neutral, apply the handbrake, switch off the engine, engage first gear (if the tractor has a mechanical transmission) and remove the key from the starter switch. If the tractor is not parked on level ground, ALWAYS place chocks under the wheels of both the tractor and the trailer For further information on safe working procedures, refer to the chapter "Parking the tractor" in the safe section of this manual.

· When trailers are hitched to the tractor, before you leave the operator seat remember to put all the controls in neutral, apply the handbrake, switch off the engine, engage first gear (with mechanical transmissions) and remove the ignition key. ALWAYS chock both the tractor and the trailer wheels. The best way to transport a tractor that has broken down is to transport it on a low loader. Always secure the tractor to the loader bed with chains. Before transporting the tractor on a low loader or on a railway wagon, make sure that the engine hood, doors, openable roof (if present) and windows are all closed and securely fastened. Never tow the tractor at speeds in excess of 10 kph. An operator must stay in the operator position to steer and brake the tractor.

► FALLING OBJECT PROTEC-TIVE STRUCTURE (FOPS)

The term F.O.P.S refers to structure installed on the tractor intended to reduce the risk to the operator of injury from falling objects during normal use of the vehicle.

IMPORTANT

- This tractor is equipped with a FOPS.
- The energy level of drop test is 1365.J.

► OPERATOR PROTECTIVE STRUCTURE (OPS)

The term OPS refers to a protective structure installed on a tractor in order to minimise risk of operator injury caused by objects penetrating into the operator position area.

DANGER

 This tractor is not equipped with an OPS. If work must be performed in areas subject to the risk of the penetration of objects into the operator position, consult your dealer before starting work so that the tractor can be equipped with an appropriate protective structure.

► SAFE OPERATION OF YOUR TRACTOR

The manufacturer of your tractor has made every effort to make it as safe as is humanly possible.

Beyond this point it is the responsibility of the operator to avoid accidents and we ask that you read and implement our suggestions for your safety.

Ensure that only trained and competent operators use this tractor and ensure that they are fully conversant with the machine and aware of all it's control and safety features.

Operators should not operate the tractor or associated machinery while fired or untrained.

To avoid accidents please ensure that the operator wears clothing which will not get entangled in the moving parts of the tractor or machine and protect him or her from the elements. When spraying or using chemicals, please ensure that clothing and protective equipment is worn which prevents respiratory or skin problems.

For full details consult the manufacturer of the chemicals.

To avoid lengthy exposure to noise ensure that ear protection is worn.

If adjustment to the tractor or machinery need to be made ensure the tractor or machine are turned off beforehand.

Use of certified Roll Over Protection Structure (ROPS) is a must while operating a tractor.

Use of seat belt is a must while operating a tractor.

In summary, ensure at all times that the safety of the operator and any other worker is paramount.

Ensure no one is between the tractor and a towed vehicle (trailer or implement).

► SAFETY TIPS DURING MAIN-TENANCE

- At least on a daily basis check all oil levels. Water level in the radiator and electrolyte level in the battery and perform services according to the service schedule.
- Ensure tire pressure are even and the correct pressure for the job being done is maintained.
- Check to ensure that the all controls and preventative mechanisms of the tractor and implement work correctly and effectively.
- Ensure that an adequate set of the correct tools is available for maintenance and minor repairs.
- Ensure that all service work and repairs are carried out on a flat area with a concrete or similar floor.

Do not carry out service work on a tractor until it is switched off.



and the parking brake applied and wheels choked.

Where a tractor is started in a confined area, ensure that the area is well ventilated as exhaust gases are very harmful, and can cause death.

- Do not work under raised implements.
- When changing wheels or tires ensure that a suitable wheel stand is placed under the axle prior to removing the wheel and the wheels are chocked.
- 8. Where guards or shields need to be removed to perform a service or repair, ensure that the guard or shield is correctly reinstalled before starting the tractor.
- Never refuel near a naked flame or with an overheated engine. Ensure to turn off Engine before refueling.

- 10. The cooling system operates under pressure, take care when removing the radiator cap on a hot engine to prevent being scalded by steam or hot water. Do not add water in the radiator when the engine is hot. Add water to the radiator only after the engine cools down completely.
- 11. To prevent fires keep the tractor including the engine clean and free from inflammable material and well away from fuels and other inflammable material.

► MOUNTING AND DEMOUNTING IMPLEMENTS

- Ensure that all mounting and removal of implements is done on safe flat ground. Ensure no one is between the tractor and implement and do not get under the implement to avoid accidental injuries.
- After mounting the implement, ensure that all sway chains are correctly adjusted and, where PTO shafts are used that the shaft is fitted and secured correctly.
- Where heavy implements are used, ensure that the combination is well balanced or use proper ballast to achieve balance.
- 4. Before leaving the tractor at any time, lower the implement, stop the PTO shaft where applicable, set the parking brake and switch off the engine.
- 5. While operating the implements with the PTO keep all bystanders away from any moving parts and do not attempt to make adjustments while the machine is running.

2-15

- - 6. Only the driver should ride on the tractor with the ROPS frame fitted and with the seat belt properly fastened.
 - 7. Where young children are present, particular care should be taken and the tractor should not be moved until the whereabouts of all children is known.
 - 8. Only trained operators should operate the tractor and so taking care to ensure that other workers are not injured. In particular they should take care during dusty operations, which will reduce visibility substantially.
 - 9. Never start the tractor unless the transmission is out of gear, the operator is in the seat and all round safety has been checked.
- 10. Only operate the tractor seated in the drivers seat and never turn or brake suddenly at high speed as this can cause a roll-over and serious injury or death.

- 11. When traveling on a public road ensure that the tractor and driver both meet all laws relating to safety and licensing. When traveling with wide implements use red flags on the extremities and observe all legal including escort requirements.
- 12. When operating under adverse conditions, hilly terrain or on bad ground adjust the speed of the tractor to suit the conditions, safety comes first. Never drive down hill at high speed or with the transmission in neutral. Use of the braking capacity of the engine as well as the service brakes.
 - Do not try to change gear going up or down a steep slope, select the correct gear before starting.
- 13. Take care when traveling uphill with a heavy implement to ensure that it does not overbalance and tip up the front end.

- 14. Never remove or modify the seat belt.
- 15. Never remove, modify or repair the ROPS frame

Please remember that a little bit of extra care can prevent serious injury or teath and avoid damage to your tractor.

► THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS ARE SUGGESTED TO HELP PRE-VENT ACCIDENTS

A careful operator is the best operator. Most accidents can be avoided by observing certain precautions. Read and take the following precautions before operating the tractor to prevent accidents.

Tractor should be operated only by those who are responsible and properly trained to do so.

<THE TRACTOR>

- Read the operator's manual carefully before using the tractor. Lack of operating knowledge can lead to accidents.
- Use an approved rollover bar and seat belt for safe operation. Overturning of a tractor without a rollover bar can result in death or injury.
- 3. Do not remove ROPS (Roll Over Protective Structure). Always use the seat belt.

- 4. Fiberglass canopy does not give any protection.
- 5. To prevent falls, keep steps and platform clear of mud and oil.
- 6. Do not permit anyone but the operator to ride on the tractor. There is no safety place for extra riders.
- 7. Replace all missing, illegible or damaged safety signs.
- 8. Keep safety signs clean of dirt and grease.

<SERVICING THE TRACTOR>

- keep the tractor in good operating condition for your safety. An improperly maintained tractor can be hazardous.
- 2. Stop the engine before performing any service on the tractor.
- The cooling system operates under pressure, which is controlled by the radiator cap. It is dangerous to remove the cap while the system is hot. First turn the

- cap slowly to stop and allow the pressure to escape before removing the cap entirely.
- Do not smoke while the refueling the tractor. Keep away any type of open flame.
- The fuel in the injection system is under high pressure and can penetrate the skin. Unqualified persons should not remove or attempt to adjust a pump, injector, nozzle or any part of the fuel injection system.
 - Failure to follow these instructions can result in serious injury.
- Keep open flame away from battery or cold weather starting aids to prevent fire or explosions.
- Do not modify or alter or permit anyone else to modify or alter this tractor or any of its components or any tractor functions.

<OPERATING THE TRACTOR>

- Before starting the tractor apply the parking brake, place the PTO (Power Take Off) lever in the "OFF" position, the hydraulic control levers in the downward position, the remote control valve levers in the neutral position(If fitted) and the transmission in neutral.
- Do not start the engine or controls while standing besides the tractor. Always sit on the tractor seat when the engine or operating controls.
- 3. Safety starter switch.

In order to prevent the accidental starting of the tractor, a safety switch has been provided. The starting system of the tractor is connected through this switch, which becomes operative only when the clutch pedal is depressed. On some models shuttle shifter lever and PTO button should also be in neutral position for completing the

- starting circuit. Do not bypass the safety starter switch. Consult your **TYM** tractor Dealer/Distributor if safety- starting switch malfunctions.
- 4. Avoid accidental contact with the gear shifter lever while the engine is running. Unexpected tractor movement can result from such contact.
- 5. Do not get off or climb the tractor while it is in motion.
- 6. Shut off the engine, remove the key and apply the parking brake before getting off the tractor.
- Do not operate the tractor in an enclosed building without adequate ventilation. Exhaust fumes can cause death.
- 8. Do not park the tractor on a steep slope.
- If power steering or Engine seizes to operate, stop the tractor immediately.

- 10. Pull only from the swinging draw bar or the lower link drawbar in the down position. Use only a drawbar pin that locks in place. Pulling from the tractor rear axle carriers or any point above the rear axle may cause the tractor' s front end to lift.
- 11. If the front end of the tractor tends to rise when heavy implements are attached to the threepoint linkage, install front end or front wheel weights. Do not operate the tractor with a light front end.
- 12. Always use hydraulic position control lever when attaching equipments/implement and when transporting equipment. Be sure that the hydraulic couplers are properly mounted and will disconnect safely in case of accidental detachment of implement.
- Do not leave equipment/implement in the raised position.



- 14. Use the flasher/ Turn signal lights and Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV) signs when driving on public roads during both day and night time, unless prohibited by law.
- 15. Dim tractor lights when meeting a vehicle at night. Be sure the lights are adjusted to prevent the blinding on the eyes of coming vehicle operator.
- Emergency stopping instruction;
 If tractor fails to stop even after application of brakes. Pull the knob of fuel shut off control rod.

<DRIVING THE TRACTOR>

- Watch where you are going especially at row ends, on roads, around trees and low hanging obstacles.
- 2. To avoid upsets, drive the tractor with care and at speeds compatible with safety, especially when operating over rough ground,

- crossing ditches or slopes, and when turning at corners.
- Lock the tractor brake pedals together when transporting on roads to provide proper wheel braking.
- 4. Keep the tractor in the same gear when going downhill as used when going uphill. Do not coast or free wheel down hills
- Any towed vehicle and/or trailer whose total weight exceeds that of the towing tractor, must be equipped with its own brakes for safe operation.
- 6. When the tractor is stuck or tires are frozen to the ground, back out to prevent upset.
- 7. Always check overhead clearance, especially when transporting the tractor.

<OPERATING THE PTO>

- When operating PTO driven equipment, shut off the engine and wait until the PTO stops before getting off the tractor and disconnecting the equipment.
- 2. Do not wear loose clothing when operating the power take-off or near rotating equipment.
- When operating stationery PTO driven equipment, always apply the tractor parking brake and block the rear wheels from front and rear side.
- To avoid injury, always move down flip part of PTO. Do not clean, adjust or service PTO driven equipment when the tractor engine is running.
- Make sure the PTO master shield is installed at all times and always replace the PTO shield cap when the PTO is not in use.

<DIESEL FUEL>

- 1. Keep the equipment clean and properly maintained.
- Under no circumstances should gasoline, alcohol or blended fuels be added to diesel fire or explosive hazard. Such blends are more explosive than pure gasoline. In a closed container, such as a fuel tank. DO NOT USE THESE BLENDS.
 - 3. Never remove the fuel cap or refuel the tractor with the engine running.
 - 4. Do not smoke while refueling or when standing near fuel.
 - 5. Maintain control of the fuel filler pipe when filling the tank.
 - Do not fill the fuel tank to capacity. Allow room for expansion.
 - 7. Wipe up spilled fuel immediately.
 - Always tighten the fuel cap securely.

- If the original fuel tank cap is lost, replace it with genuine cap.
 A none approved cap may not be safe.
- Do not drive equipment near open fire.
- 11. Never use fuel for cleaning purpose.
- 12. Arrange fuel purchases so that winter grade fuel are not held over and used in the spring.
- **N.B: It is suggested that after repairs if any of the Safety Decal/sign is peeled/defaced, the same may be replaced immediately in interest of your safety.

2. DO'S AND DON'T'S

► DO'S-FOR BETTER PERFOR-MANCE

- **DO** Ensure that safety shields are in place and in good condition.
- **DO** Read all operating instructions before commencing to operate tractor.
- **DO** Carry out all maintenance tasks without fail.
- DO Keep the air cleaner clean.
- DO Ensure that the correct grade of lubricating oils is used and that they are replenished and changed at the recommended intervals.
- **DO** Fit new sealing rings when the filter elements are changed.
- DO Watch the oil pressure gauge or warning light and investigate any abnormality immediately.
- **DO** Keep the radiator filled with clean water and in cold weather use anti-freeze mixture.



- Drain the system only in an emergency and fill before starting the engine.
- **DO** Ensure that the transmission is in neutral before starting the engine.
- **DO** Keep all fuel in clean storage and use a filter when filling the tank.
- **DO** Attend to minor adjustments and repairs as soon as necessity is apparent.
- DO Allow the engine to cool before removing the radiator filler cap and adding water, remove the radiator cap slowly.
- **DO** Shift into low gear when driving down steeps hills.
- **DO** Latch the brake pedals together when driving on a highway.
- **DO** Keep draft control lever fully down when not in use.

▶ DON'TS-FOR SAFE OPERATION

- **DON'T** Run the engine with the air cleaner disconnected.
- DON'T Start the tractor in an enclosed building unless the doors and windows are open for proper ventilation.
- **DON'T** Operate the tractor or engine while lubricating or cleaning.
- DON'T Allow the tractor to run out of diesel fuel otherwise it will be necessary to vent the system.
- **DON'T** Temper the fuel injection pump, If seal is broken the warranty becomes void.
- **DON'T** Allow the engine to run idle for a long period.
- **DON'T** Run the engine if it is not firing on all cylinders.

- **DON'T** Ride the brake or clutch pedal. This will result in excessive wear of the brake lining, clutch driven member and clutch release bearing.
- **DON'T** Use the independent brakes for making turns on the highway or at high speeds.
- **DON'T** Refuel the tractor with the engine running.
- **DON'T** Mount or dismount from the right side of the tractor.
- **DON'T** Temper the hydraulic control levers' upper limit stops.
- **DON'T** Use draft control lever for lifting of implements.
- **DON'T** Start the engine with the PTO engaged.
- **DON'T** Use the governor Control Lever (Hand throttle) while driving on roads.
- **DON'T** Move the hydraulic levers rearward.



3. SAFETY SIGNS

▶ GENERAL SAFETY INFORMATION

IMPORTANT

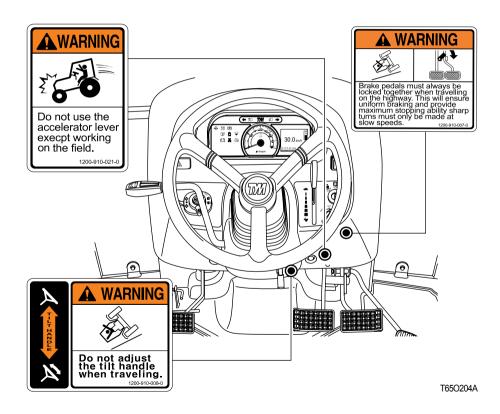
• This "General safety Information" should be kept with the machine at all times as reference data.

CAUTION

• This symbol means ATTEN-TION! YOUR SAFETY IS IN-VOLVED.

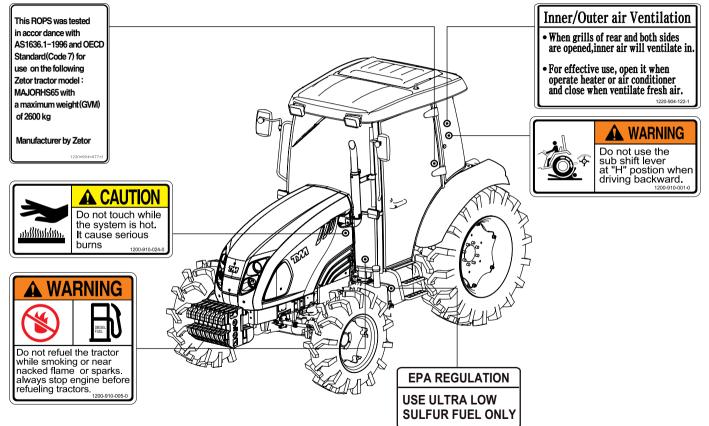
The message that follows the symbol contains important information about safety. Follow recommended precautions and safe operating practice.

▶ DECALS MOUNTING LOCATION



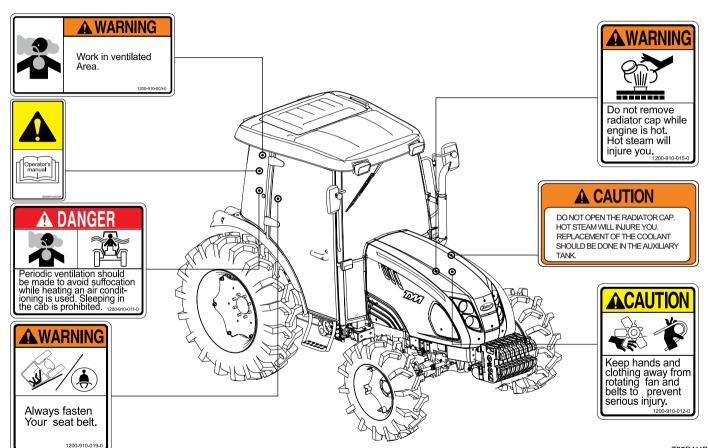
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS





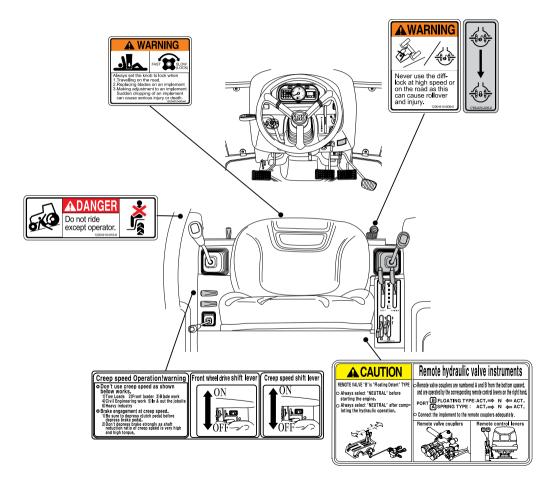
T65O110A

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



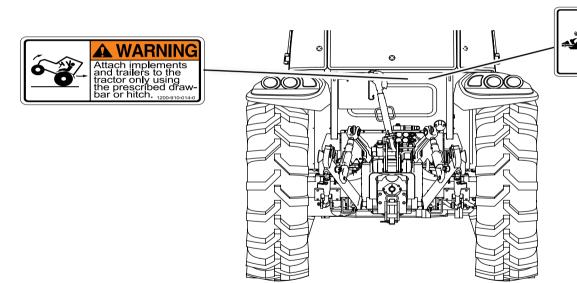
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS 🛼





T65O205A





A DANGER

Rotating driveline contact can cause death.
KEEPAWAY!
Keep all drive line.
Tractor and equipment shields in place during operation.



4. UNIVERSAL SYMBOLS

Some of the universal symbols have been shown below with an indication of their meaning.



Engine speed rev / min x 100)





Power take off engaged



Parking brake



Hours, recorded



Battery charge



Power take off Disengaged



Work lamps



Engine coolant temperature



Pressured open slow-



Lift arm / raise



Differential lock



Fuel level



Continuous variable



Lift arm / lower



See operator's manual



Engine Stop control



Warning



Corrosive substance



Lights



Hazard warning



Transmission oil pressure



Horn



Neutral



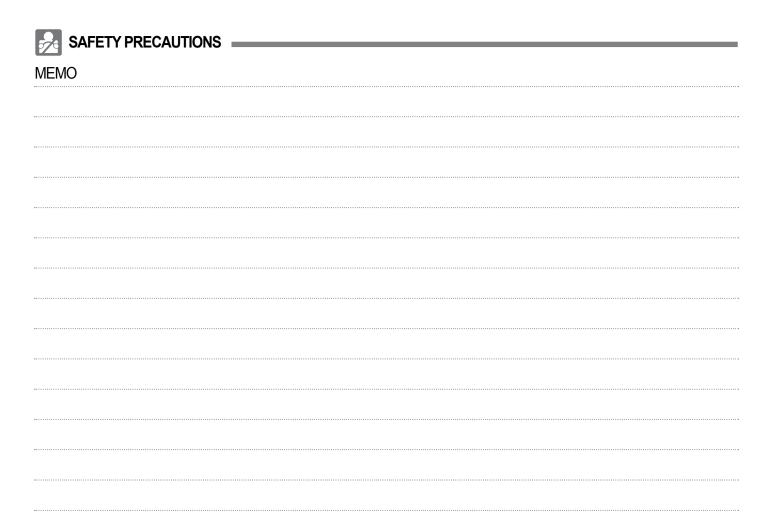


Engine oil pressure





Transmission oil temperature





| 1. INSTRUMENT AND SWITCHES3- |
|---------------------------------------------|
| 2-1. OPERATION THE CONTROLS (SM MODEL) 3-1 |
| 2-2. OPERATION THE CONTROLS (SC MODEL) 3-1: |
| 3. OPERATING THE 3 POINT LINKAGE (TPL)3-2 |

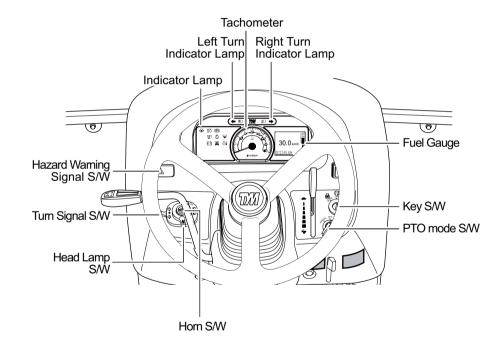
1. INSTRUMENT AND SWITCHES

The following pages in this section detail the location and function of various instruments, switches and controls on your tractor. Even if you operate other tractors, you should read through this section of the manual and ensure that you are thoroughly familiar with the location and function of all the features of your new tractor.

Do not start the engine or attempt to drive or operate the tractor until you are fully accustomed to all the controls. It is too late to learn once the tractor is moving. If in doubt about any aspect of the operation of the tractor consult your **TYM** tractor Dealer/Distributor.

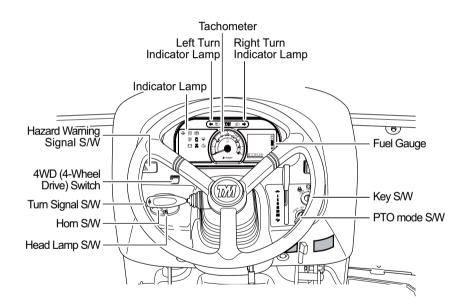
Particular attention should be paid to the recommendations for runningin to ensure that your tractor will give long life and dependable service for which it was intended

[SM Model]



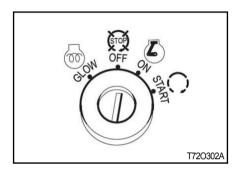


[SC Model]



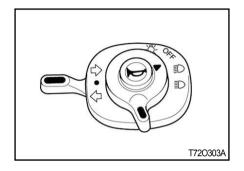
T65O308A





► MAIN SWITCH

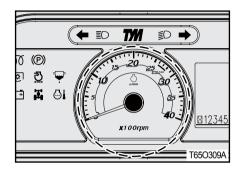
- OFF The key can be inserted or removed.
- ON The electric circuit is on.
- START The starter motor is engaged. When the key is released it will return to the ON position.



► LIGHT SWITCH, INDICATORS AND HORN

High and low beam are operated On the main switch.

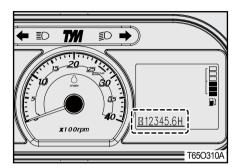
- Position 1. High beam
- Position 2. Low beam



► TACHOMETER

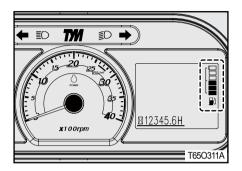
This meter shows the revolutions of the engine and the PTO shafts as well as the travel speed in top gear.





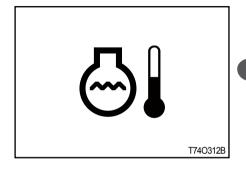
► HOUR METER

It indicates the total time of use. The last digit indicates one tenth hours. (decimal place) While the hour meter on the left most section is in operation, the lamp below it blinks.



► FUEL GAUGE

Shows the amount of fuel in the tank when the ignition switch is "ON".



▶ WATER TEMPERATURE

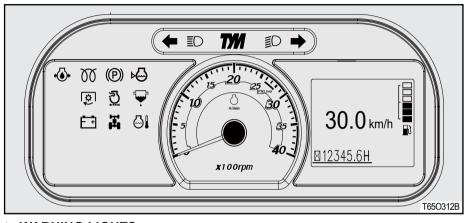
This indicates the coolant temperature after the key switch is turned to the "ON" position.

When the lamp is comes on during driving, it means that the engine is overheated.

A CAUTION

· Accelerating excessively rapaid the engine can damage the engine.





► WARNING LIGHTS



Charge lamp

This light will go off as soon as the engine starts to run to indicate that the alternator is changing. (Please note, as broken fan belt can cause the light to come on, please stop the engine as overheating can occur if not rectified immediately)



PTO monitor Lamp

Shows the revolution of PTO. Refer to monitor lamp on Page 3-6.



Oil pressure lamp

The lamp comes on when an engine oil lubrication problem occurs. Stop the engine and check the engine oil level or get help from a workshop.



Water in fuel warning lamp

When a certain amount of water is collected in the fuel filter, this lamp comes on. In this case, stop the engine immediately and drain water from the fuel filter.



Coolant level warning lamp

If this lamp comes on during driving, remove the coolant reservoir cap and check whether the coolant level is up to the inlet port. If not, add more coolant.





Air cleaner filter contamination indicator

This comes on when the air cleaner is clogged by foreign materials. When this comes on, open the cover and clean the inside of the cleaner. Also, blow air through the filter in the direction of intake air to clean it or replace the filter with a new one.



High beam lamp is operated on the combination switch.



Low beam lamp is operated on the combination switch.



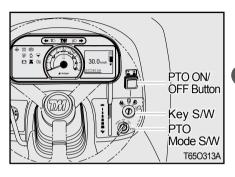
Parking brake is operated when footbrake is engaged.



Fuel Level: If it comes on while the engine is running, Fill the tank with fuel.



Glow signal Lamp indicates preheating.



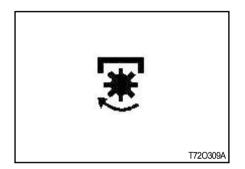
▶ INDEPENDENT PTO

It must be noted that the PTO shift lever on the LHS below the driver seat should be shifted to position 1 (540 RPM) 0r 2 (750RPM) depending upon the implement specification.

In no case the specified speeds be crossed as serious damage to the tractor/implement to person can result because of this.

When the PTO is not in use the shift lever must be put in neutral position to avoid unnecessary use or acci-

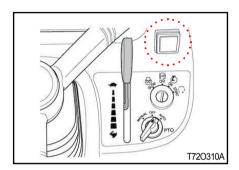




▶ THE PTO MONITOR LAMP

The PTO monitor lamp on the dash panel indicates the state of the PTO shaft.

- 1. If the monitor glows: The PTO is rotating.
- 2. If the monitor is off: The PTO is off.
- If the monitor blinks: The PTO is presently stationary but will instantly start rotating of the clutch pedal is released or the implement is lowered.

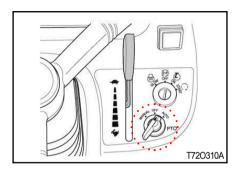


► PTO ON/OFF SWITCH

Two switches operate the independent PTO.

PTO "ON/OFF" switch: PTO "ON/OFF" switch is situated on the LHS. on the steering column and can be identified easily with its built in red colored indicator.

When the switch is pushed down to start the PTO indicator glows to indicate that the switch and the PTO are in "ON" position, If the switch is pushed down again the indicator goes off signaling that the PTO is "OFF".



▶ PTO CONTROL SWITCH

This switch is situated near the starting key location on the dash panel. There are three positions marked for this switch.

- "Off" at the center.
- "Manua"I at the left.
- "Auto" at the right.

The PTO shaft will not rotate if either of the two switches is in "OFF" position. The following table explains how the PTO operates at the two different (MANUAL & AUTO) positions of the PTO control switch with the PTO "ON/OFF" switch in the on position.



First select the specified speed for the PTO by using the PTO shifter on the LHS, below the driver seat.

| PTO ON/OFF Switch | PTO Control Switch | Clutch Pedal | Hydraulic Position Control Lever | PTO Monitor Lamp on the dash panel | PTO Shaft |
|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------|
| ON | Manual Mode | Either pressed or released | Either raised or lowered | Glows | Rotates |
| ON | Auto Mode | Pressed | Either raised or lowered | Blinks | Stationary |
| ON | Auto Mode | Either pressed or released | Raised | Blinks | Stationary |
| ON | Auto Mode | Released | Lowered | Glows | Rotates |

- From the table above we learn about the safety features of the PTO. When the monitor on the dash panel is blinking it indicates to the operator that the PTO is in the "ON" position but temporarily not rotating either because the clutch pedal is pressed or the implement is lifted off the ground or both. The PTO will start rotating instantaneously when either the clutch pedal is released and/or the implement is lowered to the ground.
- The operator must use this blinking signal to clear the area around the tractor off bystanders/onlookers as the rotating blades of certain implements can accidentally cause injuries to the persons standing near the tractor.
- The stopping of the PTO when the implement is lifted off the ground with the position control prevents the damage to the implement or the PTO shaft.

WARNING

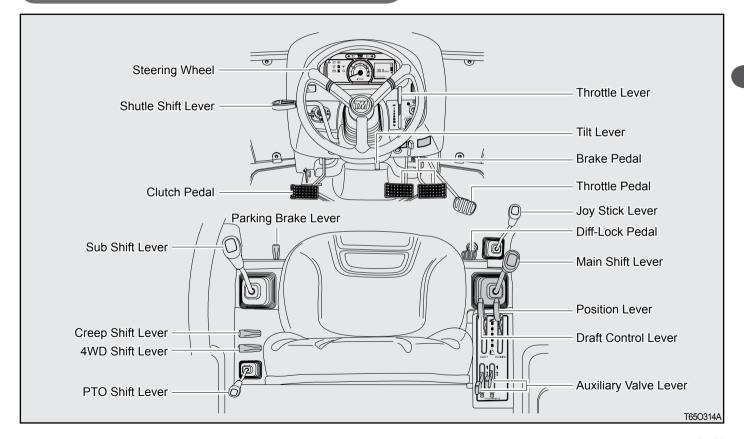
• When the PTO control switch is in manual position the PTO does not stop rotating even if the clutch pedal is pressed. If working on hard soils, pavements with a rotary implement the PTO "ON/OFF" switch must be put to the "OFF" position to stop the PTO from rotating, If this is not done the rotating blades of the implement will push on the hard ground below and in turn push the tractor toward causing accident which can lead to serious injuries or death.

WARNING

- Extra precaution must be taken to clear the area of bystanders/onlookers when using PTO driven implements. The rotating blades of the implements can cause serious injuries on contact. The warning that is indicated by the blinking PTO monitor is to make the operator aware that the PTO is in on position and will instantly start rotating if the clutch pedal is released or implement is lowered or both.
- In no case the specified rotating speeds indicated by the implement manufacturer be crossed as the same can lead to serious damage to the tractor/equipment and can lead to serious injuries to persons around.

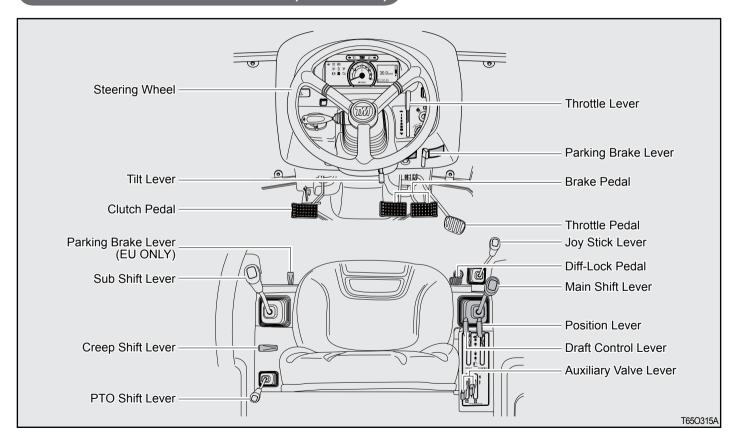


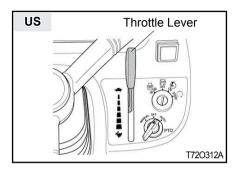
2-1. OPERATION THE CONTROLS (SM MODEL)





2-2. OPERATION THE CONTROLS (SC MODEL)

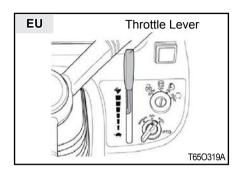




► HAND THROTTLE (THROTTLE LEVER)

Pulling the hand throttle towards the driver increases revolutions.

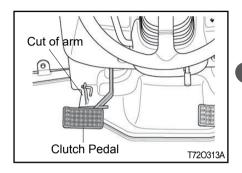
Pushing it away from the driver decreases revolution.



► HAND THROTTLE (THROTTLE LEVER)

Pulling the hand throttle towards the driver decreases revolutions.

Pushing it away from the driver increases revolution.



► CLUTCH DISCONNECTING ARM

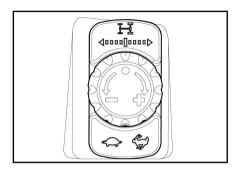
For long term storage of the tractor it is possible to latch the clutch in the disengaged position.

Push the clutch down and engage the latch to hold it there.

WARNING

• Do not attempt to start engine when this arm is being used.





SHUTTLE RESPONSE SET DIAL - SC MODEL

The middle position of this dial is recommended

- To shuttle smoothly: turn dial counter-clockwise. (turtle position)
- To shuttle aggressively: turn dial clockwise. (rabbit position)

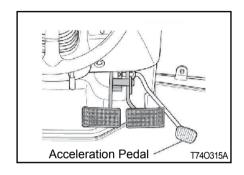
Repeat above until desired shuttle response is achieved.

▶ BRAKE PEDAL

Right and left brake pedals are provided to assist in turning the tractor in the field

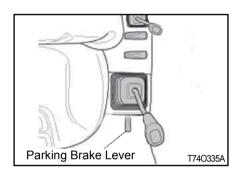
A CAUTION

- A connecting latch is provided to connect the right and left brake pedals for high speed or road use.
- In the interest of safety always use it on the road or at high speed as using one side only can cause rollovers.
- When servicing the tractor ensure that the adjustment on both sides in the same.



► FOOT OPERATED ACCELERATOR This pedal can override a fixed hand throttle setting.



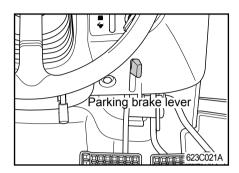


► PARKING BRAKE PARK BRAKE (HAND OPERATED PARK BRAKE) - EU ONLY

- 1. Pull the Lever fully up to engage the park brake.
- 2. Press the button on the end of the lever and lower the lever to release the brake.

IMPORTANT

 Traveling with the park brake on will damage the brakes.

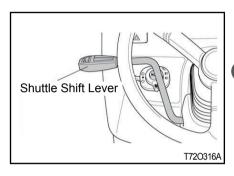


PARKING BRAKE LEVER

- With the left and right brake pedals interlocked, depress the brake pedal with a right foot firmly and pull up the parking brake lever to lock the pedals.
- 2. To release the parking brake, depress the brake pedal firmly.

NOTE

 The brake discs can be worn prematurely if driving the vehicle with the parking brake engaged partially.



► SHUTTLE SHIFT LEVER - SM MODEL

This control allows shifting from forward to reverse & reverse to forward. When stationary set the lever to "N" for neutral.

- Push the lever away from the driver engages forward.
- Pulling the lever towards the driver engages reverse.

IMPORTANT

 Press clutch pedal fully before operating shuttle shift lever.

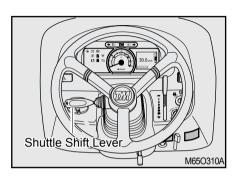


IMPORTANT

• When changing from forward to reverse or back to forward again while in high range make sure the tractor comes to a stop before changing direction. Failure to do so is likely to result in damage to the mechanism and place the driver at risk of injury.

A CAUTION

- Operate the shuttle shift only while seated on the tractor.
- Do not use the shuttle shift lever to start the tractor for towing or traveling uphill, use the clutch instead.
- Always stop the tractor before getting off.



► SHUTTLE SHIFT LEVER - SC MODEL

This lever is to switch between forward driving and reverse driving. Set it in the position N unless driving.

- Forward driving Pull up the lever and push it forward to drive forwards.
- Reverse driving Pull up the lever and pull it backward to drive backwards. Then, the reverse driving buzzer sounds.

NOTE

• The vehicle can start off by operating the shuttle shift lever regardless of the position of the clutch pedal. Therefore, care should be taken

WARNING

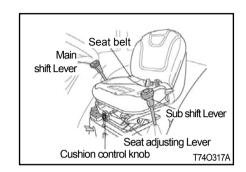
- Do not operate the shuttle shift lever during driving. You can get injured by impact due to inertia. Change the driving direction af-ter stopping the vehicle.
- Operate the shuttle shift lever only when seated in the driver's seat



NOTE

The response speed can vary as follows according to the op-erating speed or operating en-vironment (temperature) of the hydraulic clutch:

- Low operating oil temperature (in cold weather or initial tractor operation): The response may become faster (abrupt starting). Therefore, operate the clutch at a low speed, and operate the shuttle shift lever after warming up the engine sufficiently.
- High operating oil temperature (after prolonged use of the machine): The response may become slower, but this is normal.

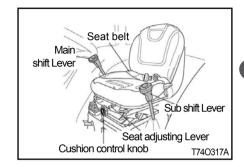


► MAIN GEAR LEVER



This lever can be shifted by using the clutch, both when the tractor is stationary or mobile.

It is located on the R.H.S of the driver seat.



► SUB GEAR LEVER (LINEAR SHIFT LEVER)



Operate the sub gear lever using clutch to select the appropriate speed for different applications.

It is located on the LHS of driver seat.



IMPORTANT

Avoid damage!

Select the proper speed range and gear for the job.

- The machine maybe operated in any gear with engine speeds at 945-2,200 rpm. Within these limits, the engine can be placed under varying load operations.
- Never overload engine by lugging machine at low idle speeds.
- Raise engine speed the match expected loads. If a slight increase engine rpm occurs simultaneously with moving hand throttle lever forward. the engine is not overloaded.

The sub shift lever (A) provides three speed ranges. The main shift lever (B) provides four gear positions. The reverse lever (C) controls travel direction

Use all three levers in different combinations to achieve twenty four forward and twenty four reverse speeds.

Machine motion must stop and the clutch pedal must be depressed before changing ranges. Gear may be changed while machine is in motion if clutch pedal is completely depressed.

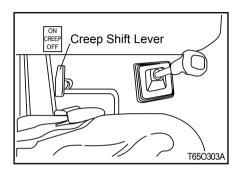
- 1. Choose a speed range to match work application:
 - A: Low speed/high power operations such as tilling hard soil, mowing high grass or positioning backhoe.
 - B: Operations including moderate tilling, hauling, and grass mowing.

- 2. Choose a gear that matches the immediate power/speed requirements:
- 1st Gear : High power, low speed operations.
- 2nd Gear : Medium power, moderate speed operations.
- 3rd Gear : Low power, moderate speed operations.

IMPORTANT

• Do not operate gear levers without stopping the tractor & without using the clutch.





▶ CREEP SHIFT LEVER

Shift the creep shift lever at "OFF" to high speeds and shift it "ON" to obtain low speeds.

The shifting requires clutch operation.

- 1. Creep speed (Attained by shifting the creep gear shift lever to ON) should be used only when doing one of the following jobs:
 - Deep rotary-tilling and harrow
 - Planting
 - Turf application.

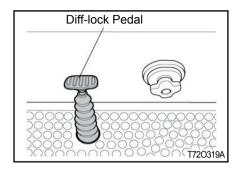
- 2. Creep speed should not be used for any of the following:
 - Pulling a trailer
- Front loader operation
- Front blade operation
- Earth-moving
- · Entering and leaving a field
- Loading onto and unloading from a truck
- 3. To avoid personal injury:
 - When you leave the tractor, be sure to apply the parking brake and stop the engine
 - In applying the brakes:
 - The torque of wheel axle is extremely high while creep speed is being used. Be sure to step down on the clutch pedal completely before applying the brakes, or they will not work.

- When starting to operate the tractor, be sure to release the parking brakes. Misuse of the brakes may cause damage to the transmission and is therefore not acceptable to **TYM** for coverage under the warranty.
- 4. 'M' or 'H' of sub shift can not be engaged while the 'Creep' is on.

IMPORTANT

· Press the clutch pedal completely down and stop the tractor's motion before shifting the creep speed gear lever.





▶ DIFF-LOCK PEDAL

In case of wheel slippage use the diff-lock by pushing down on the diff lock pedal.

To release it remove the foot from the pedal.

DANGER

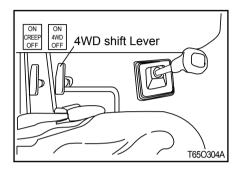
 Tractor will be difficult to turn if the Diff-lock is engaged, ensure the lock is disengaged before turning the steering wheel.

IMPORTANT

• Do not use high engine RPM when engaging Diff lock If the diff lock does not release after removing the foot from the diff lock pedal alternatively brake with the left and right brake until it gets released.

A CAUTION

 Never use the diff lock at high speed or on the road as this can cause roll over and injury.

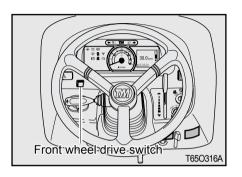


► FRONT WHEEL DRIVE LEVER (SM MODEL)

In the "ON" position the front wheels are engaged and in the "OFF" position they are disengaged.

Engage & disengage the front wheel drive with the front wheels in the straight position and at low Engine RPM.





► FRONT WHEEL DRIVE LEVER (SC MODEL)

- ON The 4WD function is activated when pressing the upper portion of the shift button.
- OFF The 4WD function is deactivated when pressing the lower

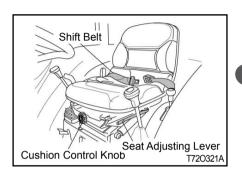
IMPORTANT

 Do not use front wheel drive at high speed or on the road as premature wear of components will result.

IMPORTANT

 Always use the clutch when using the front wheel drive lever.

Use of front wheel drive improves traction performance.

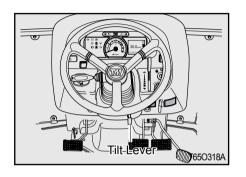


▶ DRIVER'S SEAT



To adjust the seat backwards and forwards lift the lever at the front of the seat and set it to the desired position.



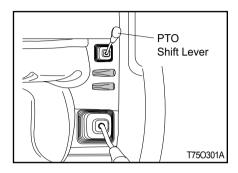


► TILT LEVER

To adjust the inclination of the steering wheel with a 3 stages and set it to the desired position.

DANGER

 Ensure that the tilt pedal has locked before moving the tractor.



▶ PTO GEAR SELECTION LEVER

Your tractor is equipped with 2 Speed PTO to suit range of applications and conditions

| | POSITION | | | | |
|-------|----------|-----|-------|--|--|
| MODEL | 1st | 2nd | 3nd | | |
| T654 | 540 | 750 | 1,000 | | |

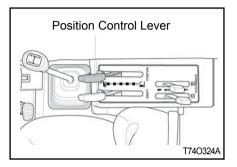
IMPORTANT

• Always use the clutch when engaging or disengaging the PTO or changing PTO speed. Let the PTO driven implement come to a complete stop before changing.

A CAUTION

• Check whether the seat properly locked in its position before driving the tractor.





▶ OPERATING THE HYDRAULICS

The hydraulics are powered with an engine driven hydraulic pump and controlled with a position control lever mounted beside the driver.

A CAUTION

 When working with the 3-point linkage, keep well clear of the operating radius of the lift arms and any attached implement. This is to avoid the risk of injury in the case of incorrect manoeuvres.

POSITION CONTROL

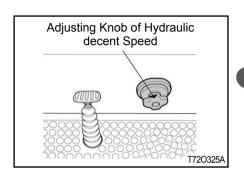
implements can be raised and lowered with the hydraulic position control lever and can be stopped at any position by stopping the lever.

To ensure a consistent working depth the adjustable stop can be set to ensure that the implement returns to the same depth every time.

- To raise the implement: Pull the lever back.
- To lower the implement: Push the lever forward.

WARNING

 After finishing the work, always lower the implement to the ground and switch off the engine, Set the parking brake to avoid injuries and accidents.

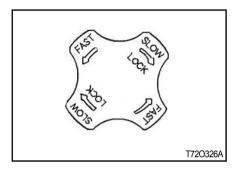


► LOWERING SPEED CONTROL KNOB FOR THE 3 POINT HITCH

This knob controls the downward speed of the hydraulics three point linkage and is positioned at the front of the driver's seat.

To slow the downward speed turn the knob clockwise.





To increase the downward speed, turn the knob anticlockwise.

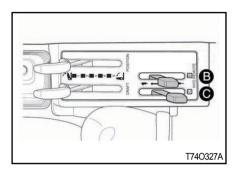
To lock the knob clockwise.

Do not over tighten the knob.

CAUTION

Always set the knob to lock when

- Traveling on the road .
- · Replacing tires or blades on an implement.
- · Making adjustments to an implement. Sudden dropping of an implement due to hydraulic problems can cause serious injury or death.



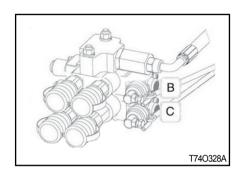
► EXTERIOR HYDRAULIC LEVER (OPTIONAL)

Move the lever up or down and hold. This will raise or lower the implement. (Rotavator or hydraulic plow) Lever will return to neutral by itself.



IMPORTANT

- Do not hold the lever in the "Pull" or "Push"position once the remote cylinder has reached the end of the stroke. as this will cause oil to flow through the relief valve. Forcing oil through the relief valve for extended periods will overheat the oil.
- When Using the tractor hydraulic system to power front loader,do not operate the boom and bucket cylinders simultaneously.



► REMOTE HYDRAULIC CONTROL VALVE COUPLER CONNECTING AND DISCONNECTING (OPTION 2 PORT)

Connecting

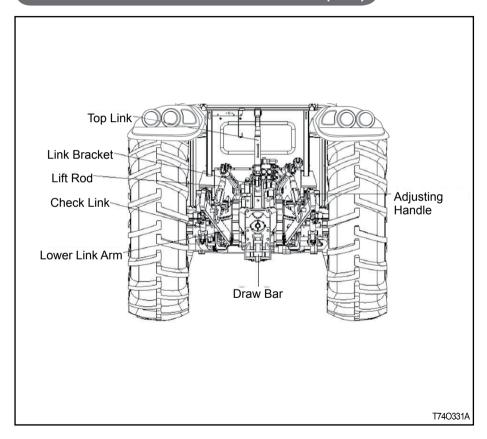
- 1. Clean both couplers.
- 2. Remove dust plugs.
- 3. Insert the implement coupler to the tractor hydraulic coupler.
- Pull the implement coupler slightly to make sure couplers are firmly connected.

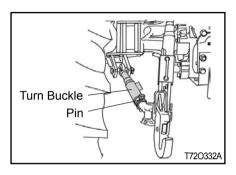
Disconnecting

- Lower the implement first to the ground to release hydraulic pressure in the hoses.
- 2. Clean the couplers.
- Relieve pressure by moving hydraulic control levers with engine shut off. Pull the hose straight from the hydraulic coupler to release it.
- 4. Clean oil and dust from the coupler, then replace the dust plugs.



3. OPERATING THE 3 POINT LINKAGE (TPL)



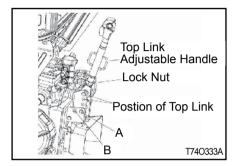


► TURN BUCKLE STABILIZERS ADJUSTMENT (CHECK LINK)

The stabilizers are intended for limiting or preventing implement side movement.

The length of stabilizers is adjusted by removing the pin and rotating the turn buckle barrel by which the threaded ends are interconnected.





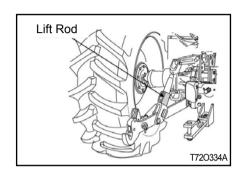
► ADJUSTMENT OF THE TOP LINK

Lengthening or shortening the top link will change the angle of the implement.

The locating hole of the top link varies with the type of implement used.

The most common locations are the 1st and 2nd hole from the top.

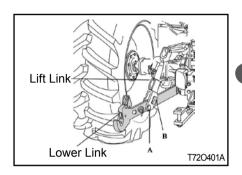
- For general implement: Use the Pin to "A": point
- For Draft control: Use the Pin to "B"point



► ADJUSTMENT OF THE LIFT ROD (LEFT, RIGHT)

Adjust the length of the lift rod by screwing the adjustable.

Handle in or out. Adjust the length of the lift rod as necessary to set the implement in its working position parallel to the ground.



► ADJUSTMENT OF THE LIFT LINK ON THE LOWER LINK

For different applications change the position of the yoke rod on the lowerlinks as shown. There should be no clearance (Position "A") during implement transport and when working with grades ,rollers mowers, seeders, drills and similar implements. However, a slight play is necessary (Position "B") when working with ploughs, Harrows, ditchers, cultivators and the like: that is when working with "Draft control".



DESCRIPTION OF TRACTOR CONTROLS

- For general implement: Use the Pin to "A" point.
- For Rotary tilling: Use the Pin to "B" point.

DANGER

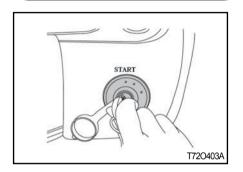
- Only use drawbar to tow and keep the 3 point linkage in raised position when towing with the drawbar.
- Position can create unbalance causing the tractor to roll-over & result the death or serious injury.



OPERATION

| 1. STARTING THE ENGINE | 4-2 |
|-------------------------------------------|-----|
| 2. STOPPING THE ENGINE | 4- |
| 3. DRIVING THE TRACTOR | 4- |
| 4. CONNECTING AND DISCONNECTING IMPLEMENT | 4-1 |

1. STARTING THE ENGINE



Before starting the engine carry out the pre-operational checks as set out on page 2-10.

- 1. Sit on the driver seat.
- 2. Apply the footbrake.
- 3. Put the hydraulic lever in the down position.
- 4. Push down the clutch pedal to activate the safety-starting switch.
- 5. Put the main gear lever in neutral.
- 6. Insert the ignition key and turn it on.

- 7. Ensure that the warning lights are working.
- 8. Always turn the ignition key to right for a moment & release it.

 The automatic heater will start working as will be indicated by a light on the instrument panel .As the lamp goes off turn the key to the start position to start the engine.
- 9. Ensure that all the warning lights are off with the engine running.

IMPORTANT

- Never turn the key to the start position while the engine is running as this can cause serious damage to the starter and engine flywheel.
- Only engage the starter for a period of not more than 10 seconds.
- If Engine does not start, rest the starter for about 20 seconds and try again for a maximum of 10 seconds. If the engine does not start after repeated attempts, refer to the fault tracing guide.
- Especially in cold weather, always allow the tractor to idle for a while to warm up & build up sufficient oil pressure to ensure normal operating temperature for longer engine life.



2. STOPPING THE ENGINE

After light work let the engine idle for a while and turn the key off.

I IMPORTANT

 After long or heavy work allow the engine to idle for 5- 10 minutes and turn the key off.

3. DRIVING THE TRACTOR

► WARMING UP

When starting the engine allow it to warm up to operating temperature by allowing it to idle 5-10 minutes to ensure full lubrication and operating temperature.

Failure to do so can shorten engine life substantially.

WARMING UP IN COLD WEATHER

Cold weather will change the viscosity of the oil, resulting in a reduced oil pumping capacity, which can cause damage to the engine if it is not warmed up correctly.

It also causes problems with the hydraulic system and the synchromesh in the transmission.

WARMING UP TIME

| Temperature | Time for warming up |
|-------------|---------------------|
| Above 50°F | 5~10 min. |
| 50°F~ 32°F | 10~20 min. |
| 32°F~14°F | 20~30 min. |
| 14°F~-4°F | 30~40 min. |
| Below –4°F | Over 40 min. |

IMPORTANT

- Ensure the handbrake (Foot brake) is on during the warming period.
- Failure to warm up correctly can result in problems.

When the engine is warm push down the clutch and engage the main and auxiliary gear levers to the required position.

Push down on the brake pedals and release the handbrake.

Increase the engine revolutions and let out the clutch smoothly.

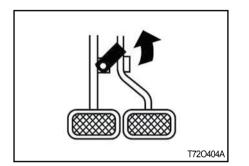
Only change gears with main gear lever while moving and ensure that this is done with fully use of the clutch.

A CAUTION

- Do not "ride" the clutch to control speed, use a lower gear.
- Do not travel with your foot on the clutch pedal.

DANGER

- Always connect the brake pedals when traveling on the road.
- Never tow anything except with the drawbar.
- Do not tow loads which are too large for the tractor's capacity to brake effectively especially in hilly terrain.
- Take special care when towing large or wide implements.
- Do not carry passengers.
- At all times observe local legislation and road rules.



► TIGHT TURNS IN THE FIELD

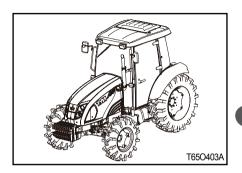
Disconnect the latch connecting left and right brake pedals to allow the use of individual pedals.

To make a tight turn use both the steering wheel and the brake pedal at the same time.

For a left turns use the left pedal and a right turn the right pedal.

CAUTION

- Perform tight turns only at a slow safe speed.
- Doing so at a high speed can cause rollovers and very serious injury or death.



► NORMAL BRAKING AND PARKING

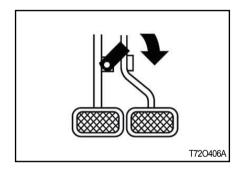
Let the engine come back to idle and at the same time push in the clutch and brake simultaneously.

When the tractor has come to a halt. lower any implement to the ground, and put the main gear in neutral.

Apply the park brake, stop the engine, and remove the key.

CAUTION

- Always apply the park brake when parking.
- Failure to do so can cause accidents and damage.
- As an extra precaution when parking on a slope, chock the rear wheels



► UPHILL STARTS ON A STEEP SLOPE

With the pedals connected together push down on the brake pedals and push down the clutch.

Set all gear levers to low and the throttle to medium engine speed.

Release the clutch and as it engages release the brake pedals.

Adjust the throttle to the required speed.

DRIVING DOWNHILL

Use the engine's ability to brake when traveling downhill.

Never rely on the brakes only and never travel downhill with the gears in neutral.

A CAUTION

- When operating in hilly terrain the risk of the rollover is increased substantially, please drive with extra care.
- When towing trailers in hilly terrain ensure that they are equipped with brakes, use a lower gear to get maximum engine braking and do not change gears on a down hill run.



► OPERATION OF THE DIFF LOCK

While the diff lock is a very useful feature, care should be taken in its use as misuse can lead to dangerous situations.

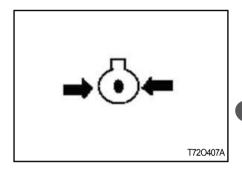
The diff lock would only be used in situations where traction is lost on one of the rear wheels

WARNING

- Use low engine revolutions when using the diff lock.
- If the diff lock does not release after removing the foot from the pedal use the left and right brake pedals in turn to release it.
- Do not try to engage or use the diff lock on tight turns as serious damage can result.

► CHECK DURING DRIVING

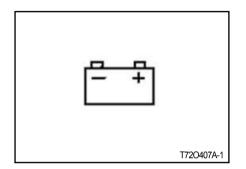
Constantly monitor the warning lights on the dash and if any comes on stop the tractor to determine the cause.



OIL PRESSURE LIGHT

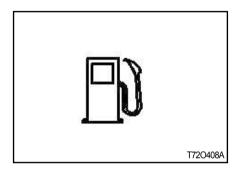
If the oil pressure light comes on check the oil level first of all.

If the oil level is OK ask a qualified dealer to check the reason for the light coming on.



BATTERY CHARGING

If the alternator warning light comes on check all connections and ensure that the fan belt is not broken. If all connections and the fan belt are intact consult your dealer to determine the cause of the problem.

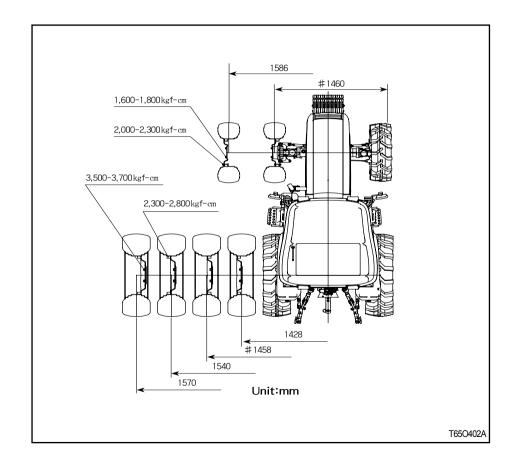


FUEL GAUGE

To avoid excessive condensation in the fuel tank refill at the end of each day's work and ensure during the day that it does not drop to a low level where the fuel system will require bleeding to expel air in the system after refilling the tank.

▶ CHECK DURING DRIVING

As T654 models of **TYM** are front wheel assist the front track can be set in 2 positions. The rear track can be set in 4 positions as illustrated.



4. CONNECTING AND DISCONNECTING IMPLEMENT

CONNECTION

- Make sure to stop the engine before connecting it.
- Move the double acting valve lever forward and backward for 4 to 5 times to release the pressure in the hydraulic line of the tractor. Otherwise, it is hard to connect the couplers, and hydraulic fluid can be sprayed from the line and get in to your eyes while connecting them.
- Remove any foreign material around the male and female couplers. If foreign material enters the hydraulic components, it can lead to malfunction of the system.
- Open the dust-proof cover of the female coupler of the tractor and insert the male coupler of the implement. A clicking sound is heard when the couplers are engaged.
- 5. Pull the hydraulic hose of the implement to check that the couplers are properly connected.

6. Start the engine and check the operating status and leakage.

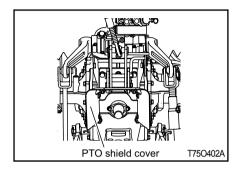
DISCONNECTION

- 1. Make sure to stop the engine before disconnecting it.
- 2. Release any residual pressure in the hydraulic hoses of the implement and tractor by operating the double acting valve lever 4 to 5 times.
- 3. Remove any foreign material around the couplers.
- 4. Keep the implement balanced by removing any load applied (lowering it onto the ground, for example). If disconnecting the hose while outer load is applied to the implement, it is hard to connect the implement in the future.
- Remove the male coupler by pushing the female coupler boss of the tractor backward.

 Close the dust-proof cover of the female coupler of the tractor. Wrap the male coupler of the implement with a plastic bag to prevent contamination.

WARNING

- Never connect or disconnect the implement hydraulic hose while the pressure in it is not released or the engine is running. It is hard to connect and disconnect the hose and hydraulic fluid can be sprayed from the hose, and get into your eyes or skin.
- Stop the engine and wear protective glasses and gloves before work.



► MOUNTING IMPLEMENT

If the PTO is used, remove the safety cover off the PTO shaft.

Adjust the yoke rod on the lower links to suit the implement in use.

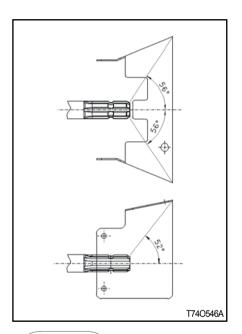
Attach the left lower link, then attach the right lower link using the adjusting handle on the leveling box if required.

Attach the top link.

Attach the PTO shaft to the tractor if used. making sure that it is locked in place.

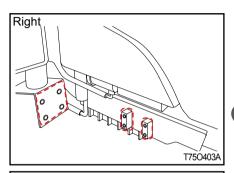
Adjust the check chains to suit the implement and tighten the locknuts.

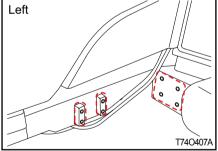
To remove an implement reverses the procedure.



CAUTION

• Do not attach a PTO shaft with the engine running and ensure all safety shields are in place.

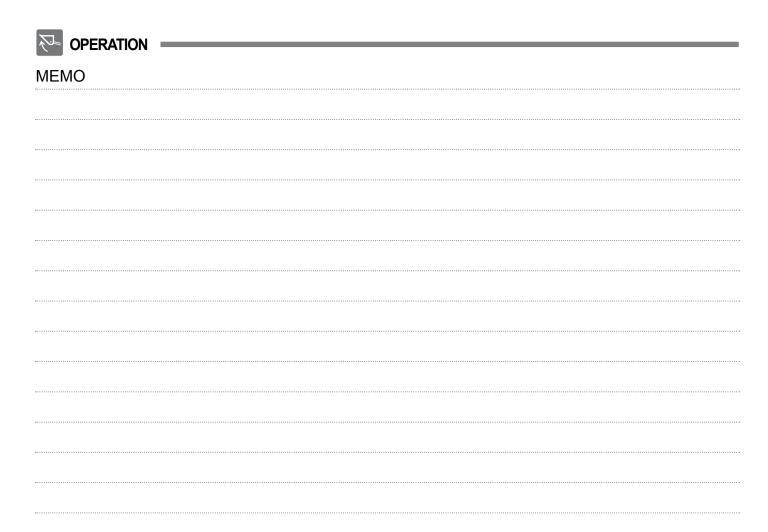




▶ FIXATION POINTS OF LOADER

 Screw size : M16 X 2 Screw strength: 9T

• Number: 20





MAINTENANCE

| . CHECKS AND SERVICE | 5-2 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| . MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT SCHEDU | JLE . 5-7 |
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1. CHECKS AND SERVICE

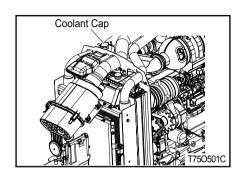
▶ GENERAL INFORMATION

This section gives full details of the service procedures necessary to maintain your tractor at peak efficiency while the lubrication and maintenance chart provides a ready reference to these requirements.

PRE-START CHECKS

To avoid problems it is recommended that a range of checks be carried out daily before starting the tractor.

For full details of the items and frequency please refer to the tables on page 5-7, 5-8, 5-9 and 5-10.



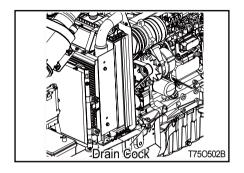
▶ CHECKING ENGINE COOLANT

INSPECTION

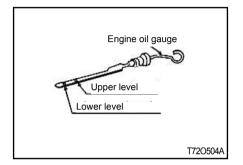
Check that the coolant level in the reservoir is between the MAX. and MIN. levels. if insufficient, add coolant to the reservoir.

WARNING

 Do not open the cap when the engine is hot. Otherwise, hot steam can burn you seriously. Wait until the engine is sufficiently cooled down.



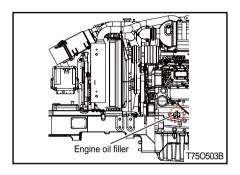
If the coolant is a rusty color, drain the system completely and refill with the correct mixture of water and anti-freeze or corrosion inhibitor.

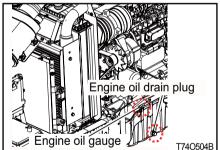


▶ ENGINE OIL

Pull out the stick, wipe it and dip in the oil sump.

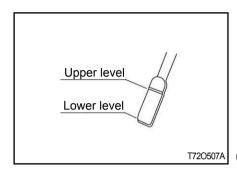
Ensure that oil level is between the upper and lower mark near the upper mark. If too low add oil, but never excess 100 hrs.





IMPORTANT

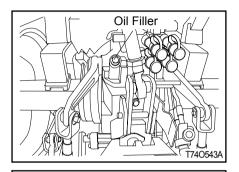
· Do not overfill the crankcase with oil.

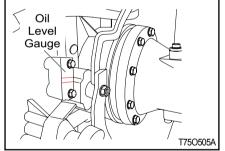


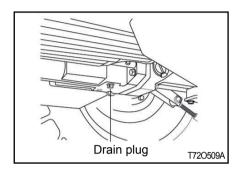
► TRANSMISSION OIL

Check the level with the dipstick on top of the transmission in rear of the seat.

If the level is low add oil through the filler hole.

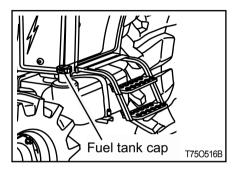






A CAUTION

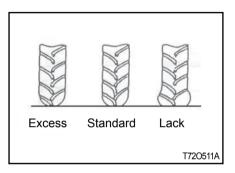
 Always ensure that you use the correct oil for topping up or oil changes.



▶ FUEL

Use the fuel gauge to check the fuel level and top up if too low.

It is a good practice to refill the tank immediately after use to avoid condensation.



► TIRE PRESSURE

The air pressure used in the tires has a direct bearing on the life of the tire and its performance in the field.

Ensure that the tire pressures are correct and in accordance with the table on page 5-11.

To make a visual judgment see the drawing on the right.

IMPORTANT

• It is strongly recommended that tire pressures are checked with a proper gauge only & visual inspections are relied upon.

DANGER

• Excess tire pressure can cause accidents!

► STFFRING

Ensure that the steering wheel does not have excessive free play.

▶ BRAKE

Ensure that the left and right brakes are adjusted correctly so they operate simultaneously. The correct free play on the brake is 1.18~1.57in. (30~40 mm)

MAINTENANCE

▶ CLUTCH

Ensure that the clutch is adjusted correctly.

Correct free play on the clutch pedal is 0.78~1.18 in. (20~30mm)

A CAUTION

 Incorrect clutch adjustment can cause excessive wear and reduced tractor performance.

▶ ELECTRICAL

Check the operation of all gauge, switches, horn, lights and indicators.

2. MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT SCHEDULE

▶ PERIODICAL CHECK AND SERVICE TABLE

A CAUTION

• These intervals are for operation under normal conditions and need to be reviewed under severe conditions to a greater frequency.

○ Check, Top-up or Adjust,

Replace,

Clean or Wash,

First Replacement

| NI- | H | Daile | Service interval(Hour meter,Mark) | | | | | | | | | 47/2-27 | 0)/ | | | |
|-----|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------|-----|-----|-------|--------|
| No. | . Item | Daily | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 1Year | 2 Year |
| 1 | Engine oil & Cartridge | 0 | * | | | | | | | | | | • | | • | |
| 2 | Air cleaner | | | | | | 0 | | | | | • | | | | |
| 3 | Radiator coolant | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | • |
| 4 | Fuel | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Fuel filter (A) Main | 0 | | | | | | | | | | • | | | • | |
| 6 | Fuel filter (B) Pre | 0 | | | | | | | | | | • | | | • | |
| 7 | Fan belt | 0 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| 8 | V-belt | 0 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | | |
| 9 | Battery | | | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Loose nuts and bolts | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Radiator hose clamp | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Transmission oil & cartridge | | * | | | | | 0 | | | | | • | | • | |

○ Check, Top-up or Adjust, ● Replace, △ Clean or Wash, ★ First Replacement

| | _ | | | Service interval(Hour meter,Mark) | | | | | | Теріа | | | | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-------|----|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|-------|
| No. | o. Item Daily | Daily | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 550 | 600 | 1Year | 2Year |
| 13 | Clutch pedal play | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | State of both brake ped- als | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Operation of each lever | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Free play of steering wheel | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | Toe-in | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | 0 | | |
| 18 | Grease in front wheel hub | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Check the steering wheel joint | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | 0 | | |
| 20 | Wheel nut fastening torque | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Operation of the instrument | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Adjustment of the throt- tle pedal | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | Grease each nipple | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| 24 | Oil of the 4WD front axle | | * | | | | | 0 | | | | | • | | • | |
| 25 | Check the electric wiring | 0 | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | Hydraulic hoses & pipes | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |

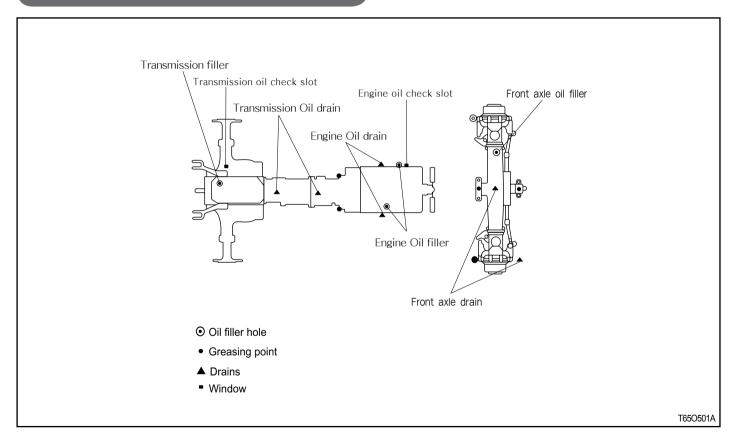


3. TIRE SIZE AND INFLATION PRESSURE

| Class | Division | Size | Air pressure (PSI) | Model |
|--------------------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-------|
| Tire (Standard) | Front | 11.2 - 20 | 34 PSI | T054 |
| | Rear | 14.9 - 30 | 23 PSI | T654 |



4. FILLING DIAGRAM & CAPACITY TABLE





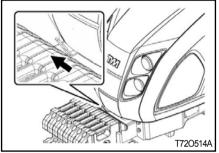
5. LUBRICANTS

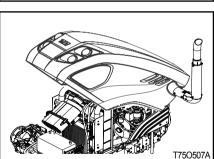
| No. | Filling point | Fillings | Quantity Liter (gal.) |
|-----|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Radiator | DQC CA-14, DQC CB-14, DQC CC-14(Fresh clean Water) | 2.64 US gal(10L) |
| 2 | Engine | Deutz quality class DQCIII LA DQCIV LA API: CJ-4 grade Recomended SAE viscosity grades A: Viscosity B: Temperature A A B B B | 8.5L |
| 3 | Transmission Case | Tractor Hydraulic Fluids - API GL-4 Grade - Below -4°F(-20°C) ISO VG 32 - Above -4°F(-20°C) ISO VG 46 | 11.1 US gal (42L) |
| 4 | Front Axle | Gear Oils | |
| 5 | Final Drive Case (B) | - API GL-4 Grade - SAE 80W/90 | 4.33 US gal (16.4L) |
| 6 | Clutch Pedal Shaft | Grease | As required |
| 7 | Ball Joint | Grease | As required |
| 8 | Fuel Tank | Diesel fuel | 18.48 US gal (70L) |

^{*} Recommended Transmission oil

- 1. RPM tractor Hydraulic Fluid or Textron TDH Premium (CALTEX)
- 2. TDH Oil or TDH Oil special (TEXACO)
- 3. Chevron 1000THF (CHEVRON)

6. OPENING METHOD OF EACH COVER





▶ OPENING METHOD OF HOOD

With the hood up, the Hook release lever can be removed by pulling left.

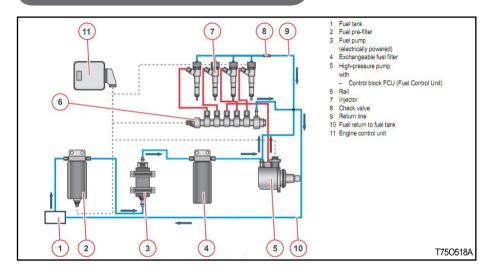
▶ FUEL

Use clean diesel fuel only.

IMPORTANT

 As diesel fuel equipment is susceptible to contamination by dust or water, Ensure that all dust and water is kept well away from the fuel tank.

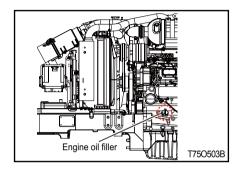
7. BLEEDING THE FUEL SYSTEM

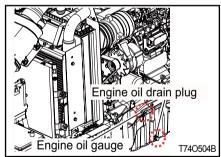


8. CHANGING THE OILS IN THE TRACTOR

Always use quality oils as engine or transmission oil (Refer to the page 5-9).

Refer to the table on page 5-7, 5-8, 5-9 and 5-10 for the change frequency.





► CHANGING ENGINE OIL

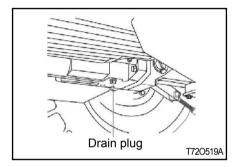
Park tractor on level surface, shutoff engine.

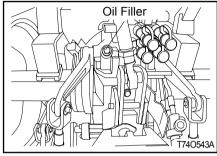
Remove sump plug & drain oil.

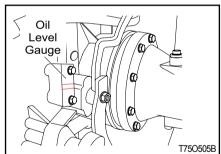
Replace and check the sump plug and refill the engine with oil to the correct level on the dipstick. (Approx. 2.11 gal)

IMPORTANT

- When changing the oil always change the filter.
- Always use the same oil, as using different oils or specifications can cause damage.
- Dispose off the old oil as per local regulations.







IMPORTANT

- · Always use the same grade and specified oil as replacements.
- Dispose off the old oil as per local regulations.

► CHANGING THE TRANSMISSION OIL

T72O520A

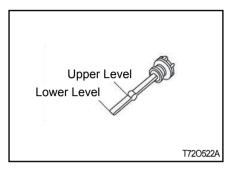
Remove the drain plug from bottom of the transmission and drain the oil. Replace and check the drain plug.

Upper level

Lower level

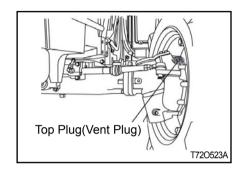
Refill the transmission to the correct level on the dipstick with new oil.

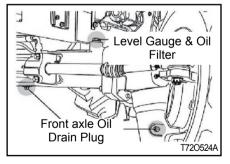
• Capacity: 18 US gal (68L)



► CHANGING OIL IN THE FRONT AXLE Refill the transmission to the correct level on the dipstick with new oil.

• Capacity: 4.3 US gal (16.4L)

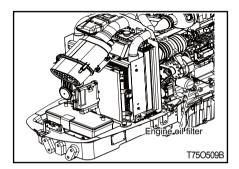




IMPORTANT

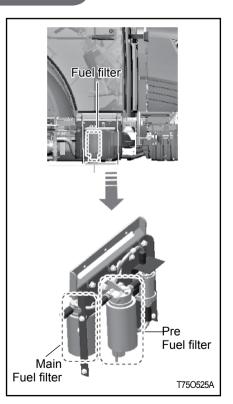
- Some operators have found that when they fill with the correct amount of oil and dip it, the oil level on the dipstick is too high due to the fact that it takes a while for the oil to run into the final drives.
- Opening the Vent plugs helps to speed this up.

9. CLEANING AND CHANGING FILTERS

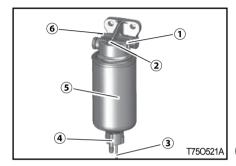


► ENGINE OIL FILTER

Using a filter wrench turn the filter anti clockwise to remove it. Lightly smear the rubber seal on the new filter with oil to ensure, turn it clockwise until the seal contacts the base and then turn it another 2/3 turn to tighten it.



► CLEANING OIL WATER **SEPARATOR OF FUEL FILTER**



► CHANGE/VENT FUEL PRE-FILTER

- 1. Fuel supply flow to the pump
- 2. Venting screw
- 3. Electrical connection for water level sensor
- 4. Drain plug
- 5. Filter insert
- 6. Fuel inlet from the fuel tank

► EMPTY WATER TANK

- · Switch off the engine.
- Place suitable collecting containers underneath.
- Electrical connection
 - Disconnect cable connections.
- Loosen drain plug.
- Drain fluid until pure diesel fuel runs out.
- Mount drain plug.
 Tightening torque 1.6 ±0.3 Nm
- Electrical connection
 - Connect cable connections.

► CHANGE THE FUEL PRE-FIL-TER INSERT

- Switch off the engine.
- Shut off the fuel supply to the engine (with highlevel tank).
- Place suitable collecting containers underneath.
- Electrical connection
 - Disconnect cable connections.
- Loosen drain plug and drain liquid.
- Disassemble filter insert.
- Clean any dirt off the sealing surfaces of the new filter cartridge and opposite side of filter head.
- Wet the sealing surfaces of the filter cartridge slightly with fuel and screw back on to the filter head, clockwise (17-18 Nm).
- Mount drain plug.
 Tightening torque 1.6 ±0.3 Nm
- Electrical connection
 - Connect cable connections.
- Open the fuel shutoff tap and vent the system,see venting the fuel system.

▶ VENT THE FUEL SYSTEM

The fuel system is vented via the electric fuel supply pump.

In order to ensure that no error messages are generated, no attempt should be made to start the system up whilst venting.

This process is carried out as follows:

• Ignition "ON"

The electronic fuel supply pump switches on for 20 seconds in order to vent the fuel system and build up the required fuel pressure.

Wait until the electric fuel supply pump is disconnected from the control unit.

Ignition "OFF"

Repeat the process at least 2 times until the fuel system is vented.

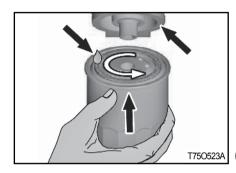


► CHANGE THE FUEL FILTER **CARTRIDGE**

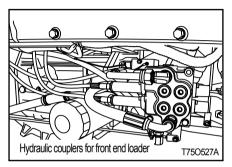
DANGER

The filter cartridge should never be prefilled. There is a danger of dirt contamination!

- Remove clamps when twist protection mounted (optional).
- Loosen and unscrew filter with tool (order no.: 0189 9142)
- Catch any escaping fuel.
- Clean the sealing surface of the filter support with a lint-free, clean cloth.

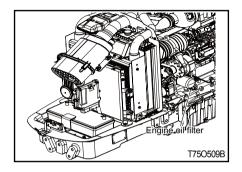


- Oil the gasket of the new DEUTZ original filter cartridge lightly.
- · Screw on new filter by hand until the gasket is touching and tighten with a torque of: 10-12 Nm
- Fasten clamps of the twist protection (optional).
- Vent the fuel system



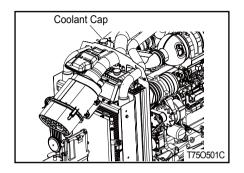
► HYDRAULIC OIL FILTER AND EN-GINE OIL FILTER CARTRIDGE

Remove the filter with a filter wrench.

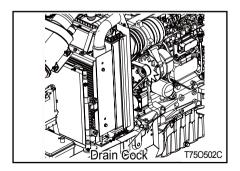


To replace, apply oil or grease on the seal, fit by hand until seal contacts bare, then turn it 2/3rd turn further to tighten it check for leaks.

10. CHANGING THE COOLANT



 Open the drain cock in front of the engine oil filter to drain the coolant.



2. Open the Coolant cap at the same time.

- 3. To give a thorough clean run a hose into the radiator and flush it out.
- Close the drain cock and refill the radiator with a coolant mixture of water and corrosion inhibitor or anti freeze.
- 5. Start the engine and allow it to run for approx 5 minutes, check the water level again and top up if required.

CAUTION

- Do not remove the radiator cap on a hot engine.
- Allow the engine to cool down and then turn the cap slowly to ensure, that there is no excessive pressure in the radiator.

A CAUTION

- Serious burns, can result from the contents of pressurized, hot radiators.
- Allow the engine to cool down completely before opening radiator cap.

► ANTI FREEZE

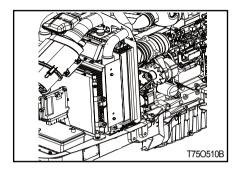
Frozen cooling water can damage the engine.

Before replacing the anti freeze solution flush the radiator.

Mix the anti freeze solution in accordance with the instructions applicable to the brand of anti freeze and the locals climate.

Replace the solution in the radiator.

In case of loss of solution due to evaporation or overflow, replace with the original mixture ratio.



▶ CLEANING THE RADIATOR

Insects, grass straw and dust can all block the radiator, condenser and reduce its efficiency. Remove the radiator cover to clean it and the radiator. Release the bolt and pull to remove the cover. Then clean the radiator between the fins and tube by using clean water.

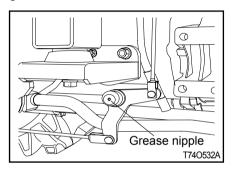
IMPORTANT

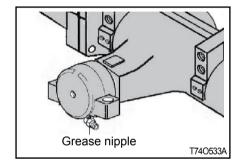
 Water or air under high pressure can distort the cooling fins on the radiator and reduce its efficiency.

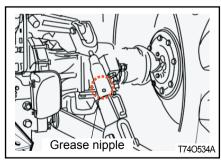
11. GREASING THE TRACTOR

Grease the tractor according to the service schedule. (Page 5-10)

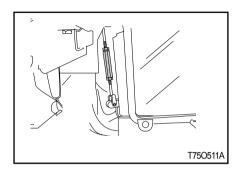
Ensure that grease nipples are cleaned well before any attempt is made to grease them.







12. GAP ADJUSTMENT



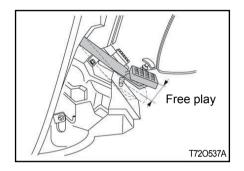
► ADJUSTING THE CLUTCH

Using the clutch over a period of time will increase the free play.

The correct free play of the pedal is 0.78~1.18 in. (20~30mm).

To adjust, loosen the locknut on the turnbuckle and adjust.

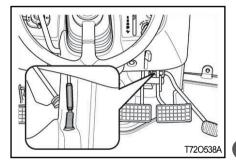
Check the adjustment and tighten the locknut if the free play is correct.



► ADJUSTING THE BRAKES

As is the case with the clutch, use of the brakes will change the pedal free play and the balance between the right and left pedal.

The correct pedal free play is 1.18~ 1.57 in. (30~40mm).



► ADJUSTMENT METHOD

Loosen the double locknuts to adjust the brake.

Turning it to increases the free play, or decreases it.

Tighten the double locknuts and confirm to fix the Nuts.

Check that the free play is correct and the same on both pedals to ensure even braking.

A CAUTION

- Uneven adjustment of the left and right pedal will result in one sided braking when the pedals are connected and can cause serious accidents, especially at high speeds.
- Double check to ensure free play is the same on both pedals.

► ADJUSTING THE THROTTLE LEVE

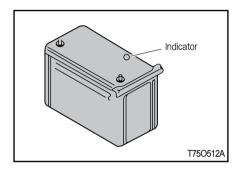
If this lever is either loose or difficult to move please consult your dealer for rectification of the problem.

► ADJUSTING TOE-IN

If the toe-in adjustment is incorrect it can cause severe shaking of both the steering wheel and the entire tractor.

The correct toe in is 0.08~0.24in. (2~6mm) We recommend that this adjustment is made by the dealer.

13. BATTERY MAINTENANCE



▶ CHECKING THE BATTERY

To the battery there is an inspection charging indicator.

- **GREEN: Good condition**
- **BLACK: Charging necessary**
- WHITE: Replace battery

CAUTION

- · Electrolyte contains acid and can cause serious burns.
- · Any spillage on skin should be washed off by running water immediately.

▶ BATTERY MAINTENANCE

Low temperatures will affect the performance of batteries so take particular care of it in winter

For long-term storage of the tractor remove the battery and keep it in a cool dry room.

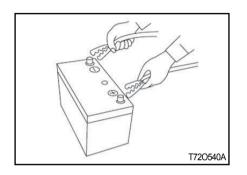
If it is on the tractor while stored. disconnect the negative terminal.

Batteries will self discharge if left for a period of without use time.

To keep them in good condition charge them once a month in summer and every second month in winter.

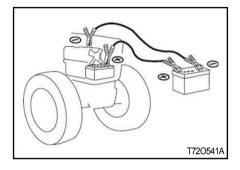
When replacing the original battery, ensure that the replacement battery is the same size

Failure to do so can cause problems with the electrical circuit.



▶ BATTERY CHARGING

A boost charge is only for emergencies. It will partially charge the battery at a high rate and in a short time.



When using a boost-charged battery, It is necessary to recharge the battery as early as possible.

Failure to do this will shorten the battery's service life.

A CAUTION

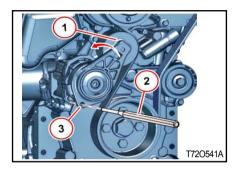
- Always disconnect the negative terminal first when removing the battery and always connect the positive terminal first when fitting the battery.
- When connecting the battery leads make sure not to reverse the polarity.
- Quick charging will reduce battery life.
- Disconnect the terminals prior to charging the battery to avoid damage to the circuit and electrical instruments.

14. OTHER MAINTENANCE

▶ CHECKING THE BELT DRIVE

A CAUTION

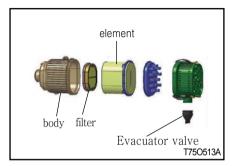
- Only carry out work on the belt drive with the engine at a standstill !
- After repair work: Check that all guards have been replaced and that all tools have been removed from the enaine.
- Check the whole belt drive visually for damage.
- Renew damaged parts.
- · Remount protective devices if necessary.
- pay attention to correct fit of new belts, check the tension after running for 15 minutes.



▶ REPLACE V-RIB BELT

- 1. Tension pulley
- 2. Retaining pin
- 3. Assembly bore
- Press tensioning roller with socket wrench in the direction of the arrow until a retaining pin can be fixed in the assembly bore. The V-ribbed belt is now tension free.
- First pull the V-ribbed belt off the smallest roller or off the tensioning roller.

- Mount new V-ribbed belt
- Retain tensioning pulley using the pin wrench and remove the holdfing pin.
- Tension V-ribbed belt using the tensioning roller and socket wrench Check whether the V-ribbed belt is correctly in its quide.



► CHECK AND CLEAN THE AIR CLEANER ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS

• Filter part number: 10031032020

• Element part number: 10031032050

< Cautions for inspection and service of air cleaner >

- (1) Use the standard element and filter and do not apply oil on them.
- (2) Remove any dust in the cover thoroughly.

- (3) Install it firmly so that dust does not enter below the cover.
- (4) Never drive with the element and filter removed.
- (5) Replace the air cleaner filter and element according to their replacement schedule and when their indicator comes on.

NOTE

- Do not hit the element with a rock or concrete during its cleaning.
- Make sure to install the element firmly.
- Tighten each part of the air cleaner securely to block dust completely.

Replace the element after cleaning it 5 times or it is damaged.

▶ CHECKING HOSES AND LINES

The fuel lines, radiator hoses, hydraulic and rubber hoses are consumables, which deteriorate by age and use.

Check them regularly and replace if faulty.

A CAUTION

- Damaged fuel lines leak and cause fires.
- Damaged radiator hoses can cause hot water burns and in severe cases seize the engine.

► CHECKING THE WIRING HAR-NESS AND FUSES

Loose wires make inferior connections and damaged wires can cause short circuits, fires burnt wiring or reduce efficiency of components.

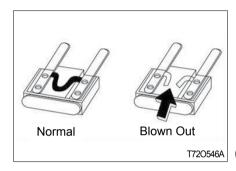
Replace or repair any faulty wiring or insulation.

If a fuse burns out again after it has been replaced, do not replace it with wire or a high capacity fuse, find the cause and rectify it or get an auto electrician to do so.

Where insulation is chafed or peeled off, recover the area with a good quality insulation tape. Where wiring comes out of it's fitting replace it correctly with the standard fitting.

IMPORTANT

- Incorrect wiring or fuses can cause fires to both the tractor and surrounding area so get the dealer to check it annually.
- Likewise fuel pipes and wiring age with use.
- Ask your dealer to check it at least once every 2 years and replace as required.



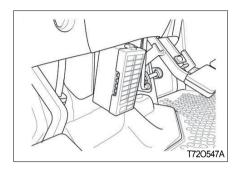
▶ REPLACING FUSES

The circuit has 8 blade type fuses in its wiring circuit. (See diagram on page 9-2 and 9-3)

When a fuse has blown replace it with one of the same value.

Using a large capacity fuse or wire burn out the wiring system.

Use fuse tongs to replace fuses.



► MAIN FUSES

The wiring harness is equipped with 3 main fuses who's function is to preserve the wiring.

However when a main fuse blows the entire circuit is dead.

Always check the reason & rectify before replacing the fuse of the same value.

To indicate that the fuse is blown it will be discolored.

IMPORTANT

 Always check the reason for a blown fuse otherwise the new fuse is also likely to blow.

Never ever use wire in place of correct grade fuse.

15. STORAGE

► SERVICE PRIOR TO DAILY AND SHORT TERMS STORAGE

Wash the tractor and keep it clean.

Fill the tank to avoid condensation and rust.

Lower any attached implement to the ground before parking the tractor.

For long-term storage consult your dealer.

► FOR DAILY OR SHORT TERM STORAGE

Clean the tractor and remove all dirt from field work

Fill the fuel tank to avoid condensation and rust.

Lower the implement to the ground.

Keep it in a machinery shed or, if not available cover the unit if left outside.

In very cold conditions it is advisable to remove the battery and keep it inside in a warm environment

This will ensure effective starting when the tractor is required.

When the outside temperature is below 32°F(0°C), replace the Antifreeze completely or drain the coolant to protect the engine from damage from frozen coolant.

IMPORTANT

- When washing the tractor ensure that the water does not get near electrical components or the oil filter points.
- To prevent short circuits remove the ignition key.
- Do not wash the tractor when the engine is running.

► LONG-TERM STORAGE

When the tractor will not be used for a long time carry out the cleaning as for short term storage.

Drain the oil and replace with new oil.

Run the engine for approx. 5 min. to ensure that it has new oil throughout the engine.

Drain the coolant from the radiator. and remove the ignition key.

Attach a tag both the key and the steering wheel saving "No coolant".

Lubricate all grease and oil points on the tractor.

Check the pressures and add a small amount of extra pressure.

Lower any implement to the ground or store in a shady dry place.

Disconnect the clutch by using the clutch disconnecting arm.

Place a piece of wood under each tire to preserve the tire.

IMPORTANT

- After refilling the engine with the coolant run the engine for approx. 5~10 min. at 1,500~2,000 rpm every month as a corrosion prevention measure.
- Either removes the battery or the negative terminal as mouse damage to wiring can cause short circuits and fires.
- Remove the ignition key and store in a safe place.

► RE-USE AFTER LONG TERM STORAGE

Carry out a full check of all oils and coolant.

Refit the battery and run the engine at idle for 30 min. to ensure optimum engine life.

16. FUEL SAVING TIPS

To save fuel & oil in your tractor, following things should always be kept in mind.

► AIR CLEANING SYSTEM

- 1. Clean the air cleaner regularly so that dust does not settle down.
- 2. For every 50 hours & everyday in sandy/dusty conditions.
 - Clean the air cleaner filter element with compressed air.
 - If the rubber ring is cut or expanded then change it with an appropriate one. Fix the rubber at the proper location & check for leakages if any.
 - If air is leaking through the hose connection, check & rectify other leakages, too.

NOTE

 If air cleaning system is not properly maintained, it will lead to early wear of piston rings & sleeves. This will lead to problems like loss of engine power, excessive oil consumption fuel consumption.

► ENGINE

- Put the engine oil on load after the engine is heated & the water temperature gauge indicates the needle to be in the green zone.
- If excessive black smoke is visible, then the paper element of air cleaner, Fuel injection pump or nozzles should be checked.
- 3. Do not run the engine without load for more than 2 minutes. It is better to stop the engine rather than run it idle. This will help in saving of fuel.

▶ CLUTCH & BRAKES

- Do not reduce the power of the power of the engine by depressing the clutch halfway. Instead use low gear.
- If the tractor has to be stopped for a long period, it is advisable to bring the transmission in neutral position & release the clutch pedal.
- 3. Do not over ride the clutch & brake pedals.
- 4. While coming down from a slope, reduce the engine throttle & use low gear. Do not depend only on the brakes for stoppage.

▶ OIL SYSTEM

- 1. Always use recommended grade of oil.
- Everyday before starting the engine, check the oil level with a dipstick & refill between the minimum & maximum level.
- Charge the engine oil. Replace filter & "O" ring, as & when required.

▶ LUBRICATING OIL

GENERAL

Modern diesel engines place very high demands on the lubricating oil to be used. The specific engine performances which have increased constantly over the last few years lead to an increased thermal load on the lubricating oil. The lubricating oil is also more exposed to contamination due to reduced oil comsumption and longer oil change intervals. For this reason it is necessary to observe the requirements and recommendations described in this operating manual in order not to shorten the life of the engine.

Lubricating oils always consist of a base oil and an additive package. The most important tasks of a lubricating oil (e.g. wear protection, corrosion protection, neutralisation of acids from combustion products, prevention of coke and soot de-

posits on the engine parts) are assumed by the additives. The properties of the base oil are also decisive for the quality of the product, e.g. with regard to thermal load capacity. In principle, all engine oils of the same specification can be mixed. However, mixing of engine oils should be avoided because the worst properties of the mixture are always dominant.

The lubricating oils approved by DEUTZ have been thoroughly tested for all engine applications. The active ingredients they contain are compatible with each other. Therefore, the use of additives for lubricating oils is not permitted in DEUTZ engines.

The **lubricating oil quality** has a considerable influence on the life, performance and thus also on the costs-effectiveness of the engine. It basically applies that: The better the lubricating oil quality, the better these properties.

-

The lubricating oil viscosity describes the way the lubricating oil flows, depending on the temperature.

The **lubricating oil viscosity** only has a small influence and effect on the quality of the oil.

Synthetic lubricating oils are used increasingly and offer advantages. These lubricating oils have better temperature and oxidation stability as well as relatively low cold vicosity. Since some processes which are relevant for determining the lubricating oil change times are largely dependent on the oil quality (e.g. the infiltration of soot and other contamination), the oil change time for synthetic lubricating oils may not be increased in relation to the specifications on lubricating oil change intervals.

Biodegradable lubricating oils may be used in DEUTZ engines if they meet the requirements of this operating manual.

QUALITY

Lubricating oils are classified by DEUTZ according to their performance and quality class (DQC: DEUTZ Quality Class). Essentially, the following applies: the higher the quality class (DQC I, II, III, IV), the more effective/the better quality the lubricating oil is.

The DQC quality classes are still to be extended by the DQC-LA quality classes which include the modern, low-ash lubricating oils (LA = Low Ash).

Lubricating oils according to other comparable specifications can be used as long as they meet DEUTZ requirements. In regions in which none of these qualities are available, please contact your responsible DEUTZ partner.

or see www.deutz.com

| http://www.deutz.com | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| de | \SERVICE \Betriebsstoffe und Additive \Deutz Quality Class\DQC-Freigabeliste | |
| en | \SERVICE \Operating Liquids and Additives \Deutz Quality Class \DQC Release List | |

The choice of luricating oil essentially depends on the exhaust aftertreatment system.

The following lubricating oils are permissible for the engines in this operating manual:

| PERMISSIBLE QUALITY CLASS | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| DEUTZ Others | | |
| Engines with exhaust aftertreat- ment system | | |
| DQC III LA * | Please contact | |
| DQC IV LA* | your DEUTZ part- ner | |
| Engines without exhaust aftertreatment system | | |
| DQC II | | |
| DQC III | Please contact | |
| DQC III LA * | your DEUTZ part- | |
| DQC IV | ner | |
| DQC IV LA * | | |
| * Sulphur content in the fuel < 15 mg/kg | | |

| For low-ash engine oils released ac- |
|--------------------------------------|
| cording to the DQC system an ap- |
| propriate reference is made in the |
| oil release list. |

| DEUTZ lubricating oils DQC III LA low-ash DEUTZ Oil Rodon 10W40 Low SAPS | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Container Order number: | | | |
| 20 litre canister | 0101 7976 | | |
| 209 litre barrel | 0101 7977 | | |
| | | | |
| DEUTZ lubricating oils DQC II TLS - 15W40 D | | | |
| Not for engines with exhaust gas aftertreatment | | | |
| Container | Order number: | | |
| 5 litre container | 0101 6331 | | |
| 20 litre canister | 0101 6332 | | |
| 209 litre barrel | 0101 6333 | | |

| DEUTZ lubricating oils DQC III TLX - 10W40 FE | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Not for engines with exhaust gas aftertreatment | | |
| Container Order number: | | |
| 5 litre container | 0101 6335 | |
| 20 litre canister | 0101 6336 | |
| 209 litre barrel | 0101 6337 | |
| DEUTZ lubricating oils DQC IV synthetic DQC IV - 5W30-UHP Not for engines with exhaust gas aftertreatment | | |
| Container | Order number: | |
| 20 litre canister | 0101 7849 | |
| 209 litre barrel | 0101 7850 | |

► LUBRICATING OIL CHANGE IN-TERVALS

- The intervals depend on:
 - lubricating oil quality
 - sulphur content in the fuel
 - type of application of engine
 - Number of standstill regenerations
- The lubricating oil change interval must be halved if at least one of the following conditions applies:
 - Constant ambient temperature below -10 °C (14 °F) or lube oil temperature below 60 °C (84 °F).
 - Sulphur content in diesel fuel of >0.5 weight %.
 - If the lubricating oil change intervals are not reached within a year, the oil should be changed at least once a year.

VISCOSITY

The ambient temperature at the installation site or in the application area of the engine is decisive for choosing the right viscosity class. Too high a viscosity can lead to starting difficulties, too low a viscosity can endanger the lubrication effect and cause a high lubricating oil consumption. At ambient temperatures below -40 °C, the lubricating oil must be pre-heated (e.g. by storing the vehicle or the machine in a hall).

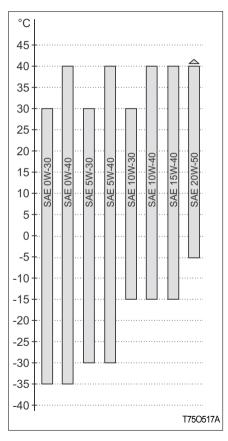
The viscosity is classified according to SAE. Multipurpose lubricating oils should be used basically.

Single-purpose lubricating oils can also be used in enclosed, heated spaces at temperatures >5 ° C.

NOTE

• The prescribed lubricatingoil quality must be observed when selecting the viscosity class!

Depending on the ambient temperature we recommend the following common viscosity classes:



▶ FUEL SYSTEM

- 1. Always use filtered diesel for the fuel system.
- At the end of the day's working, it is preferable to fill the diesel tank so that it may prevent condensation.
- 3. Change the filter, if the system gets choked. Do not change both the filters at the same time. If the above directives are not adhered to, the fuel injection pump & injection nozzle will lose its life early. Also, it will lead to excessive black smoke & excessive diesel consumption.

▶ FUEL

PERMISSIBLE FUELS

In order to satisfy the exhaust gas legislation, diesel engines that are equipped with an exhaust aftertreatment system may only be operated with a sulphurfree diesel fuel.

| Exhaust aftertreatment systems | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | Diesel oxidation catalytic converter | |
| DOC / DPF | Diesel oxidation catalytic converter Diesel particle filter | |

The operational reliability and durability of the individual exhaust after-treatment technologies cannot be assured upon failure to comply. The following fuel specifications / standards are approved:

- Diesel fuels
 - FN 590

Sulphur <10 mg/kg

- ASTM D 975 Grade 1-D S15
- ASTM D 975 Grade 2-D S15

Sulphur <15 mg/kg

- Light heating oils
 - in EN 590 quality

Sulphur <10 mg/kg

Exhaust aftertreatment systems

without

The following fuel specifications / standards are approved:

Diesel fuels

- in EN 590 quality

Sulphur <2,000 mg/kg

- ASTM D 975 Grade 1-D S15 Quality
 - ASTM D 975 Grade 2-D S15

Quality

Sulphur <2,000 mg/kg

Light heating oils

- in EN 590 quality

Sulphur <2,000 mg/kg

If other fuels are used which do not meet the requirements of the operating manual, the warranty will be voided.

The certification measurements for compliance with the legal emission values are made with the test fuels specified in the laws. These correspond to the diesel fuels in accordance with EN 590 and ASTM D 975 described in the operation manual. No emission values are guaranteed with the other fuels described in this operation manual.

The respective fuels prescribed by law must be used to comply with the national emission regulations (e.g. sulphur content).

Please contact your DEUTZ partner or see www.deutz.com

| | http://www.deutz.com |
|----|---------------------------------------------------|
| de | \SERVICE\Betriebsstoffe und Additive\ Kraftstoffe |
| en | \SERVICE\Operating Liquids and Additives\ Fuels |

WINTER OPERATION WITH DIE-SEL FUEL

Special demands are placed on the cold behaviour (temperature limit value of the filtrability) for winter operation. Suitable fuels are available at filling stations in winter.

IMPORTANT

 For engines with common rail injection, the mixing of petroleum and adding of extra low additives is not permissible.

At low ambient temperatures paraffin discharges can lead to blockages in the fuel system and cause operating faults. Below 0 °C ambient temperature use winter diesel (down to -20 °C) (filling stations provide this in good time before the cold season starts).

 Special diesel fuels can be used for arctic climates to -44 °C.

▶ COOLING SYSTEM

- 1. Check the fan belt tension regularly. Adjust, If required.
- 2. Check the coolant level in the radiator fins always clean.
- 3. Replace the radiator cap with a genuine cap only, if required.
- 4. Do not remove the thermostat but replace with a new one, if required.
- 5. Do not change the radiator water often.

▶ GENERAL

A CAUTION

 Never operate the engine without coolant, even for a short time!

In liquid-cooled engines, the coolant must be conditioned and monitored, otherwise the engine could be damaged by:

- corrosion
- cavitation
- freezing
- overheating

WATER QUALITY

The right water quality is important for conditioning

the coolant. Clear, clean water within the following

analysis values should always be used:

| Analysis values | | min | max | ASTM |
|-------------------|--------------------|-----|-------------|-----------------|
| ph value | | 6,5 | 8,5 | D 1293 |
| Chlorine (CI) | [mg/l] | - | 100 | D 512 D 4327 |
| Sulphate (SO4) | [mg/l] | - | 100 | D516 |
| | [mmol/l] [mg/l] | | 3,56 356 | D 1126 |
| Total hardness | [°dGH] | | 20,0 | - |
| (CaCO3) | [°e] | | 25,0 | |
| | [°fH] | | 35,6 | |

Specifications of the water quality are made by the local water board.

The water must be conditioned if it deviates from the analysis values.

pH value too low:

Addition of diluted sodium or potassium lye.

Small trial mixtures are advisable

Total hardness too high:

Mixing with softened water (pH neutralized condensate or water softened by ion exchanger).

 Chlorides and/or sulphates too high:

Mixing with softened water (pH neutralized condensate or water softened by ion exchanger).

COOLING SYSTEM CORROSION PROTECTION AGENT

A CAUTION

• Health damaging nitrous amines form when nitritebased cooling system corrosion protection agents are mixed with amine-based agents!

NOTE

- Cooling system corrosion protection agents must be disposed of in an environmentally friendly way.
- · Observe the notes on the safety datasheet.

The conditioning of the coolant for liquid-cooled

DEUTZ compact engines is performed by mixing an

anti-freeze with corrosion protection inhibitors based

on ethylene glycol into the water.

| DEUTZ cooling system corrosion protection agent | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Container | Order number: | |
| 5 litre container | 0101 1490 | |
| 20 litre canister | 0101 6416 | |
| 210 litre barrel | 1221 1500 | |

This cooling system corrosion protection agent is free from nitrite, amine and phosphate and is adapted to the materials in our engines. Order from your DEUTZ partner.

Please contact your DEUTZ partner if the DEUTZ cooling system corrosion protection agent is not available.

or see www.deutz.com

| http://www.deutz.com | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| de | \SERVICE\Betriebsstoffe und Additive\ Kühlsystemschutz | |
| en | \SERVICE\Operating Liquids and Additives\Cooling System Conditioner | |

The cooling system must be monitored regularly.

This also includes checking the coolant system corrosion protection agent concentration in addition to checking the coolant level.

The cooling system corrosion protection agent concentration can be checked with conventional test instruments (e.g. refractometer).w

| Cooling system corrosion protection agent per- centage | Water per- centage | Cold pro- tection up to |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| min. 35 % | 65 % | -22 °C |
| 40 % | 60 % | -28 °C |
| 45 % | 55 % | -35 °C |
| min. 50 % | 50 % | -41 °C |

At temperatures below -41 °C, please contact your responsible DEUTZ partner.

It is possible to use other cooling system corrosion protection agents (e.g. chemical corrosion protection agents) in exceptional cases. Consult your DEUTZ partner.



CABIN SYSTEM

| 1. MAJOR FEATURES | 6-2 |
|---------------------------------|-----|
| 2. INSTRUMENT AND RELATED PARTS | 6-3 |
| 3. HOW TO CONTROLS CABIN | 6-5 |

CABIN SYSTEM

1. MAJOR FEATURES

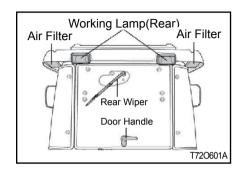
The cab fully conforms to the international standard as far as safety and soundproofing are concerned.

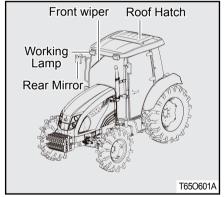
It can be provided with ventilation, heating and air-conditioning system. It is available in the following version:

- Cab with ventilation and heating systems.
- Cab with ventilation, heating and air-conditioning systems.

A CAUTION

- The cab is in full conformity with the international standards as to the cab's soundproofing.
- Be very careful when operating in small spaces and always protect your ears whenever other working equipment is generating dangerous noise levels.





A CAUTION

 Remember that steering, braking and operational performances are highly influenced by the implements mounted, the trailers transported and the ballasts applied to the tractor

A CAUTION

• When transporting heavy loads (Exceeding the weight of the tractor) reduce the speed under 15 Km/h (9.32 m/h).

-(🛕 CAUTION

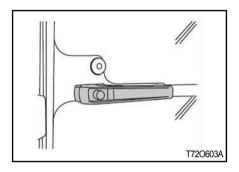
• All the implements mounted onto the tractor must be safely secured.

A CAUTION

 Be very careful during implement hitching and unhitching operations.
 When using implement supports, be sure they are suitable and sufficiently strong.



2. INSTRUMENT AND RELATED PARTS

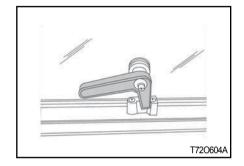


▶ DOORS

The doors are provided with key locks.

To open from the outside, when unlocked, depress the push button.

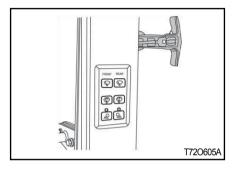
To open from inside, push the lever downwards.



▶ REAR WINDOW

The rear window is fitted with central handle for opening.

When opened it is held in place by two dampers.



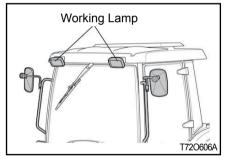
► SIDE WINDOW

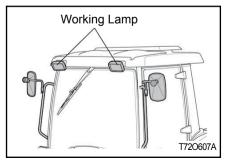
The side window is fitted with central handle for opening.

When opened it is held in place by holder.

► WORKING LAMPS (FRONT AND REAR)

The working lamps are located on the cab roof (Two in the front and two in the rear). They are switched on by means of the special switches on the roof console.





▶ REARVIEW MIRRORS

The cab is provided with rearview mirrors on both sides. They can be adjusted and folded, whenever necessary, to avoid interference with external obstacles.

The mirror have a telescopic arm to allow positioning for maximum convenience by the user.

Remember that mirrors must always be positioned in compliance with road traffic regulations when driving on a public highway.

▶ CAB CEILING

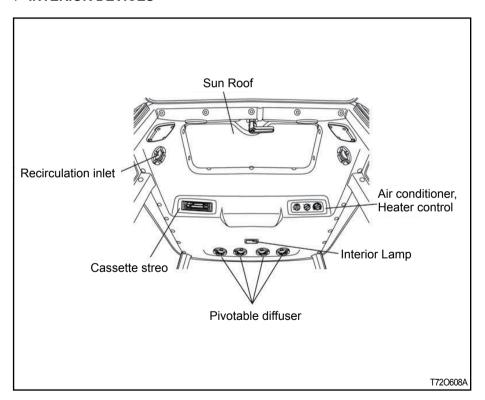
The ceiling is padded with insulation material to block heat radiation into the cab and keep the temperature down when working in very sunny areas.

The cab platform is covered with a "firm grip" carpet in the most commonly used areas.

It is recommended to keep this carpet clear of earth, mud, etc. so that the operator may get on and off the tractor in full safety.

3. HOW TO CONTROLS CABIN

▶ INTERIOR DEVICES



▶ VENTILATION

The ventilation unit is housed in the cab ceiling.

To switch it on and adjust it, turn the electrical fan switch to the desired speed.

The cab becomes slightly pressurized when the ventilation system is in operation, so that the fresh air can enter only by way of the filter installed in the rear section of the cab roof.

The fan switch can be operated only after the ignition key is inserted.

The air flow can be regulated and directed by suitable positioning the air diffusers

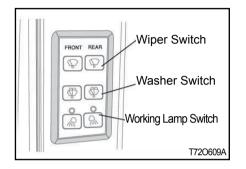
Air can be taken in fresh from outside or recirculated from within the cab by way of the relative side inlets.

RECIRCULATION INLETS FULLY CLOSED

Air is taken in entirely from outside the cab through the rear grille and filtered through a paper element positioned behind the grille.

N.B: It is very important that the air diffusers never be completed closed so as to allow for a steady air flow.

> To obtain a greater pressurization inside the cab, it is necessary to take the air from the outside, therefore the inside air recirculating grille should be fully closed.



► WORKING LAMP SWITCH

The front and rear working lights are "ON" when push the button. The work light indicator lamp on the instrument cluster will illuminate.

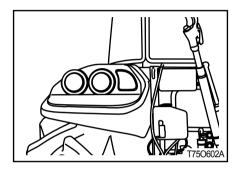
▶ WIPER CONTROL SWITCH

< ON SWITCH >

- Wind screen wiper operation.
- Continuous pushing button operates wiper and washer pump.

< OFF SWITCH >

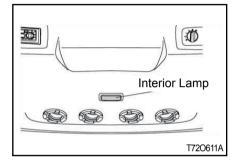
Wind screen wiper "Off" and operates washer pump.



► WINDSCREEN WASHER TANK

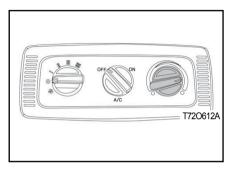
Check the level of windscreen washer fluid in the plastic reservoir located on the rear side of tractor.

During winter it is advisable to add a suitable antifreeze or methyl alcohol to the windscreen washer fluid.



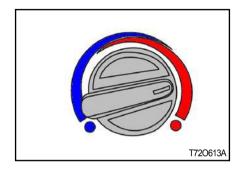
► INTERIOR LAMP

Push the button to light on and push it again to light off.



▶ BLOWER CONTROL SWITCH

Three position rocker switch.



► TEMPERATURE CONTROL

Set temperature control as required, fully clockwise.

For maximum cool and fully counterclockwise for heat.

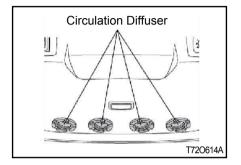
► AIR CON. SWITCH

To operate the air conditioner, the blower must be on. The blower speed temperature control and all vents must be adjusted to obtain the best cooling for the ambient temperature and dust conditions.

Under normal operating conditions, and the windows and doors closed, temperatures in the cab of 10 °F to 25 °F (6°C to 15 °C) less than the ambient temperature will occur. When operating the air conditioner system,the moisture level is decreased.

NOTE

- During cold weather, with ambient temperature above 32 °F (0 °C) operate the air conditioner at least once per month, for a period of 10 to 15 minutes. This will lubricate the seals to prevent them becoming brittle and help prevent the loss of refrigerant from the system.
- The system is equipped with an environmentally safe refrigerant, R134a. Never recharge the air conditioning system with refrigerant other than R134a as this will result in loss of cooling and permanent damage to all air conditioning components.



► CIRCULATION DIFFUSER

With the circulation vent set in any position outside air will still be pulled into the cab

► HEATING SYSTEM

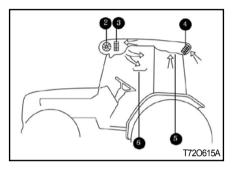
The heater is switched on and adjusted by rotating the control knob at the roof console, then switching on the blower and setting the selector at the preferred speed.

Warm the cab up quickly, the knob should be rotated fully clockwise and the blower set to speed 3.

The screen is demisted or defrosted by air directed through a slot vent. For defrost or fast demist, all other vents should be closed off.

IMPORTANT

- · Ventilation is provided by a single blower unit serving both the heating system and the air conditioning system.
- · After reaching the desired temperature adjust the system to suit your needs.



- ② Speed heating fan
- (3) Flectric resistances
- (4) Air filter
- (5) Recirculation inlets
- (6) Pivotal air diffuser

NOTE

• For ideal system operation, the engine must run at 1,000 rpm.

WARNING

- Before starting the engine, make sure the system is off (by turning off the ventilation fan) so as not to overload the battery.
- After the system at full power for a long period of time, never turn it off suddenly but let it first idle for about 20 seconds.

► HEATING SYSTEM CONFIGU-RATION

The heating system consist of two units:

- 1. Heater and blower unit installed behind roof console.
- Power supplying set, consisting of an auxiliary alternator located front of the engine and driven by a belt directly linked to the engine pulley.

If the air does not come out from the diffusers right away as soon as the system is started, turn off immediately and identify the fault.

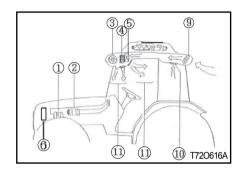
N.B: Never turn on the heating system when working in dusty environments.

► HEATING AIR CONDITIONER SYSTEM

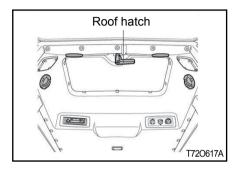
The system is designed to ensure optimum temperature inside the cab and maximum comfort and safety for the operator.

However, it is advisable to consult our specialized workshops whenever repairs or adjustments need to be performed.

Do not approach the system with open flames, as any escape from the circuit may produce a lethal gas.



- 1 Alternator
- ② Compressor
- 3 Speed fan
- (4) Electric resistance
- ⑤ Evaporator
- 6 Condenser
- (9) Air filter
- ® Recirculation inlets
- (11) Pivotal air diffusers



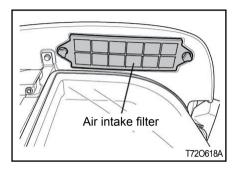
► ROOF HATCH (IF EQUIPPED)

Ventilation-push the latch towards the front of the tractor and then push the hatch up.

Emergency Exit-Push firmly upwards to release the support struts from the lower retainer clips.

► CIRCULATION DIFFUSER

With the circulation vent set in any position outside Air will still be pulled into the cab.

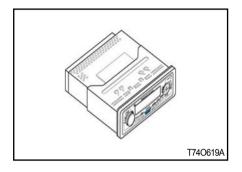


► CAB AIR INTAKE FILTER

The "paper" filter is not suitable for the treatment of pesticides and so must be replaced by an "active carbon" filter available optionally. Once the pesticide treatment is finished, it is necessary to once again replace the "Active carbon" filter with the paper filter, since this is the only type suited for filtering foreign particles from the air.

WARNING

• Cab air filters remove dust in the air.but are not capable of removing chemicals used in spraying crops or in weed control. Many chemicals used for these purposes are toxic when improperly used and can be hazardous to operators and others in the area. Follow the instructions of manufacturers of both the equipment and the chemicals regarding prohibition of dust or spray, personal hygiene practices, and other precautions noted by the manufacturers.

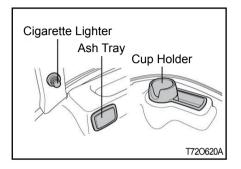


► RADIO, CD PLAYER (IF EQUIPPED)

For operation refer to the Radio, CD player manufacturers instructions.

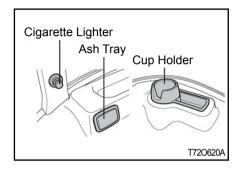
CABIN SYSTEM T





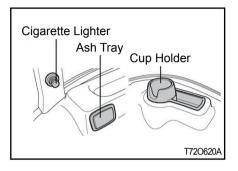
► ASH TRAY

Located at right side of near side window in cabin.



▶ CUP HOLDER

Put the bottles and Personal belongings.



► CIGARETTE LIGHTER

Push the button. Use that is retune to original position.

► CHECKING THE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM

 Economic friendly refrigerant : R134a (0.7~0.85Kg)

The presence of air and water in the system could jeopardize its efficiency.

- The air is uselessly compressed by the compressor and no cooling effect is produced.
- The moisture has a tendency rise to obstructions which prevent the cooling efficiency.
- Check belt tension; when finger pressure is applied to the mid-point between both pulleys.
- Condenser fins must always be duly clean using water or an air set.

► CHECKING THE AIR CONDI-TIONING SYSTEM CHARGE

- 1. Check the refrigerant charge.
 - Run the engine at 1,500 rpm.
 - Set the air conditioning system in the coldest for 5 minutes.
 - Check the sight glass dear or cloud.

A CAUTION

- If the air-con. is operated with not charged.
- The lubrication in the compressor can cause the damage.
- 2. Check the refrigerant with receive drier sight glass.

▶ DIAGNOSING MALFUNCTIONS

1. TRACING FAULTS

| | SYMPTOM | CONDITION | CAUSE | REMEDY |
|--------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1.Compressor | Abnormal sound | Inlet sound Outlet sound | Insufficient Lub | Replenish |
| | | | Belt tension release | Adjust |
| | | | Release the bracket | Tighten the bolts |
| | | | Clutch fail | Check |
| | Abnormal revolution | Inlet cause | Damaged parts | Check, Replace |
| | | | Slip the clutch | Check, Replace |
| | | | Not Lub | Replenish |
| | | Outlet cause | Belt tension released | Adjust |
| | Refrigerant or oil leakage | Refrigerant or oil leakag | Sealing washer damaged | Replace |
| | | | Head bolt released | Tighten the bolts |
| | | | D-ring damaged | Replace |
| | Excessive pressure | Low, High pressur | Insufficient refrigerator | Adjust |
| | | | Compressor | Replace |
| 2.Motor | Weak from pressure or don"t work | Motor is normal | Air inlet clogged | Remove |
| | | | Evaporator freezing | Controlling minimum pressure |
| | | | Ventilator switch damage | Replace the switch |
| | | | Compressor | Replace |
| | | Motor is abnorma | Motor failure | Replace |
| | | | Wire cut | Replace |
| | | Air leakage | Duct leakage | Check, Tighten |
| | Unable to control the fan | Motor | Air volume control switch failure | Check, Tighten |
| | | Motor is abnormal | Motor failure | Replace |

| | SYMPTOM | CONDITION | CAUSE | REMEDY |
|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| 3. Clutch | Noise | Regular noise irregular | Interference with pulley | Control the compressor di- |
| | | noise | | rection |
| | Disengage | Engaged sometimes | Wire defect | Check wire |
| | | Engaged to push with | Clutch gap large | Adjust |
| | | hand | Low voltage | Check battery |
| | | No defect wire | Malfunction | Replace |
| | Slip | Slip during rotation | Low voltage | Check battery |
| | | | Oil stick at clutch | Clean |
| | | | Malfunction | Replace |

2. How to check the air conditioning system with the needle of high low gauge

To connect with manifold pressure gauge can find the cause of air conditioning system. Because manifold pressure gauge is various sensibly. (Ambient Temp. is based on 30~35°C)

CAUTION

• Operating E/G RPM 1500~2000 is must, and so to that you can check the correct cause and air conditioning. (In case below the figure of indicated pressure gauge has some clearance, confirm with approximate indicated needle data.)

3. Gauge pressure conversion

- lb/in² =PSI 1 kaf/cm²=1
 - 1 kgf/cm²=14.22 lb/in² (Ex) 200 PSI=14 kgf/cm²



SPECIFICATION



1. SPECIFICATIONS

► MAJOR SPECIFICATIONS

| | ITEM | DESCRIPTION | REMARKS |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| | Туре | Four strokes, Direction injection, water-cooled diesel Engine. | |
| | Model | TCD2.9 | |
| | No. of cylinders | 4 | |
| | Swept Volume | 2,925L | |
| | Bore | 3.62 in (92mm) | |
| | Stroke | 4.33 in (110mm) | |
| | Compression Ratio | 1:17.8± 0.5 | |
| 1. ENGINE | Horse Power (kW) | 67(50) (Manufacturing rating) | |
| | Rated Speed | 2,200 rpm | |
| | Fuel injection pump | BOSCH | |
| | Cylinder sleeve | Dry | |
| | Air Cleaner | Dry Filter element, paper element filtering type. | |
| | Exhaust Muffler | Horizontal Round. | |
| | Firing order | 1-3-4-2 | |
| | Accelerator | Hand & Foot Accelerator | |
| | Battery Capacity | 12 Volt | |
| | Starter | Solenoid Engaged, Key Start with Safety , starter switch. | |
| | Alternator | 12V 95A | |
| 2. ELECTRICAL STARTING AND | Instrumentation | Water Temperature Gauge, Tacho meter, Hour meter, Electrical fuel level gauge. | |
| LIGHTING | Lighting | Head lights, Side indicators, Rear parking, Brake & Indicator light, Fuel warning, water in fuel E/G warning indicator, On dash board indicators for battery charging, turn signal, PTO signal, Engine oil pressure, Preheat signal. | |

| ΙΤ | EM | | DESCRIPTION | REMARKS |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| 2 CLUTCU | Туре | SM Model | Diaphragm | |
| 3. CLUTCH | | SC Model | Damper Clutch | |
| | Outer dia. X Inner dia. | 12.2 in X 7.9 in (3 | | |
| | Туре | Sync / Shuttle | | |
| 4. TRANSMISSION | No. of gears | 24 forward, 24 reential Lock. | verse gears with selection lever with Differ- | |
| | STEERING | Hydraulic power (| (Power steering) | |
| | Rear mounted | 6 splines | | |
| 5. POWER TAKE OFF | Diameter | 1% in. | | |
| | Standard PTO 540, 540 | | 540, 540E, 1,000 | |
| | Туре | | Foot operated, independent with provision of inter lock for simultaneous operation. | |
| 6. BRAKES | Disc Diameter | Ф10.24 in. (Ф260 mm) | | |
| | Number of lining | 4 each side | | |
| | Total brake thickness | 1.827in. (46.4mm) | | |
| | Туре | | Independent fully "Live" hydraulic pump and separate reservoir. Position controls with isolating & response control | |
| | Hitch Lift capacity | 4,270 lb (1,937Kgf) at 24 in. behind link ends 3,150 lb (1,430Kgf) | | |
| 7. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM | Pump output | • Main 10.3 | gpm (39.1 ½ /min) | |
| | i ump output | Steering | | |
| | Delivery (90% efficiency) | | Liter (cu.in)mm at 2200rpm | |
| | 3 point linkage | Category 2 | | |
| | Adjustable outside stabilizer | | ide stabilizer | |



► MAIN SPECIFICATIONS

| ITEM | | DESCRIPTION | REMARKS | |
|------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--|
| | Manufacturer | | Deutz | |
| | Model | | TCD-2.9 | |
| | Gross power | HP(kW) | 67 (50) | |
| 1. ENGINE | Rated speed | rpm | 2,200 | |
| | Number of cylinder | | 4 | |
| | Displacement | cu.in.(cc) | 2,925 | |
| | Air cleaner | | Dual Element | |
| 2. ELECTRICAL | Alternator | | 12V , 95A | |
| Z. ELECTRICAL | Starter Motor | | 12V , 3.2Kw | |
| | System Type | | Indirect injection | |
| 3. FUEL SYSTEM | Fuel | | Diesel | |
| | Fuel Tank | US gal.(L) | 18.5 (70) | |
| | Transmission | | Sync. / const | |
| | Number of speed | | 24/F 24/R | |
| | Max. traveling speed | m/h (km/h) | 19.5 (30.65) | |
| 4. DRIVE TRAIN | Brake | | Wet Disc | |
| | 4WD (MFWD) | | Standard | |
| | Steering | | Hydrostatic power | |
| | Clutch | | Dry single plate | |
| | Category | | II | |
| 5. 3-POINT HITCH | Hitch lift capacity | lb.(kg) | 4,270 (1,937) | |
| | At 24 inches behind link | ends lb.(kg) | 3,153 (1,430) | |



| | ITEM | DESCRIPTION | REMARKS |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|
| | Pump (type) | Dual Pump | |
| | Implement pump capacity gpm (L/min) | 10.3 (39.1) | |
| | Steering pump capacity gpm (L/min) | 5.8 (22) | |
| 6. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM | Maximum flow gpm (L/min) | 16.1 (61.1) | |
| | Lift control type | Position/Draft | |
| | Aux. Hydraulics | 2 sets | |
| | Туре | Independent | |
| 7 DTO | Rotation Direction | Clockwise rotation | |
| 7. PTO | Clutch | Multiple Wet Disk | |
| | Rear | 540, 540E, 1,000 | |
| | Shaft Diameter in. (mm) | 1¾ (35) | |
| | Overall length in. (mm) with 3P | 155.6 (3,952) | |
| | Overall width in. (mm) | 72.4 (1,840) | |
| | Wheelbase in. (mm) | 84.6 (2,150) | |
| 8. DIMENSIONS | Height to top of ROPS in. (mm) | 100.2 (2,545) | |
| (With standard tires) | Min. Ground Clearance in. (mm) | 17.1 (435) | |
| , | Min. Turning Radius with brakes in. (mm) | 141.3 (3,590) | |
| | Weight lb. (kg) | 5,555 (2,520) | |
| 9. Tire Size (Standard) | Front | 11.2 - 20 | |
| (3.3 | Rear | 14.9 - 30 | |
| 10. ROPS | Туре | CABIN | |



► TRAVELING SPEED

M/h (Km/h)

| OP | OPERATING THE LEVER Range shift Main shift | | TRAVELING SPEED | | |
|------|---------------------------------------------|---|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Ranç | | | Forward | Reverse | |
| | | 1 | 0.20(0.32) | 0.17(0.28) | |
| | Creep | 2 | 0.29(0.47) | 0.26(0.42) | |
| | On | 3 | 0.42(0.68) | 0.37(0.60) | |
| | | 4 | 0.56(0.90) | 0.49(0.79) | |
| L | | 1 | 0.66(1.07) | 0.58(0.94) | |
| | Creep Off | 2 | 0.96(1.57) | 0.86(1.38) | |
| | | 3 | 1.40(2.25) | 1.23(1.98) | |
| | | 4 | 1.86(3.00) | 1.64(2.64) | |
| | | 1 | 2.11(3.40) | 1.86(2.99) | |
| | ., | 2 | 3.11(5.01) | 2.74(4.41) | |
| | M | 3 | 4.61(7.18) | 3.93(6.32) | |
| | Ī | 4 | 5.95(9.58) | 5.24(8.43) | |
| | | 1 | 6.77(10.89) | 5.95(9.58) | |
| | [| 2 | 9.95(16.02) | 8.76(14.10) | |
| | Н | 3 | 14.30(22.99) | 12.57(20.23) | |
| | | 4 | 19.05(30.65) | 16.76(26.97) | |

^{*} The specifications are subject to change for improvement without notice.

SPECIFICATION

► NOISE LEVELS

The tractor is approved in accordance with the applicable EC Directives.

To avoid increased noise levels proceed as follows:

- After maintenance operations or repairs refit all the sound-deadening panels and materials correctly
- Do not make changes to the tractor that may lead to an increase in noise emissions.
- Beware of any anomalous noise or vibration if you notice anomalous noise or vibration, park the tractor in a safe position and perform the stopping procedure. Inform maintenance personnel of the situation. Avoid prolonged operation.

Reference standards for the measurement of noise levels:

• The maximum driver-perceived noise level, with the engine at normal operating temperature and measured in accordance with the test method described in the European Directive 2009/76EC

| | NOISE I | EVELS |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Model | Maximum noise level in CAB with Doors open (Roof hatch and front And rears windows open), db(A) | Maximum noise level in CAB with doors closed, db(A) |
| T654 | 81.5 | 82 |

• The maximum noise level measured with the tractor in motion and the tractor stationary, measured in accordance with the method described in European directive 2009/63/EC.

| Model | NOISE LEVELS | | |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Model | Maximum external noise level With tractor moving, db(A) | Maximum external noise level With tractor stationary, db(A) | |
| T654 | 80 | 77.5 | |



▶ VIBRATION REFERRED TO THE OPERATOR POSITION

The value is referred to the amount of mechanical vibration transmitted by the tractor to WHOLE-BODY as defined by UNI ISO2631-1:2008.

Said value must be utilised for assessment of the vibration exposure risk, but it cannot cover all the possible conditions of use of the tractor since it may vary in accordance with parameters that are not always related to the tractor(terrain, implements, etc.) If the risk assessment cannot be considered to be exhaustive or if the risk may may exceed the values defined in 2002/44/EC, the use of a vibration mater's prescribed.

In order to minimise the vibration transmitted to the whole-body the following best practice rules should be observed

- Use the most suitable implement for the tractor and the task in hand
- Adjust the seat to suit your weight and stature
- Periodically check the condition of the cab suspensions and renew them if damaged
- · Check tyre inflation pressure
- Use front axle suspensions, if fitted
- During transfers, adjust tractor speed in order to minimise the vibration level.

The seat vibration values, as obtained from the seat approval in compliance with 78/764/EEC (amended by 1999/57/EC) are shown in the following table.

► TECHNICAL DATA

Input vibation: Category A, Class I

And Class II

Ambient temperature: 23°C

| Seat type | | | Corrected vibration level on seat |
|------------|--------------|------|-------------------------------------|
| WOOCHANG | Light driver | 59kg | 1.18 m/sec ² |
| W2100 | Heavy driver | 98kg | 0.95 m/sec ² |
| Grammer DS | Light driver | 59kg | Defer to EEC contificate: e1 100506 |
| 44/1HB | Heavy driver | 98kg | Refer to EEC certificate: e1-100506 |



TROUBLESHOOTING

| I. ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING | 8-2 |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 2. CLUTCH, BRAKE AND HYDRAULIC SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING | 8-6 |
| 3. STEERING WHEEL AND ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTS TROUBLESHOOTING | 8-7 |
| I. TOWING THE TRACTOR | 8-8 |



1. ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING

| | TROUBLE | PROBABLE CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | Clutch pedal released | Depress the clutch pedal |
| | | PTO switch set to ON position | Set the PTO switch to the OFF position |
| | The start motor does | Defective safety switch | Have it repaired or replaced by workshop |
| | not run even when | Battery discharged | Charge the battery |
| | turning the main switch. | Loose terminal | Check for looseness and corrosion. Clean, tighten and apply grease |
| | | Faulty switch | Have it repaired or replaced by workshop |
| | | Defective start motor | Have it repaired or replaced by workshop |
| ne | The start motor runs | Weak battery | Charge the battery |
| Engine | but its speed cannot | Poor ground | Clean the contact and connect the ground firmly |
| | be increased | Incorrect viscosity of engine oil | Change engine oil with proper viscosity |
| | | Air in fuel system | Bleed the system |
| | The start motor runs | Clogged fuel filter | Clean or replace the filter |
| | but the engine cannot | No delivery of fuel | Open the cock to add fuel |
| | be started | Defective engine | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | | Defective key stop unit | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | The engine runs irregularly | Air in fuel system | Bleed the system |
| | The engine runs inegularly | Clogged fuel filter | Clean or replace the filter |

| | TROUBLE | PROBABLE CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | Clogged injection nozzle | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | The engine runs irregularly | Fuel leak at pipe | Tighten the clamp, replace the pipe and machine and attach the copper washer |
| | | Poor fuel injection quality | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | | Defective injection pump | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | Engine stops at low speed | Incorrect clearance of engine valve | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | Specu | Low idle speed | Adjust it to the standard speed |
| | | Faulty nozzle | Have it repaired by workshop |
| Engine | The engine overruns | Restricted governor | Have it repaired by workshop |
| Ë | | • Oil rise | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | | Low fuel level | Add fuel and bleed the system |
| | The engine stalls sud- | Faulty nozzle | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | denly | Engine seizure by insufficient oil or poor lubrication | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | | Insufficient coolant amount | Add coolant |
| | The engine is over- | Damaged fan belt | Replace the belt |
| | heated | Clogged radiator | Clean the radiator |
| | | Insufficient engine oil | Check and add |

| | TROUBLE | PROBABLE CAUSE | SOLUTION | |
|--------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--|
| | | Clogged air cleaner | Check and clean it | |
| | The engine produces white smoke | Excessive engine oil amount | Check and set it to the proper amount | |
| | | Insufficient fuel supply amount | Have it repaired by workshop | |
| | | Low quality fuel | Add the specified fuel | |
| | The engine produces black smoke | Excessive fuel amount delivery | Have it repaired by workshop | |
| | Sidok emeke | Insufficient nozzle pressure | Have it repaired by workshop | |
| | | Clogged or carbon on nozzle tip | Have it repaired by workshop | |
| Engine | | Insufficient compression or gas leak from valve seat | Have it repaired by workshop | |
| | The engine does not produce sufficient | Improperly adjusted valve clearance | Have it repaired by workshop | |
| | power | Incorrect injection timing | Have it repaired by workshop | |
| | | Low fuel level | Add fuel | |
| | | Clogged air cleaner | Clean the element | |
| | | Low engine oil level | Add to the specified level | |
| | The oil warning lamp comes on during driving | Low viscosity of engine oil | Change engine oil with proper viscosity | |
| | saming driving | Faulty pressure switch | Replace the switch | |

| | TROUBLE | PROBABLE CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Engine | The oil warning lamp | Defective oil pump | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | comes on during driving | Clogged oil filter element | Replace the oil filter |
| | The charge warning lamp comes on during driving | Defective wiring | Check for loose or missing terminal, short circuit and poor ground and repair as necessary |
| | | Defective alternator | Have it repaired by workshop |
| | | Defective battery | Replace the battery |
| | | Damaged fan belt | Replace the belt |

TROUBLESHOOTING

2. CLUTCH, BRAKE AND HYDRAULIC SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

| | SYMPTOM | CAUSE | REMEDY | |
|-----------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | The clutch slips | Incorrect adjustment | Adjust to correct free play | |
| Clutch | The diator ships | Worm or burnt lining | Contact dealer for repair | |
| Giatori | The clutch does not disengage | Incorrect adjustment Rusty clutch | Adjust to correct free play Contact | |
| | The diator deed not disengage | lining | dealer for repair | |
| | Brake not working | Incorrect free play Worm or burnt | Adjust to correct free play Contact | |
| Brake | 3 | lining Left and right gap different | dealer for repair Equalize | |
| | | Faulty return spring Lack of grease | Replace spring | |
| | Brake pedal not returning | lining Left and right gap different dealer for repair Equalize | | |
| | | Engine revs. too low | Increase engine revs. | |
| | | Lack of transmission | Top up the oil to the correct level | |
| | Hydraulics are not lifting | • Oil | Repair or replace pipe or replace O | |
| | | | | |
| Hydraulic | | Air leaking in from a pipe | Clean and change oil | |
| | | Clogged suction filter | Contact dealer for repair | |
| | | Faulty pump | Contact dealer for repair | |
| | | Faulty hydraulic valve | Contact dealer for repair | |
| | | Faulty cylinder | Contact dealer for repair | |
| | Oil leak from pipe | Loose pipe joint Cracked pipe | Tighten joint | |
| | C. ICCA HOITI PIPO | | Replace or repair pipe | |
| | When lifting the relief valve whistles | The stopper has slipped down | Adjust the stopper | |

^{*} For any other hydraulic problems please consult your dealer who has the correct equipment to diagnose and repair the system.

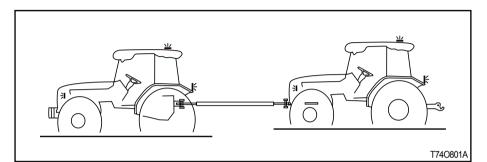


3. STEERING WHEEL AND ELECTRIC INSTRUMENTS TROUBLESHOOTING

| | SYMPTOM | CAUSE | REMEDY | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Wrong toe-in | Adjust toe-in | | |
| Ctooring | Steering wheel shaking | Unequal tire pressure | Inflate both to correct pressure | | |
| Steering wheel | | Loose component | Tighten or replace if worn | | |
| | Excessive play in the steering | Worn steering shaft | Contact dealer for repair | | |
| | Excessive play in the steering | Worn components | Contact dealer for repair | | |
| | | Faulty wiring | Adjust toe-in Inflate both to correct pressure Tighten or replace if worn Contact dealer for repair Contact dealer for repair Repair,reconnect or tighten as needed Contact dealer for repair Contact dealer for repair Contact dealer for repair Replace or adjust the connections. Top up it required and clean and Charge or replace Repair or replace as needed Replace bulb Replace fuse Repair or replace and check the earth Replace button Replace Replace | | |
| | | | ed | | |
| | Flat battery | Faulty alternator | Contact dealer for repair | | |
| | | Faulty regulator | Contact dealer for repair | | |
| | | Broken or loose fan belt | Replace or adjust | | |
| | Before anything else, check the electrolyte level of the battery and the connections. Top up it required and clean and retighten the terminal | | | | |
| | Dim head lights | Low battery | Charge or replace | | |
| Electric in- | Diff flead lights | Faulty wiring | Repair or replace as needed | | |
| struments | | Blown bulb | Replace bulb | | |
| | Headlights not working | Blown fuse | Replace fuse | | |
| | | Faulty contact | Repair or replace and check the earth | | |
| | | Faulty horn button | Replace button | | |
| | Horn not working | Faulty wiring | Repair or replace | | |
| | | Faulty horn | Replace | | |
| | | Blown bulb | Replace bulb | | |
| | Dicator not working | Faulty flasher unit | Replace unit | | |
| | | Faulty wiring | Repair or replace | | |



4. TOWING THE TRACTOR



The tractor can be towed only for short distances, such as, for example, from inside to outside a building.

A broken down tractor should be towed for the minimum indispensable distance to remove it from potentially dangerous conditions. Observe all legal provisions as envisaged in the highway code relative to national legislation regarding towing manoeuvres.

CAUTION

 We recommend transporting the tractor on a low loader in the case of longer transport distances. Comply with the maximum width and height regulations for road transport. Check that the loader is suitable for the weight of the tractor to be transported.

A CAUTION

 An operator must always be at the tractor's controls when the tractor is being towed.

DANGER

 NEVER permit other persons to access the tractor operator position during towing.

TROUBLESHOOTING

► TOWING WITH THE ENGINE RUNNING

Towing with the engine running can be performed if forced gearbox lubrication is ensured:

- Engine speed between 1200 -1300 rpm.
- Maximum towing speed 8 km/h
- Maximum towing distance 1 km

For towing the tractor use only a standard bar applied to the front towing hitch approved by the manufacturer.

Make sure to use the correct pin for the towing hitch and that it is secured with its locking pin.

Clean all lights required for road use, front and rear, and make sure they are in working order

Before starting towing check the following conditions:

- Unhitch any implement from the tractor;
- Lock the two brake pedals together with the connecting latch;

- Disengage the power take-off and differential locks;
- Set the shuttle control lever and gear lever to neutral;
- Move the range lever to the "fast" position;
- Move the creeper lever to neutral;
- Display the SMV (Slow Moving Vehicle) sign and turn on the rotating beacon and hazard lights

WARNING

Switch on the hazard warning lights and revolving warning lights. Affix suitable notices indicating that the tractor is being towed. Observe and follow the relevant national regulations. Observe local safety regulations.

During road transfers observe the following instructions:

- Wait until traffic thins before joining the road. Exert caution in the proximity of unregulated intersections.
 Slow down until you have a clear view in both directions.
- Keep in your lane and drive as close as possible to the kerb. If a tailback builds up behind you pull into a lay-by as soon as possible to allow the traffic to pass
- When stopping the tractor (in any circumstances) apply the parking brake.
- Travel speed must ALWAYS be such as to allow complete control and stability of the tractor in all conditions.

DANGER

 Never attempt to tow the tractor with ropes (including steel ropes) because rope breakage can cause serious injury.

TROUBLESHOOTING

► TOWING WITH THE ENGINE OFF

IMPORTANT

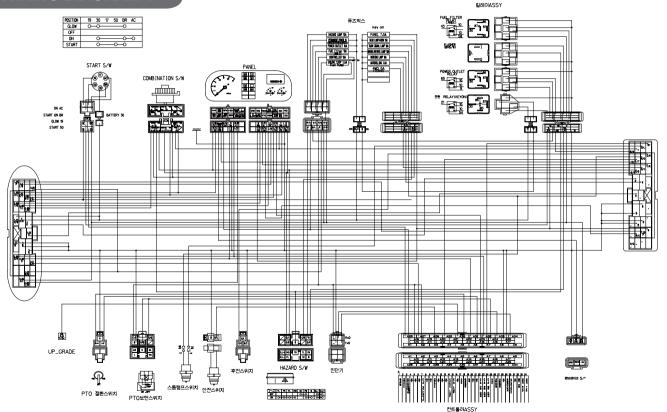
 With engine stopped and with forced gearbox lubrication system inoperative the tractor can be transferred to a service centre only when loaded onto a transporter.

With engine stopped and with forced gearbox lubrication system inoperative the tractor should not be towed except when safety is at risk.



APPENDIX

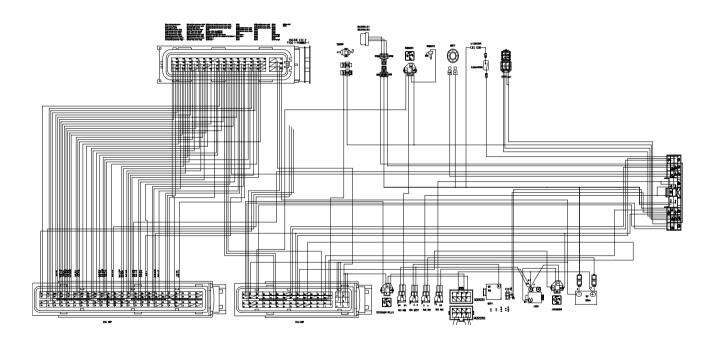
| 1. WIRING DIAGRAM 1 | 9-3 |
|------------------------------------------------------|------|
| 2. WIRING DIAGRAM 2 | 9-4 |
| 3. WIRING DIAGRAM 3 | 9-5 |
| 4. WIRING DIAGRAM 4 | 9-6 |
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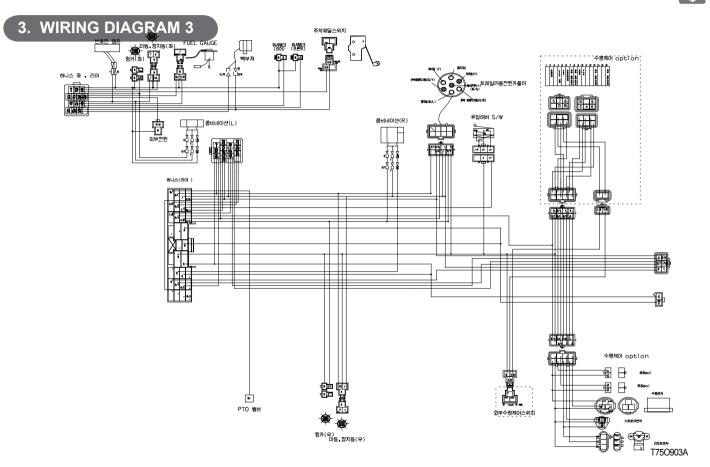
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2. WIRING DIAGRAM 2

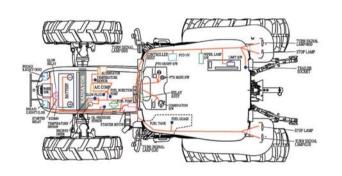


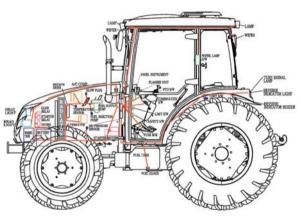




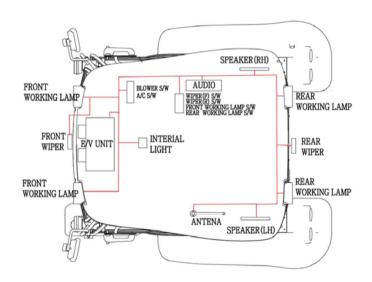


4. WIRING DIAGRAM 4



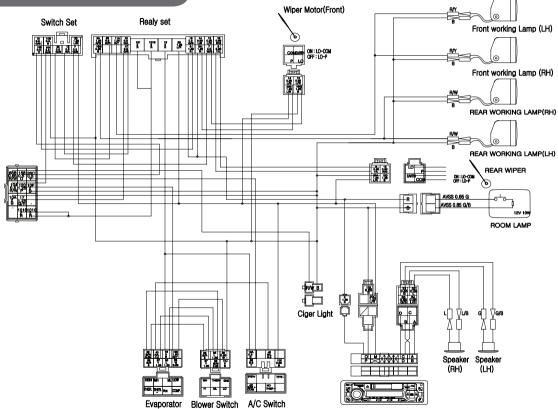


5. CABIN WIRING DIAGRAM 1





6. CABIN WIRING DIAGRAM 2

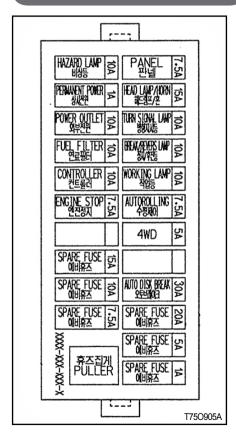


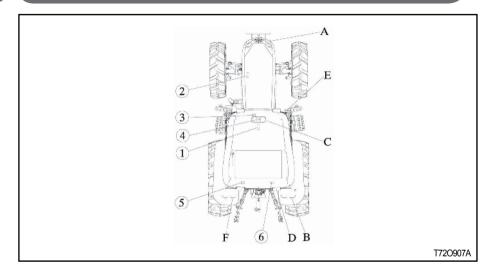
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7. POSITION OF THE FUSE

8. WIRING DIAGRAM OF THE ELECTRIC INSTRUMENT





| 1 | Fuse box |
|-----|------------------------------------------------|
| 2 | Slow blow fuse |
| 3 | Units for direction signal relay for the power |
| 4 | Pto monitor |
| (5) | Coupler for the power max rated ampere |
| 6 | Coupler for the trailer |

| Α | Head lamp | 12V 55W |
|---|-----------------------|-----------|
| В | Direction signal lamp | 12V 21W |
| | Stop lamp back light | 12V 21/5W |
| С | Meta panel light | 12V 3.4W |
| D | Working lamp | 12V 35W |
| Е | Direction signal lamp | 12V 21W |
| | Side lamp | 21V 5W |
| F | Back lamp | 12V 21W |



9. TRACTOR HISTORY CARD

| DATE | JOB CARD NO. | NATURE OF DEFECT | PARTS REPLACEMENT | W/CLAIM NO. AND DATE | REMARKS |
|------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------|
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10. SERVICE RECORD

| DATE | TRACTOR HOURS | NATURE/TYPE OF REPAIR/SERVICE CARRIED OUT |
|------|---------------|-------------------------------------------|
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11. DAILY OPERATION LOG

| DATE | JOB DONE | MACHINI | HOURS | FUEL CONSUMPTION | ENGINE OIL | REMARKS |
|------|----------|---------|-------|------------------|------------|---------|
| DATE | JOB DONE | START | END | FUEL CONSUMPTION | TOPPED UP | KEWAKKS |
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12. PART REPLACEMENT RECORD

| DATE | PART DESCRIPTION | QTY | COST | DATE | PART DESCRIPTION | QTY | соѕт |
|------|------------------|-----|------|------|------------------|-----|------|
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13. ENGINE OIL MANUFACTURER

| MANUFACTURER | BRAND NAME | SAE CLASS |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| DEUTZ AG | DEUTZ OEL Rondon 10W40 low SAPS | 10W-40 |
| | AGCO Parts Premium Grade Plus 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| AGCO | Fendt Premium Grade 15W-40 | 15W-40 |
| | Fendt Premium Grade 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| | ARAL Mega Turboral VR 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| ARAL AG | ARAL Turboral VR 15W-40 | 15W-40 |
| Bahrain Petroleum Company | Frontier Megatek | 10W-40 |
| D-: MA- AO | TECTROL Super Truck Plus FE 1040 LA | 10W-40 |
| BayWa AG | TECTROL Super Truck VD Plus 1040 | 10W-40 |
| BP Plc. | BP Vanellus Max Eco 15W-40 | 15W-40 |
| | MOTOREX Focus CF | 15W-40 |
| Bucher AG Langenthal | MOTOREX Focus CF | 10W-40 |
| | MOTOREX Farmer LA | 10W-40 |
| CONDAT Lubrifiants | VICOM NOVA 10W30 | 10W-30 |
| | Castrol CRB Turbo G4 15W-40 | 15W-40 |
| Castrol Limited | Castrol Enduron Global 15W-40 | 15W-40 |
| | Castrol Vecton 15W-40 CJ-4 | 15W-40 |
| Carl Harms Mineralöle | Oilfino Econ T 9000 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| Chevron Lubricants | Caltex Delo 400 LE 15W-40 | 15W-40 |
| Chevion Lubricants | Caltex Delo XLE Multigrade 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| | Chevron Delo 400 LE 15-W40 | 15W-40 |
| | Delo 400 XLE Synblend SAE 10W-30 | 10W-30 |
| Chevron Lubricants | Texaco Ursa Ultra LE 15W-40 | 15W-40 |
| Chevion Lubricants | Texaco Ursa Ultra X 10W-30 | 10W-30 |
| | Texaco Ursa Ultra X 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| | Ursa Ultra LE 10W-30 | 10W-30 |
| ELF Lubricants ELF Agritec ZS FE | | 10W-30 |
| ENI S.p.A. | ENI S.p.A. Eni i-Sigma top MS 15W-40 | |
| EUROLUB GmbH | EUROLUB Supermax 10W/40 | 10W-40 |
| Eissing Mineralöl GmbH | öl GmbH Eco Truck LA 10W40 | |
| ExxonMobil Corp. | ExxonMobil Corp. Mobil Delvac 1 ESP | |
| | Aviaticon Finko Super Truck LA 10W/40 | 10W-40 |
| Finke Mineralölwerk GmbH | Aviaticon Turbo LA Plus 10W/40 | 10W-40 |
| | Aviaticon Turbo Super Plus 15W/40 | 15W-40 |

| MANUFACTURER | BRAND NAME | SAE CLASS | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| MANUFACTURER | 210 110 111111 | | |
| Fuchs Petrolub AG | TITAN Cargo 10W-30 10W-30 15W-40 15W-40 | | |
| | 11 91 1 | | |
| GB LUBRICANTS | GB INTERCOOLER LSC 15W-40 | 15W-40 | |
| Georg Oest Mineralölwerke | OEST Dimo Top LS SAE 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| Gulf Oil International | Gulf Superfleet XLE SAE 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| | Gulf Superfleet Synth XLE SAE 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| Kuwait Petroleum | Q8 T760 10W-30 | 10W-30 | |
| - Rawait i Cirolcum | Q8 T904 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| | TURDUS POWERTEC 1100 15W40 | 15W-40 | |
| LOTOS S.A. | TURDUS POWERTEC 5100 10W40 | 10W-40 | |
| LOTOS S.A. | TURDUS POWERTEC SYNTHETIC | 4014/40 | |
| | PLUS 10W40 | 10W-40 | |
| Meguin GmbH & Co. KG | Meguin GmbH & Co. KG Megol Motorenoel Low SAPS | | |
| Minerva Oil SYNTHOTRUCK 10W40 | | 10W-40 | |
| MORRIS Lubricants | Ring Free Ultra 10W/40 | 10W-40 | |
| WORKIS Eddicants | Ring Free Ultra Plus 15W/40 | 15W-40 | |
| OMV | OMV truck blue GS SAE 10W-30 | 10W-30 | |
| OWV | OMV truck blue GS SAE 10W-30 | 10W-40 | |
| Orlen Oil | Platinum Ultor Progress 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| Panolin AG | Panolin Universal LA-X | 10W-40 | |
| Petro-Canada Lubricants | Duron-E Synthetic | 10W-40 | |
| Petro-Canada Lubricants | Duron UHP 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| Petronas Lubricants Interna- | URANIA ECOTECH 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| tional URANIA SUPREMO CJ-4 | | 15W-40 | |
| Petróleos de Portugal, Petro- | Only Onlike LD Owner | | |
| gal S.A | Galp Galáxia LD Supra | 15W-40 | |
| Phillips 66 Lubricants. | Phillips 66 Lubricants. Triton ECT Full Synthetic 5W-40 | | |
| Ravensberger Schmiersto- | DAVENOL ELIDO VII Terrela | | |
| ffvertrieb | RAVENOL EURO VI Truck | 10W-40 | |
| Rosneft Lubricants | Rosneft Revolux D5 | 15W-40 | |



| MANUFACTURER | DDAND NAME | SAE CLASS |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| MANUFACTURER | BRAND NAME | SAE CLASS |
| ROWE Mineralölwerk GmbH | ROWE HIGHTEC TRUCKSTAR SAE 10W- | |
| | 10W-40 HC-LA | |
| | ROWE HIGHTEC TRUCKSTAR SAE | 10W-40 |
| | 10W-40 MULTI-LA | 1000-40 |
| | Pennzoil Long-Life Gold | 15W-40 |
| | Shell Rimula R5 LE | 10W-30 |
| | Shell Rimula R5 LE | 10W-40 |
| Ob all laters of an al | Shell Rimula R4 L | 15W-40 |
| Shell International | Shell Rimula RT4 L | 15W-40 |
| | Shell Rimula Super | 15W-40 |
| | Shell Rotella T3 | 15W-40 |
| | Shell Rotella T Triple Protection | 15W-40 |
| SRS Schmierstoff Vertrieb | SRS Cargolub Leichtlauf-Motorenöl | 10W-40 |
| | SRS Turbo-Rekord plus FE | 10W-40 |
| GmbH | SRS Turbo-Rekord plus | 10W-40 |
| TEDEX S.A. | Tedex SHPD VDS4 LSP Motor Oil | 15W-40 |
| | TOTAL Rubia TIR 7900 FE | 10W-30 |
| | TOTAL Rubia Works 2000 FE | 10W-30 |
| TOTAL Lubricants | TOTAL Rubia Works 2000 | 10W-40 |
| | TOTAL Star Max FE | 10W-30 |
| | TOTAL Tractagri HDZ FE | 10W-30 |
| TOTAL Lubricants | TOTAL Tractagri HDZ | 10W-40 |
| | Motor Oil SCR | 10W-40 |
| Transnational Blenders B.V. | Engine Oil Synthetic UHPD E6 | 10W-30 |
| | Engine Oil Synthetic UHPD E6 | 10W-40 |
| Unil Opal | PALLAS 725 | 10W-40 |
| Zeller - Gmelin GmbH & Co. | Divinol Multimax Plus 10W40 | 10W-40 |
| KG | Divinoi Multimax Pius 10VV40 10W-40 | |
| DEUTZ AG | DEUTZ EOL DQC4 - 5W30 -UHP | 5W-30 |
| BayWa AG | TECTROL Super Truck 530 | 5W-30 |
| Chevron Lubricants | Ursa Premium FE 5W-30 5W-30 | |
| ENI S.p.A. | AGIP SIGMA Trucksint TFE | 5W-30 |
| Fuchs Petrolub AG | TITAN Cargo SL | 5W-30 |

| MANUFACTURER | BRAND NAME | SAE CLASS |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| General Petroleum | DEOGEN Semi-Synthetic | 10W-40 |
| IGOL FRANCE | PROLANDER AGRI 150 XTREM | 10W-40 |
| LOTOS S.A. | TURDUS POWERTEC 5000 5W30 | 5W-30 |
| LUKOIL Lubricants | LUKOIL Avantgarde Professional | 5W-30 |
| Meguin GmbH & Co. KG | Megol Motorenoel UHPD Truck | 5W-30 |
| OMV | OMV super truck SAE 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| OMV Petrol Ofisi | PO Maximus 10W40 | 10W-40 |
| Opet Fuchs Madeni YAG SAN. | FullPro HT Syn | 10W-40 |
| VE TIC. A.S | Full-10 H1 Syll | 1000-40 |
| Orlen Oil | Platinum Ultor Max 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| Petronas Lubricants Interna- | URANIA MAXIMO | 5W-30 |
| tional | ORANIA MAXIMO | 5VV-3U |
| RA.M. OIL SPA | DUGLAS OIL ULTRA HC 10W-40 UHPDO | 10W-40 |
| REPSOL | REPSOL Diesel Turbo VHPD 5W-30 | |
| | Shell Rimula R5 M | 10W-40 |
| Shell International | Shell Rimula R6 M | 10W-40 |
| | Shell Rimula R6 MS | 10W-40 |
| Shell International | Shell Rimula R6 ME | 5W-30 |
| SRS Schmierstoff Vertrieb | SRS Cargolub TFG | 10W-40 |
| GmbH | SRS Cargolub TFL | 5W-30 |
| Unil Opal | LCM 800 10W40 | 10W-40 |
| Valvoline | Valvoline ProFleet SAE 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| ADDINOL | ADDINOL Extra Truck MD 1049 LE | 10W-40 |
| ARAL AG | ARAL Mega Turboral LA 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| Aseol Suisse AG | Aseol Suisse AG Asetruck LA 10W-40 | |
| ASTRIS S.A. | ASTRIS DIESEL ADC-X SAE 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| AVIA | Turbosynth Low SAPS 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| AVIA | Turbosynth HT LS 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| | TECTROL Super Truck Plus E6 530 | 5W-30 |
| BayWa AG | TECTROL Super Truck Plus 1040 | 10W-40 |
| | TECTROL Super Truck Plus XL 1040 | 10W-40 |
| BP Plc | BP Vanellus Max Eco 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| DF PIC | BP Vanellus Max Eco 10W-40 | 10W-40 |

| MANUFACTURER | BRAND NAME | SAE CLASS |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Bucher AG Langenthal | MOTOREX Focus QTM | 10W-40 |
| | MOTOREX Nexus FE | 5W-30 |
| 0 | Castrol Enduron Low SAPS 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| Castrol Limited | Castrol Vecton Fuel Saver 5W-30 E6/E9 | 5W-30 |
| Castrol Limited | Castrol Vecton Long Drain 10W-40 E6/E9 | 10W-40 |
| Castroi Limited | Castrol Vecton Long Drain 10W-30 E6/E9 | 10W-30 |
| CHAMPION CHEMICALS N.V. | CHAMPION OEM SPECIFIC 5W30 UHPD | 10W-30 |
| | Chevron Delo 400 LE Synthetic 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| Chevron Lubricants | Delo 400 XLE Synthetic SAE 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| | Texaco Ursa Ultra XLE 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| EMKA Schmiertechnik GmbH | EMKA Schmiertechnik GmbH EMKA Cargo LSP 10W40 | |
| ENII C = A | Eni i-Sigma top MS 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| ENI S.p.A. | Eni i-Sigma top MS 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| | Mobil Delvac 1 LE | 5W-30 |
| ExxonMobil Corp. | Mobil Delvac XHP ESP 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| | Mobil Delvac XHP LE 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| Finke Mineralölwerk GmbH | Aviaticon Finko Premium Truck 5W/30 | 5W-30 |
| Finke Mineralowerk Gribh | Aviaticon Finko Super Truck LA 5W/30 | 5W-30 |
| | TITAN Cargo EU6 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| Fuchs Petrolub AG | TITAN Cargo Maxx 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| | TITAN Cargo Maxx 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| Georg Oest Mineralölwerke OEST Dimo LS SAE 10W-40 | | 10W-40 |
| Gulf Oil International | Gulf Superfleet ULE SAE 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| Hessol Lubrication Gmbh | Hessol Dimo Extra | 10W-40 |
| | Q8 T905 10W-40 | 10W-40 |
| Kuwait Petroleum | Q8 T910 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| LUKOIL Lubricants | LUKOIL Avantgarde Professional LS | 5W-30 |
| LONGIL LUBRICANTS | LUKOIL Avantgarde Professional LS | 10W-40 |
| Minerva Oil | ALLTRUCK 5W-30 | 5W-30 |
| Modriča Oil Refinery s.c. | MAXIMA EURO 5+ | 10W-40 |
| MORRIS Lubricants | ECOSYN 10W-40 | 10W-40 |

| MANUFACTURER BRAND NAME | | SAE CLASS | |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| New Process AG – Schmiers- | OUDED DALLAG OVARIGAT DAE 10M 10 | 10W-40 | |
| toffe | SUPER DALLAS SYNKAT SAE 10W-40 | | |
| OMV | OMV truck blue ET SAE 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| | Panolin Diesel Synth 10W- | | |
| Panolin AG | Panolin Diesel Synth EU-4 | 10W-40 | |
| | Panolin Ecomot | 5W-30 | |
| Petro-Canada Lubricants | Duron-E UHP 5W-30 | 5W-30 | |
| Petronas Lubricants Interna- tional | URANIA FE LS | 5W-30 | |
| PHI Oil GmbH | Motodor LSP Gold 5W30 | 5W-30 | |
| PHI OII GMbH | Motodor LSP Gold 10W40 | 10W-40 | |
| | REPSOL Diesel Turbo VHPD MIS SAPS | 514/ 00 | |
| | 5W-30 | 5W-30 | |
| REPSOL | REPSOL ECOTECH PREMIUM LOW | | |
| | SAPS 10W40 | 10W-40 | |
| | ROWE HIGHTEC TRUCKSTAR SAE | | |
| ROWE Mineralölwerk GmbH | 5W-30 HC-LA | 5W-30 | |
| Smeermiddelen-Industrie "De Oliebron" B.V. | Tor Turbosynth LSP Plus 10W40 | 10W-40 | |
| | SRS Cargolub TLA | 10W-40 | |
| SRS Schmierstoff Vertrieb | SRS Cargolub TLS | 5W-30 | |
| GmbH | SRS Cargolub TLS plus | 5W-30 | |
| | SRS Turbo Diesel LA | 10W-40 | |
| Shell International | Shell Rimula R6 LME | 5W-30 | |
| Shell international | Shell Rimula R6 LM | 10W-40 | |
| TOTAL Lubricants | TAL Lubricants TOTAL Rubia Works 2500 | | |
| Unil Opal | Unil Opal PALLAS 900 | | |
| Valvoline | Valvoline ProFleet LS SAE 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| vaivoilile | Valvoline ProFleet LS NTI SAE 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| Wunsch Öle GmbH | Wunsch TLA-Diesel PLUS SAE 10W-40 | 10W-40 | |
| Wolf Oil Corparation N.V. | WOLF OFFICIALTECH 5W30 UHPD | 5W-30 | |



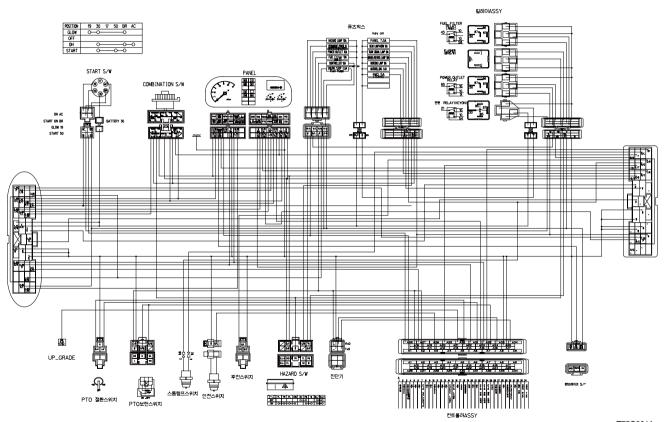
14. COOLANT MANUFACTURER

| MANUFACTURER | BRAND NAME | MARKETING AREA |
|--------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| DEUTZ AG | DEUTZ Kühlsystemschutzmittel | Weltweit/ Worldwide |

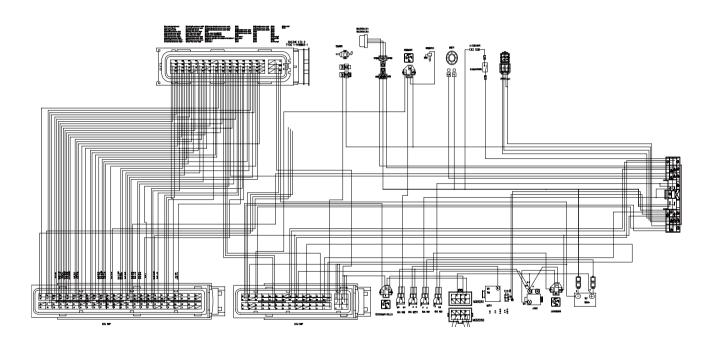
| MANUFACTURER | BRAND NAME | MARKETING AREA |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| DEUTZ AG | DEUTZ Kühlsystemschutzmittel | Weltweit / Worldwide |
| ARAL | Antifreeze Extra | |
| AVIA | AVIA ANTIFREEZE APN | |
| BASF | Glysantin® G48® | |
| BVG-Blume GmbH | Mofin Kühlerfrostschutz M48 Premium Protect | |
| BUCHER | MOTOREX COOLANT G48 | Schweiz / Switzerland |
| On storal | Castrol Radicool NF | |
| Castrol | Castrol Radicool NF Premix * | |
| ESSO | ESSO Antifreeze Extra * | |
| Exxon Mobil | Mobil Antifreeze Extra | |
| FUCHS Petrolub AG | MAINTAIN FRICOFIN | |
| INA Industrja | INA Antifriz AL Super | Afrika / Africa |
| Mitan Mineralöl GmbH | Alpine C48 | |
| OMV | OMV coolant plus | |
| Opet Fuchs Madeni Yag San ve Tic. A.S | Antifreeze Special | |
| TOTAL | Glacelf MDX | |
| Unico Ltd | Shell Triguard PM * | |
| Unico Ltd | Engmans Ready to Use Antifreeze and Coolant* | |
| VALVOLINE | G48 Antifreeze | |
| VALVOLINE | Zerex G48 | |
| EUROLUB GmbH | EUROLUB Kühlerschutz d-48 Extra | |
| INEOS | INEOS C 2270-1 | |
| AGIP | Antifreeze special | |
| ARTECO | Havoline XLC | Europa, Südamerika / Europe, South America |
| | Caltex Extended Life Coolant | |
| CALTEX | Delo Extended Life Coolant | |
| CALTEX | Caltex Extended Life Coolant –N | mit Nitrit / with nitrite |
| | Delo Extended Life Coolant -N | mit Nitrit / with nitrite |



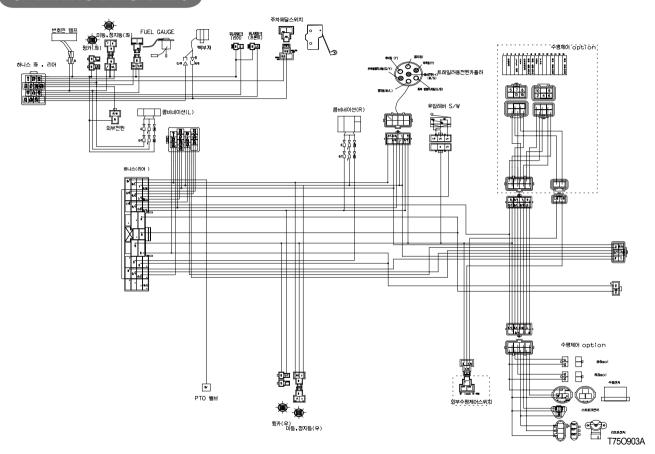
| MANUFACTURER | BRAND NAME | MARKETING AREA |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| | Havoline Dexcool Extended Life Coolant | USA/US |
| | Havoline XLC | Osteuropa, Südamerika / East Europe, South America |
| | Delo Extended Life Coolant NF | Osteuropa / East Europe |
| Chevron | Ursa Extended Life Coolant NF | Südamerika / South America |
| Cilevion | Texaco Extended Life Coolant | mit Nitrit und Molybdat / with nitrite and molybdat |
| | Delo Extended Life Coolant | mit Nitrit und Molybdat / with nitrite and molybdat |
| | HDAX Extended Life Coolant | mit Nitrit und Molybdat / with nitrite and molybdat |
| | Ursa Extended Life Coolant | mit Nitrit und Molybdat / with nitrite and molybdat |
| FUCHS Petrolub AG | MAINTAIN FRICOFIN LL | |
| GAZPROMNEFT-LUBRICANTS LTD | G-Energy Antifreeze SNF | |
| LLK Finland Oy | Glycold XLC | |
| Mol-Lub Ltd. | EVOX Premium Concentarte | |
| Opet Fuch Madeni Yag San ve Tic. A.S | Opet Extended Life Antifreeze | |
| Orvema B.V. | Ovrema Protex LL | Niederlande / The Netherland |
| Swd Schmierstoffvertrieb GmbH | Swd Rheinol Antifreeze GW-12 Konzentrat | |
| TOTAL | Glacelf Auto Supra | |
| TOTAL | Total Organifreeze | |
| Technoform | CoolStream Premium C | Osteuropa / East Europe |
| | CoolStream Premium 40 | Osteuropa / East Europe |
| | CoolStream Premium 65 | Osteuropa / East Europe |
| YACCO | YACCO LR ORGANIQUE | |



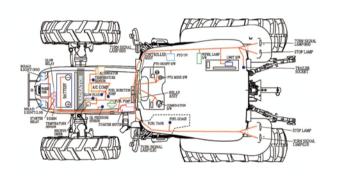


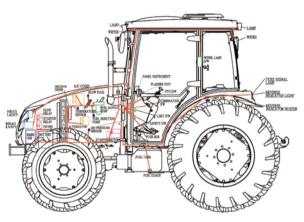




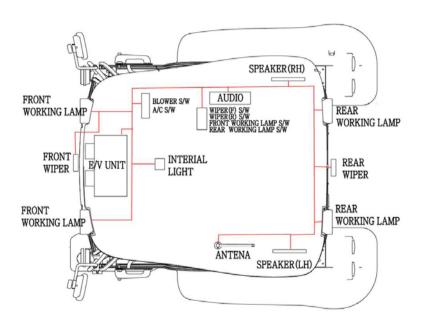






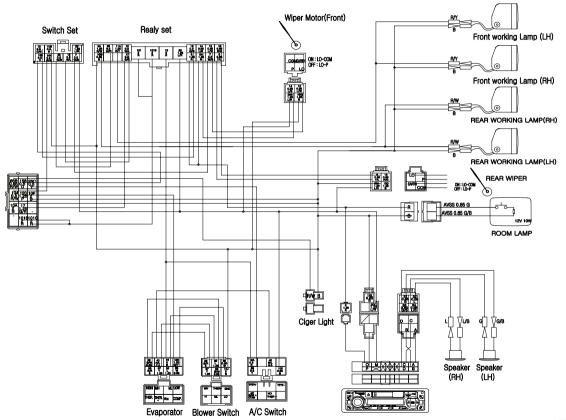


5. CABIN WIRING DIAGRAM 1





6. CABIN WIRING DIAGRAM 2





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WARRANTY

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DEUTZ ENGINE EMISSION WARRANTIES

FEDERAL EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY STATEMENT

This Federal Emission Control Warranty applies to the following engine power ranges manufactured on or after the Implementation date:

| Engine Gross Horsepower | Implementation Date |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| > 750 hp | Jan 1, 2000 |
| ≥ 175 hp ≤ 750 hp | Jan 1, 1996 |
| ≥ 100 hp < 175 hp | Jan 1, 1997 |
| ≥ 50 hp < 100 hp | Jan 1, 1998 |
| ≥ 25 hp < 50 hp | Jan 1, 1999 |
| > 0 hp < 25 hp | Jan 1, 2000 |

EMISSIONS WARRANTY

DEUTZ Corporation (DEUTZ) warrants to the initial owner and subsequent owner of a certified non-road diesel engine (powering non-road equipment), that such engine is:

- Designed, built and equipped so as to conform, at time of sale, with all applicable regulations adopted by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
- 2. Free from defects in materials and workmanship of specific emission-related components for the appropriate period of years or hours of operation (as specified in the following table) after date of delivery to the initial owner.

| Engine Gross Horsepower | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| > 0 hp < 25 hp | All engine types | 2 years / 1500 hrs. |
| ≥ 25 hp < 50 hp | Genset engines > 3000 rpm's | 2 years / 1500 hrs. |
| ≥ 25 hp < 50 hp | All engine types except Genset engines > 3000 rpm's | 5 years / 3000 hrs. |
| ≥ 50 hp | All engine types | 5 years / 3000 hrs. |



If an emission-related component fails during the warranty period, it will be repaired or replaced. Any such component repaired or replaced under warranty is warranted for the remainder of the warranty period.

During the term of this warranty DEUTZ will provide, through a DEUTZ distributor or other DEUTZ-authorized facility, repair or replacement of any warranted part at no charge to the non-road engine owner.

In an emergency, repairs may be performed at any facility, or by the owner, using any replacement part.

DEUTZ will reimburse the owner for their expenses, including diagnostic charges for such emergency repair. These expenses shall not exceed DEUTZ suggested retail price for all warranted parts replaced, and labor charges based on standard DEUTZ repair time and standard labor rate.

As a condition of reimbursement, replaced parts and receipted invoices must be presented at a DEUTZ distributor facility or other authorized DEUTZ facility.

LIMITATIONS AND RESPONSIBIL-ITIES

The warranty is subject to the following conditions:

DEUTZ Responsibilities:

During the Federal emission warranty period, if a defect in material or workmanship of an emission-related component is found, DEUTZ will provide:

- New, remanufactured, or repaired components, approved pursuant to EPA regulations, required to correct the defect. Parts replaced under this warranty become the property of DEUTZ.
- Reasonable and customary labor, during normal working hours, required to make the warranted repair. This includes labor to remove and install the engine, if necessary.

Owner Responsibilities:

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities or the location of the nearest authorized dealer or distributor, you should contact the DEUTZ Service Desk at 1-800-241-9886.

During the Federal emission warranty period the owner is responsible for:

- 1. Premium or overtime labor costs.
- Costs to investigate engine conditions which are not caused by a defect in DEUTZ material or workmanship.
- Providing timely notice of a warrantable failure and promptly making the product available for repair.
- Proper maintenance as required in the owner's manual, at owner' s expense, such as valve adjustment, fuel and oil filter changes, oil changes, and any other part

or service procedure related to emission control.

Limitations:

DEUTZ is not responsible for resulting damages to an emission-related component resulting from:

- 1. Any application or installation DEUTZ deems improper.
- Attachments, accessory items or parts not sold nor approved by DEUTZ.
- 3. Improper engine maintenance or repair. Engine abuse.
- Owner's unreasonable delay in making the product available after being notified of a potential product problem.

This warranty is in addition to the DEUTZ standard warranty, applicable to the engine involved.

Remedies under this warranty are limited to the provision of material and services as specified herein. DEUTZ is not responsible for incidental or consequential damages.



CALIFORNIA EMISSION CONTROL WARRANTY STATEMENT

YOUR WARRANTY RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS

(Applies only to new engines sold for use in California)

MODEL YEAR (MY) 2015

The California Air Resources Board (ARB) is pleased to explain the emission control system warranty on your MY 2015 engine. In California, new heavy-duty off-road engines must be designed, built and equipped to meet the State's stringent anti-smog standards. DEUTZ AG (Deutz Corporation) must warrant the emission control system on your engine for the periods of time listed below provided there has been no abuse, neglect or improper maintenance of your engine.

Where a warrantable condition exists, Deutz will repair your heavy-duty off-road engine at no cost to you including diagnosis, parts and labor at a Deutz authorized service dealer.

MANUFACTURER'S WARRANTY COVERAGE:

The 2015 heavy-duty off-road engines are warranted for five years or 3,000 operating hours, whichever occurs first, from the date the engine is delivered to the ultimate purchaser and each subsequent purchaser for all engines rated at 19kW and greater, except as noted below. In the absence of a device to measure hours of use, the engine shall be warranted for a period of five years. For all engines rated less than 19kW, and for constant-speed engines rated less than 37kW with rated speeds higher than or equal to 3,000 rpm, the period of two years or 1,500 operating hours, whichever occurs first, shall apply. In the absence of a device to measure hours of use, the engine shall be warranted for a period of two years. If any emission-related part on your engine is defective, the part and anv other part damaged by it, will be repaired or replaced by Deutz.

OWNER'S WARRANTY RESPON-SIBILITIES:

As the heavy-duty off-road engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your owner's manual. Deutz recommends that you retain all receipts covering maintenance on your heavy-duty off-road engine, but Deutz cannot deny warranty solely for the lack of receipts or for your failure to ensure the performance of all scheduled maintenance.

As the heavy-duty off-road engine owner, you should however be aware that Deutz may deny you warranty coverage if your heavy-duty off-road engine or a part has failed due to abuse, neglect, improper maintenance or unapproved modifications.

Your engine is designed to operate on diesel fuel only. Use of any other fuel may result in your engine no longer operating in compliance with California's emissions requirements. You are responsible for initiating the warranty process. The ARB suggests that you present your heavyduty off-road engine to a Deutz dealer or distributor as soon as a problem exists. The warranty repairs should be completed by the dealer or distributor as expeditiously as possible.

If you have any questions regarding your warranty rights and responsibilities or the location of the nearest authorized dealer or distributor, you should contact the Deutz Service Desk at

1-800-241-9886

WARRANTY COVERAGE:

Deutz warrants that any MY 2015 heavy-duty off-road diesel cycle engine certified for sale and registered in the State of California is designed, built, and equipped so as to conform with all applicable regulations adopted by the ARB as stated in Manufacturer's warranty coverage above.

The owner shall not be charged for diagnostic labor which leads to the determination that a warranted part is in fact defective, provided that such diagnostic work is performed at an authorized Deutz dealer or distributor.

If a warranted part fails because of a defect, Deutz will repair or replace it at any authorized Deutz dealer or distributor. Any other parts damaged by the failure of a defective part will also be repaired or replaced at no charge to the owner. Any warranted part which is scheduled for replacement as required maintenance is warranted for the period of time prior to the first scheduled replacement point for that part.

The owner may elect to have the maintenance, replacement or repair of the certified systems and emission control components by using parts other than DEUTZ parts without invalidating this warranty. However, the costs for such services and parts will not be covered under the warranty.

WARRANTED PARTS:

The following lists of parts are warranted under this California Emissions Control Warranty Statement if applied to the engine:

Emission-related components include any engine parts related to the following systems

- (1) Fuel Metering System
 - (A) Fuel injection system
 - (B) Air/fuel ratio feedback and control system.
 - (C) Cold start enrichment system.
- (2) Air Induction System
 - (A) Controlled hot air intake system.
 - (B) Intake manifold.
 - (C) Heat Riser Valve and Assembly.
 - (D) Turbocharger/Supercharger Systems.
 - (E) Charge Air Cooling Systems.

- (3) Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) System
 - (A) EGR valve body, and carburetor spacer if applicable.
 - (B) EGR rate feedback and control system.
- (4) Air injection System
 - (A) Air pump or pulse valve.
 - (B) Valves affecting distribution of flow.
 - (C) Distribution manifold.
- (5) Catalyst or Thermal Reactor System
 - (A) Catalytic converter.
 - (B) Thermal reactor.
 - (C) Exhaust manifold.
- (6) Particulate Controls
 - (A) Traps, filters, precipitators, and any other device used to capture particulate emissions.
 - (B) Regenerators, oxidizers, fuel additive devices, and any

- other device used to regenerate or aid in the regeneration of the particulate control device.
- (C) Control Device Enclosures and Manifolding.
- (D) Smoke Puff Limiters.
- (7) Advanced Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) Controls
 - (A) NOx Adsorbers
 - (B) Lean NOx Catalysts
 - (C) Selective Catalyst Reduction
 - (D) Reductant (urea/fuel) containers/dispensing systems
- (8) Positive Crankcase Ventilation (PCV) System.
 - (A) PCV Valve.
 - (B) Oil Filler Cap.
- (9) Miscellaneous items Used in Above Systems
 - (A) Vacuum, temperature, and time sensitive valves and switches.

- (B) Electronic control units, sensors, solenoids, and wiring harnesses.
- (C) Hoses, belts, connectors, assemblies, clamps, fittings, tubing, sealing gaskets or devices, and mounting hardware.
- (D) Pulleys, belts and idlers.
- (E) Emission Control Information Labels.
- (F) Any other part with the primary purpose of reducing emissions or that can increase emissions during failure without significantly degrading engine performance.

EXCLUSIONS:

This warranty does not cover:

Any application or installation or maintenance Deutz deems improper.

Add-on or modified parts, as defined in Section 1900(b)(1) and (b)(10), Title 13, that are not exempted by the Air Resources Board may not be used. The use of 4 any non-exempted add-on or modified parts shall be grounds for disallowing a warranty claim made in accordance with this article. DEUTZ AG as engine manufacturer shall not be liable under this article to warrant failures of warranted parts caused by the use of a non-exempted add-on or modified part.

Owner's unreasonable delay in making the product available after being notified of a potential product problem.

Damage resulting from fire, accident, negligence, act of God or other events beyond the control of Deutz.

Consequential damages such as loss of use of the engine or equipment powered by the engine, towing, loss of time, down time, inconvenience, telephone, travel, lodging, or any other indirect or direct damages.

Loss or damage to personal property, loss of revenue, commercial loss or any other matters not specifically included in this warranty statement.

Damages resulting from use of nongenuine Deutz parts or failure to maintain the engine as required in the Operator's Manual.

DEUTZ AG DEUTZ CORPORATION

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WARRANTY POLICY

1. Tong yang product Limited Warranty

TYM warrants that each TYM product is free from defects in both material and workmanship, and that TYM will repair or replace, at TYM's sole option, any parts which are determined by TYM to be defective in material or workmanship.

BASIC Warranty: (24 months), (1,000)Hours.

This Limited warranty will cover the period from the date of delivery to the original purchaser from an authorized TYM dealer for a term of (24 month) or (1,000) operating hours, whichever comes first.

Coverage

This Limited warranty is limited to TYM repairing or replacing, at TYM's option, warranted parts by an authorized TYM dealer at no charge for either the parts or services. Parts replaced under this Limited Warranty are only warranted for the balance of the warranty period.

1. TYM shall have no obligation or liability under this warranty.

- (1) for normal maintenance or operation services for Products, including but not limited to, providing lubricants, fuel, tune-up inspection or adjustments.
- (2) for any consumable parts when such parts are replaced as a part of normal maintenance or operating services.
- (3) to any exclusions and limitations contained in the Limited Warranty.
- 2. Options, accessories, attachments installed by Dealers which are not manufactured by TYM will not be warranted in any way by TYM. For information about the warranty or to obtain warranty service on such parts, Dealers should contact the manufacturer directly

3. The Limited Warranty is exclusive and in lieu of all other warranties, whether written, Oral, express or implied, including any warranty of merchantability or fitness for particular purpose.

The liability of TYM under this warranty is expressly limited to the provisions in the Limited Warranty and in no event shall TYM incur any liability(including liability for general, special, incidental or consequential damages, or economic or moral loss, arising out of any failure of the Products) which is not expressly assumed by TYM under this warranty.



4. PDI CHECKLIST

TRACTOR

| Item | Inspection Description | Confirm (v) | Item | Inspection Description | Confirm (v) |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| | Engine start and stop | | Hydraulic | Hydraulic lifting/lowering operation of implement | |
| | 2. Operation sound (noise) | | Device | 2. PTO operation | |
| Engine | 3. Amount of Oil and Leakage | | Steering system | Power steering operation | |
| Liigilie | 4. Operating throttle lever and pedal | | | Engaged with Batter terminal | |
| | 5. Operating choke handle | | | 2. Ignition Safety Device | |
| | 6. Air conditioner & fan belt tension | | Electronic Device | 3. Status of Headlight Lighting | |
| Transmission | 1. Front axle oil level and leakage | | Device | 4. Independent PTO operation | |
| Transmission | 2. Transmission fluid level and leakage | | | 5. Work lamp illumination | |
| | Shuttle shift lever operation | | Instrument | Instrument flash and light | |
| Driving and Control Device | 2. Each lever operation | | Device | 2. Warning alarm and lamp operation | |
| CONTROL DEVICE | 3. Front/rear tire inflation pressure | | | 1. Status of bolts and nuts in all units | |
| Brake Device | 1. Applying parking brake | | Other | 2. Checking oil leakage in all units | |
| Warning Decal | 1. Status in the attached location | | | 3. A/C and heater operation | |
| Protective film | 1. Removing the protective film | | Additional Tools | Availability of user's manual, tools, and parts | |

Caution

If the protective film is not removed for a prolonged period of time, the film may be difficult to remove and stains may occur as a result of failing to remove the film.

| It is confirmed that there is nothing wrong with the product before delivery. | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|------------|-------------|
| Y | ear | Month | Day | | |
| | | | | Inspector: | (Signature) |